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### The

# Pennsylvania-German

## Bociety.

#### PROCEEDINGS AND ADDRESSES

ΑT

YORK, OCTOBER 11, 1893.

Vol. IV.

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#### INTRODUCTION.

In accordance with the custom of previous years of holding its annual meetings in one of the so-called German counties of the State, the Pennsylvania-German Society, on the 11th of October, 1893, met in the city of York. A more fitting place could not be found. As early as 1741 the Proprietaries laid out the site of what was then called Yorktown. The county itself was organized in Twenty years prior to that period a colony of hardy German pioneers had settled along one of her beautiful streams, and this early settlement was supplemented by others until York county was fairly entitled to be ranked among the German counties of the State. There they lived and prospered, and there their worthy descendants live to-day. In one of the darkest periods of the Revolution, the patriotic Germans of York welcomed the Continental Congress when driven from Philadelphia by the British forces under General Howe, and there it remained from September 30, 1777, until June 27, 1778.

The annual meeting was well attended, and the number of new members admitted was large. The papers read and other proceedings will be found in this volume.

#### REPORT OF THE PRINTING COMMITTEE.

#### GENTLEMEN OF THE PENNSYLVANIA-GERMAN SOCIETY:

The fourth annual volume of the proceedings of your Society, along with the valuable original papers read before it during the past year, is herewith presented to you. It is believed the same high intellectual standard has been maintained and the same genuine enthusiasm manifested. It is hoped, therefore, that the same generous approval which was bestowed on the previous volumes will be accorded to this one.

Very respectfully,

E. W. S. Parthemore, Frank R. Diffenderffer, John S. Stahr, J. Max Hark, Hiram Young.

#### REPORT OF THE PROCEEDINGS

-OF THE-

### PENNSYLVANIA-GERMAN SOCIETY,

-AT ITS-

#### THIRD ANNUAL MEETING,

HELD AT YORK, PA.,

On WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1893.

Prior to the regular meeting of the Society, the Executive Committee met for the transaction of current business.

#### MORNING SESSION.

The Society having met in the main room of the Court House, was called to order by the President, Henry L. Fisher, Esq., at 10 o'clock A. M.

The Rev. O. P. Schellhamer having been called upon, delivered a suitable prayer.

President Fisher introduced the Hon. John W. Bittenger, who delivered the following address of welcome:

ADDRESS OF WELCOME BY HON. JOHN W. BITTENGER.

Mr. President and Members of the Pennsylvania-German Society:

I feel highly honored to be permitted on this auspicious occasion to welcome you to our midst and wish you a pleasant and successful meeting of the Society. This is your third annual meeting. Having organized at Lancaster in 1891, Dauphin and Lebanon in turn were recognized by you; and now the city and county of York have the honor of your presence.

It need scarcely be said that this county has strong claims to your kind partiality and consideration. In her fertile valleys and on her picturesque hillsides, reminding them of the dear homes they left in the Fatherland, the Germans settled as early as 1735. They bravely resisted the invasion of those claiming authority and rights under the adjoining province of Maryland, and as Pennsylvanians, by adoption, declared their allegiance to William Penn, the great Apostle of Peace and Liberty. How well they lived and how faithfully they discharged their duties in every emergency, their history and the prosperity of the county attest.

At a later period another sturdy race, the Scotch-Irish, settled within the territory of the county. To them also belongs much credit for the prosperity of our people. Here these two classes of early immigrants dwelt together in harmony. Their blood and that of other nationalities fewer in number, commingled, and now a people unrivaled in the world for patriotism, intelligence, industry,

morality, and a high sense of honor—worthy descendants of a noble ancestry—populate our city and county.

Here in "Yorktown" in 1777, when driven by the enemy from Philadelphia, the Continental Congress assembled. Its members were enthusiastically received and hospitably entertained by the inhabitants. Here for nine months, in the darkest days of the Revolution, they legislated for the country. The remains of some of its members rest in our cemeteries, and many sacred and patriotic memories cluster around the scenes of their acts and deliberations.

For these and other reasons your meeting here on this occasion is most appropriate and acceptable. Our appreciation is forcibly expressed in the accession to your ranks at this anniversary of more than fifty members, all residents of the county of York.

This Society has a noble mission. It is to perpetuate the memory and self-sacrifices of those who, when William Penn established this free Commonwealth, and invited all who were oppressed and suffered for conscience sake, to peaceful and hospitable homes, severed the ties of kindred and associations of home, braving untold dangers for the sacred right of enjoying liberty and freedom of conscience; who by their industry and sterling manhood, wherever they located in the Province, converted its great forests into fertile fields and prosperous and contented homes; who erected the church and the school house, those great promoters of civilization and all that is good, wherever they cast their lot, and made their presence in all the settlements a blessing to the land; who fos-

tered the spirit of freedom until it was kindled into a great flame of patriotism and resolved them to resist with voice and arms the tyranny of the oppressor, made them conspicuous in the councils of the State and Nation, and distinguished them on every battlefield of the Revolution and all the wars that followed; who by their fidelity and patriotic devotion in time of peace and war, aided in every effort to extend free institutions and preserve liberty and unfettered conscience in the land; who have thus erected for themselves monuments in the hearts of the American people which can never perish; men and women who have largely contributed to make the Nation and the Commonwealth worth living for and worth dying for—these are the men and women whose descendants we are proud to be and whose lives and virtues we love to extol.

That such an organization as this was not effected at least a half century ago, is to be regretted. The absence of concerted effort for the attainment of the objects specified in Article 1 of the Constitution of this Society, must be attributed solely to the patient conservatism and innate modesty of our fathers. If we have suffered by the failure of those whose duty it was to act; if others by more vigilance, perseverance and persistent agitation have appropriated to themselves much of the fame and credit which of right belong to the Pennsylvania-Germans, we may console ourselves in the reflection that through the efforts of this Society their deeds of valor and patriotism will be faithfully recounted and their history at last truly written.

Assuredly, the objects and aims of this organization claim the attention and friendly aid of every intelligent and patriotic descendant of early German and Swiss settlers in this broad Commonwealth.

With a membership embracing historians and poets—among the most eloquent of whom is our distinguished President—to recount the deeds and achievements and to sing the virtues of our ancestors and the enchanting legends and customs of the olden time, both in English and the sweet Pennsylvania-German accent, the history and fame of our ancestors are secure.

All honor, then, to the projectors, organizers and members of the Pennsylvania-German Society. May the career of this association be long and honorable.

In the name of the whole people of the county and on their behalf, I extend to you a hearty welcome.

At the conclusion of the address, Miss Fisher rendered a solo entitled "Blackberries."

The response to Judge Bittenger's address was made on behalf of the Society by Col. Thos. C. Zimmerman, of Reading, who spoke as follows:

#### COL. THOS. C. ZIMMERMAN'S RESPONSE.

I wish, indeed, that I could command terms at all suitable to the duty which has been assigned me, of responding to the kind and graceful words of welcome that have come from the heart and lips of the gentleman who has just preceded me. I can assure you, sir, that the cordiality of that welcome is fully appreciated. While laying

at your feet the cheerful tribute of our thankful hearts, I must be permitted to say, in behalf of the members of the Pennsylvania-German Society, that it gives us unfeigned pleasure to be with you. But why the duty of responding to the address of welcome should have been imposed upon me, is something I cannot understand, unless for a reason such as was assigned by a celebrated caterer that that most abominable sauce, the garum sociorum, was considered an indispensable accompaniment to the Roman dinner. Said he: "Why, sir, it was upon the same principle that the swell dinner of the modern times is begun with cavaire—anything in the world tastes good after eating either of them." This theory, while perhaps, in serious contravention of the epicurean tastes of some of my hearers, as it certainly is with the idea of Hamlet, who refers to cavaire as though it were a luxury, was under the ban of still other condemnation as will be seen by the following curious reference to that dish, printed about the time of the Melancholy Prince, perhaps earlier: "Another of the fine dishes," says the writer, "a great lady sent was a little barrel of caviary, which was no sooner opened and tasted, but quickly made up again and was sent back with this message: "Commend me to my good lady, and thank her honor, and tell her we have black soap enough already, but if it be a better thing, I beseech your ladyship to bestow it on a better friend that can tell how to use it." For this reason, I suppose, I was selected to respond to the address of welcome—as a kind of foil to the feast of good things that is to follow.

The legends of the Rhineland and the story of American

history are again revived, and the old-time glow of sunny memories is kindled afresh on the altars of our hearts. The story of both may be read in these annual gatherings and in the festivities which so happily supplement them.

Let us, therefore, not be backward in giving right here, for the sake of the living who do not know, and for those who shall come after us, a just representation of the sturdy character of the Pennsylvania-German. Time will not be long before the lives of those who make up the ranks of this people will be a matter of tradition and history, and while we may have no mural tablets to unveil in honor of their deeds, let us at least burn a little incense in honor of the good and true, whose achievements open to us like sweet-scented flowers, and satisfy the conception of affectionate memory.

Othello, speaking of the Pontic Sea, says that its icy current and compulsive course ne'er feels retiring ebb, but keeps due on to the Propontic and the Hellespont. It was so with the lives and aims of our blessed forefathers. It is so with the current of every pure life that holds steadfast in the channel marked out by faith in God, duty to man, and devotion to high aims.

Other nationalities are taking care of themselves. Let it not be said of us that through blindness or indifference of ours shall the memory of the generations of Pennsylvania-Germans, past and present, be clouded or obscured. Let us rather, in this regard, emulate the example of the people of the Island of Saints and Martyrs, whose unconquerable instinct of nationality persists in asserting itself, in spite of 800 years of the most savage and relentless

policy of repression; in spite of massacre and exile; in spite of penal laws and the establishment of hostile garrisons on their soil; in spite of all the resources of barbarism and civilization, until it has forced a tardy admission of the justice of its claims from the conscience of England itself.

The vital characteristics of the Pennsylvania-German are earnestness and manhood. The great Commonwealth within whose borders we stand to-day, owes much to the solid character of this element in her population, who, from the beginning of our Statehood until now, have illustrated in their lives the development of an uncommon respect for law, the establishment of ideal homes, the adornment of every sphere of private and public service, and last, but not least, the building up and perpetuating of a system of husbandry that has drawn from the depths of earth's mighty productivity a steady and luxuriant return that has not only enriched the State and promoted the general welfare, but beautified her broad acres until they may be said to blossom as the rose.

The Pennsylvania-German has also an inherited characteristic of human nature, a certain phlegmatic temperament, a kind of fatalistic philosophy, a disposition to accept whatever the fates send, so far as outside circumstances are concerned. The word "zeitgeist" was a favorite with his ancestral prototype, as it is with the Germans of to-day, by which is sought to be expressed the idea of the tendency of things, or, as we should say, "the spirit of the age." Apropos, it is related of the great German metaphysician, Hegel, that, when lecturing at the

University of Jena, in 1806, there came into his class room one day the echoes of the cannon of Napoleon, who there prostrated the old Germanic Confederation in dust and blood. Hegel calmly remarked: "Young gentlemen, there is a zeitgeist in town and we will adjourn."

One need not quote history to prove that the American-German has stood for liberty of thought and personal rights. In learning, in solid public and private virtues, and in patriotism, he is the peer of any in the land. He is a typical man, and belongs to a strong, noble class of citizens whose "true measure is the real measure of the State."

There is, moreover, much of the quality of iron and adamant in the German character—a quality that enters largely into the make-up of his American descendant, and helps to the building up of a stronger and better civilization, with the promise of a nobler destiny and a more enduring peace. As illustrative of this character may be cited an incident related by Prof. John Tyndall. he: "In the summer of 1871 I met two Prussian officers, a captain and a lieutenant. I once asked them how the German troops behaved when going into battle; did they cheer and encourage each other? They replied, 'Never in our experience has the cry "Wir mussen siegen" (we must conquer) been heard from Germans,' but in a hundred instances they have heard them exclaim: 'Wir müssen unsere pflicht thun' (we must do our duty). It was a sense of duty rather than a love of glory that strengthened these men and filled them with an invincible heroism." Apropos, Prof. Tyndall, after speaking of how the English like the iron ring of the word Duty, Nelson's talisman at Trafalgar and the guiding star of Wellington, quoted these lines:

"Not once or twice in our rough island story
The path of duty was the way to glory.
He that walks it only thirsting
For the right and learns to deaden
Love of self, before his journey closes,
He shall find the stubborn thistle bursting
Into glossy purple which outreddens
All voluptuous garden roses.
Not once or twice in our fair island story
The path of duty was the way to glory."

Thus did Tyndall parallel the English hearts of oak and the Germans in their appreciation of that noblest word in any language—"Duty!"

Did time permit, it would be pleasant to recall the story of German migration, which gave to this country such an influx of plain, brave and straightforward people—such an orderly and thrifty, liberty-loving and lawabiding population. The highest and best praise that can be awarded them is to say that they were among the worthiest of our settlers, as their descendants are to-day among the worthiest of our citizens.

Let us, therefore, rejoice that there flows in our veins the blood of so good an ancestry. Let us renew, in song and speech, our undying affection for the memory of those gallant spirits whose virtues, loyalty and courage contributed so much to the upbuilding of the American Republic. Let England with rapturous emotion point to her little island that well-nigh dominates the world. Let her boast, as well she may, of the illustrious line of her great literary worthies, who by their genius have placed upon her language the regal stamp of an imperishable perpetuity.

Let the Newer England—the home of the thrifty, alert and God-fearing Puritan, and the seat of an enlightened intelligence—let her sing her praises in honor of the illustrious sons of those Eastern Commonwealths that have given to this Nation some of the brightest minds in the galaxy of the wise and great.

Let the sons of Italy—the land where, if you but have faith, as in Agrippa's time, you will see "the immortals passing like a pageant in the Renaissance"—let them sing of the glories of a country that is "filled with great galleries rich in Raffælle's and Guido's frescoes; where the ruins of innumerable temples are standing everywhere amidst the fields and gardens, the reapen corn and the ripening cherries."

Let Ireland—"that exquisitely beautiful island which seems to have been lifted laughing, yet glistening with tears, from the iridescent depths of the jewel-crested sea"—let her lisp in tender melody to enraptured ears the story of her wonderful traditions. Let her dilate with loving pride upon her enchanted isles, her empurpled bowers, and the green-crested billows of verdure that rise and fall, like the heavings of her own great heart, over one of the fairest portions of God's footstool.

Let the societies of Holland, amid oceans of oratory,

depict the glory and heroism, and the great civic and domestic virtues of the children of the Netherlands.

Let the Caledonian clubs make the welkin ring with hearty shouts for Robert Burns, the poet-laureate of humanity, and the sweetest warbler of the pent-up songs of the human heart that ever lived, and let the sons of Scotia paint with loving hand the heroic deeds of a brave and noble ancestry.

Let the sons of Germany with their souls full of song as their swirling streams, and the story of their enchanted surroundings crystallized into tenderest cadence, let them sing of "that wide, green, cool, silent country, with its endless realms of forest and its perpetual melody of riverwaters;" of its houses, gabled and peaked and carved till they are like so many poems of the Minnesingers."

Let us, descendants of the German race, emulate the example of the representatives of these and kindred nationalities, by celebrating, in song and story, the virtues of our forefathers, to the end that what is precious in their memories, may be lovingly transmitted to future generations.

BY THE PRESIDENT: I have directed to be distributed a German hymn, "Das Vaterland am Rhein," which I request may be sung at the close of my address, and I would like everybody to join in the singing of these few stanzas.

The annual address was then delivered by President, H. L. Fisher.

#### THE PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

Fellow Members of the Pennsylvania-German Society: Ladies and Gentlemen:

In considering the character and worth of a people, a brief inquiry into its origin and history seems appropriate. In doing this in the case of the Pennsylvania-Germans, it is hoped that no unfair or invidious distinction as to people of other nationalities will be inferred.

The local, or, if you please, the stately qualification, *Pennsylvania*, must not, however, unduly limit the inquiry, either as to origin or probable destiny.

"This man was born there; of Zion it shall be said, this man was

These words, though spiritually intended, are beautifully suggestive of that noble pride of birth and Vaterland that ever lives in the breast of the true German.

In the same sense in which all claim a common parentage, all might claim a common birthplace; but surely, all were not born in Eden; and at least one very learned historian, in considering "the purity of the German blood and the forbidding aspect of the country in primitive times," was disposed to pronounce those "barbarians, Indigenæ, or natives of the soil." Another says: "We may allow that ancient Germany was not, originally, peopled by foreign colonies, already formed into political society, but that the name and nation received their existence from some wandering savages of the Hercynian forests, which then overshadowed a great part of Germany and Poland."

In speaking of the influence of the cold and rigorous climate of ancient Germany upon the minds and bodies of the natives, he says: "The keen air tended to form the large and muscular limbs and more lofty stature than those of more southern latitudes—giving them a strength better adapted to violent exertions, and inspiring them with constitutional bravery, the result of nerve and spirit; so that while they had greatly the advantage of the Romans in a winter campaign, the latter, in turn, had the advantage in the South; and, owing to their superior discipline, were enabled to live and fight in all climates." Another says: "Man is the only animal besides the hog that can live and multiply in every country from the equator to the poles;" from which it might be inferred that the Italian has the advantage of being at least one degree nearer that cosmopolitan quadruped than the German.

Barbarians the ancient Germans undoubtedly were, and at least three and a half centuries B. C. they were known as two warlike tribes, the Kymri and Teutons, in the great "Hercynian Forest;" or, according to some authorities, in what is now Bulgaria, between the Danube and the Balkan mountains, whence they invaded and plundered Roman Gaul, defeating a Roman army of more than 100,000 so effectually that but two of its officers and ten men reached Rome.

In subsequent battles, however, in which even the German women fought the Romans hand to hand, they were repulsed, defeated and driven into Alpine fastnesses or the Tyrol, where, for several centuries, they successfully

maintained a sort of wild and lawless independence. Such, however, was the result of the first attack of the Germans on that empire of the world, Rome; but it was only the beginning of that series of mighty conflicts of centuries which produced the various Germanic confederations; the triumphs of Arminius (or Herman), the liberator of Germany; the capture of the Eternal City by the renowned West Goth, Alaric; the gradual decline and fall of the empire itself; the death and burial of the old world and the birth of a new, and a better; the unshackeling and elevation of the individual man and conscience to that condition of freedom to which (in the language of our own apostle of liberty) "the laws of nature and of nature's God entitle them."

The historic accounts of the fortitude, the patriotism and the valor of the ancient Germans would be simply incredible were they not supported by Roman testimony—Cæsar, himself, being authority for the statement that 800 Germans put 5,000 of his cavalry to flight. They were warriors by trade, and not farmers in any sense of the word. There was nothing they loathed more than a life of comparative ease; and without the excitements and hardships of the battle, the chase, and the stimulus of the rude liquor, and of the rude feast of the times, life, itself, might have been almost a burden.

But, rude and barbarous as they were, they were not half so treacherous as their civilized and enlightened Roman oppressors; nor were they destitute of honor, gallantry, or even magnanimity. Many instances of this might be cited, but a few must suffice. In the year of our Lord 410, when Alaric, the mighty German conqueror, stood with his foot on the neck of fallen Romewhen the prophecy, then three hundred years old, was being fulfilled—when the wild sons of the North were at last in the Imperial City—the great sinner against Germany, Alaric proved himself greater and nobler than even the greatest and noblest of the Roman generals; for he did not burn Rome, as Scipio had burnt Carthage, and Mummius, Corinth; or, as the Romans had laid waste, with fire and sword, German territories, when the Romans themselves were but invaders; but he spared Rome, and even extinguished the conflagration that was raging; and, though three days' plunder had been promised his armies, with so many thousands of savage Huns in their ranks, not even in the night of the storming of the city, was there a fire-brand hurled into a house, and on the third day a solemn procession of Goths carried vessels of gold and silver, which had been hidden by the Romans in the house of a widow, and were thus, by the command of the barbarian victor, borne back to St. Peter's, whence they had been taken, not by the invaders, but by the citizens. No priest nor church was molested by Alaric's army. Thus did the German barbarian conquerors teach the conquered professors of Christianity lessons of moderation and humanity. And when, after a few days' occupation, the conquering hero marched his armies out of the city, he again proved his magnanimity by his generous and gallant treatment of his royal captive, Placidia, the heroine and beautiful sister of the Emperor. This German Alaric it was, who, having died

soon after at Cozenza, his proud army of Goths turned aside the waters of the Busento, made a vaulted tomb in the bed of the river, in which they placed the dead body of their departed chief, bolt upright in armor, on his charger, and then returned the waters to their accustomed channel, so that civilization might never desecrate the tomb of barbarism.

"Abgelenkt zum zweiten Male, war der Fluss herbeigezogen:

Mächtig in ihr altes Bett, schäumten die Busentowogen:

Und es sang ein Chor von Mænnern: Schlaf in deinen Heltenehren!

Keines Ræmers schnæde Habsucht soll dir, je, dein Grab zerstæren."

Our German ancestors, in stature, were almost gigantic; tall, robust, athletic; long-fairhaired, blue-eyed stalwarts; clad in the coarsest woolen stuff, or the skins of wild beasts, and armed with shields, bows and arrows, long lances, spears and bludgeons (or perhaps, like Charles Martel, with sledge hammers), they must have looked, little more than half human. Yet they loved social gatherings, were rarely treacherous, though fierce and violent in the chase and battle; they were proud of illustrious ancestry, and even celebrated their valiant deeds in rude, though spirited and pathetic song.

The family relation was held in the highest importance, and polygamy was unknown. The wife was in complete subjection to the husband, and often accompanied him in his warlike expeditions. Their dwellings

were rude huts, and the same roof often sheltered both man and beast.

In their religious faith, heathen and idolatrons as it was, the ancient Germans were profoundly devotional; and this devotional spirit, they, as a people, retained, not only when, by the Irish missionary monks, they were (in the 8th century), for the first time, taught Christianity, but through all the nobly self-sacrificing ministrations of St. Boniface, and do retain it at the present day.

They had their chiefs and their petty kings, but their powers were extremely limited; for the constitution of ancient German society is said to have been severely democratic; and it must have been so, for to this day the very life and spirit of true democracy are found in German blood.

The origin of the name German is uncertain, but is supposed to be Celtic; meaning, as some think, "shouters;" others say, "neighbors." The name Deutsch is Gothic, and means "the people;" and how essentially democratic that is!—the People. This, though the description is brief and imperfect, may convey some idea of the character of that wonderful people whose descendants were the unfortunate victims of intolerance and oppression in the Rhine provinces—the Palatinates—the German Pfalz ("Gott Erhalts"), in the dark and evil days of Richelien, Mazarin and Louis XIV; when the outraged Germans and the Huguenots were forced to choose between Bourbonism and demonized priestcraft at home, and voluntary exile to the wilds of America; beginning anew, somewhat as their fathers had done, centuries before, in the great "Hercynian Forest" of the Vaterland.

It was in those times that a youthful English Dissenter, who claimed to have had a revelation, or call to a holy life -a professed apostle of the "Inward Light," who had been banished from college, whipped and turned from home by his father, and sent to the gay, the wicked and dissolute court of the King of France to be cured of his Quakerism; and whence he returned so far "cured" of it that he addressed others as "thee" and "thou," and persistently refused to take off his hat, not only before his indignant father, but before the Duke of York, and even the King himself; who was writing and publishing tracts fiercely hostile to the doctrines and practices of the established church; was traveling on the Continent, preaching his peculiar views on religion and government, and making converts in Germany and Holland. After having been repeatedly tried, convicted and imprisoned for his supposed offences, and as often released, he succeeded in becoming master of the, then, British province, or colony, of New Jersey, giving it a constitution containing the fundamental democratic element, and that no man, or body of men on earth, has power to bind men's consciences in religious matters.

Again he, in company with Fox, Barclay and Keith, visited Holland and Germany, successfully encouraging emigration to these colonies; and, be it remembered, that among the settlers from Kirchheim, in South Germany, were those who first declared it unlawful for Christians to hold slaves.

Next (in 1681) he obtained the royal grant for this province, of which he now became proprietary governor,

under the name of Pennsylvania, he suggesting "Sylvania," which his royal master so appropriately amended by prefixing the name of Penn. By the royal charter he was the lawgiver of the province, subject to the approbation of the freemen, with power to appoint officers and grant pardons.

The constitution Penn gave was purely democratic. And now it was that his missionary labors on the Continent, and especially in Germany, were bearing their richest fruits; indeed, they had long before been bearing fruit; for, thousands of German immigrants had been arriving and settling for years before on the rich lands in the eastern portions of the Province in such enormous numbers as to alarm the authorities and induce them to seriously contemplate measures of restraint, if not exclusion. But they came, and they continued to come, and the tide of immigration was as uncontrollable as the currents of the rivers or the tides of the ocean.

Some came from Erin's hills and dales,
Some from the lands of gayety and wine,
Or Caledonia's old and classic vales;
More from the land Palatinate, or Rhine—
The lands of poetry, of songs and tales;
Some from the mountains and the glens Alpine;
From Albion came the Anglo-Saxon men,
And chief, the man of peace, good William Penn.

The untamed tenants of the forest roamed
In perfect freedom through the boundless wild;
Where'er they were, was their own native home,
And with the wolfling toyed the Indian child;

And here the Red Man, of all 'neath Heaven's dome
The lord and king, though eons since, exiled,
Far from the Eden of his wondrous birth,
To be a wanderer o'er the sin-cursed earth.

And wandering, thus, through eons of unrest,
O'er lands where seas are now, he, searching passed,
Still hoping, dreaming, sighing for the Blest;
But still a wanderer—a doomed outcast—
The Sun-god wooed him toward the golden West;
And, wandering, still, he found a home, at last—
A better Eden—an empire in extent,
On this vast, sea-bound, Western Continent.

For years our fathers, strangers, dwelt, or roamed Along Atlantic's wild, unbroken shore;

Where, 'though old ocean rolled, and dashed and foamed,
There was, to them, a "music in its roar;"

But westward, still, the Sun-god bade them roam,
And they obeyed, and following his lore,

Still westward, through th' enchanting vale before us,
Found this, their better Eden, on the old Codorus.

When Penn had fairly gotten possession of his big wood-lot of about 29,000,000 acres, he was in need of an army of woodchoppers, to clear the land, let in the genial rays of the sun, and cultivate the soil; and they came—sturdy, stout, robust Germans (many, indeed, were already here); become good citizens, live in obedience to the Divine command, subdue and replenish the earth, eat their bread in the sweat of their face; fear God, honor the king, and make the wilderness blossom as the rose; and whatsoever their hands found to do, they did it with their might.

They were noted, not only for their own strength and

endurance, but equally so for that of their horses, wagons, carriages, farming and other implements; yea, even their cheese and their kraut excelled, and does excel, in strength, that of any other people.

The ponderous, heavily-ironed, broad-tread wagon, loaded with many tons burden of ore or farm products, drawn by four to six, and even eight, enormous draught horses, in charge of some robust, industrious Pennsylvania-German son of toil, slowly moving along our highways, or over the fields of our fertile farms, and the patient ploughman in the furrow, are still pleasant and familiar figures in the picturesque landscapes of grand old Pennsylvania.

But where, O where, are the old-time cider press, with beam and screw almost heavy and strong enough to move the earth; the loom, the spinning wheel, the cradle, the reel, the winder, and even the dear old clock, so strongly built as to indicate a sort of destined immortality? And so, of the old-time dwelling houses and barns, but few of which survive the ravages of the tooth of Time, the tide of progress, or, sad to say it, the vandal hand of man. For, not only on the sacred soil of the battle-field, among Nature's great, grim, granite monuments to the known and otherwise "unknown" heroic dead, but even here, on this equally sacred, Revolutionary-historic Centre Square of York, has thoughtless, ruthless, lawless, raving vandalism (but poorly and thinly disguised under the forms of municipal law), razed to earth and forever destroyed from the face of it buildings hallowed by Revolutionary memories and associations; and whose only offense was that they were "old and unsightly" to the eye of modern taste, learning and refinement (?).

The press applauded, and the pulpit was dumb, while the local authorities—the Mayor who sanctioned the midnight, riotous outrage and the city councils—the representatives of law and order, looked complacently on, and the mixed multitude laughed and enjoyed it all, as, not only witty, but wise; the biggest and best joke of the times.

Another, and perhaps, save one, our only surviving Revolutionary relic in the form of a building, was the ancient log house, recently removed from the southwest corner of Centre Square, to make room for a magnificent new hotel. That old house had acquired its title to local, if not national veneration and regard, from having been used and occupied as the War Department, while Yorktown was a city of refuge, and the long since, unwisely, demolished old Court House was the seat of Congress. Want of time forbids any attempt to describe the quaint style of its architecture, and while we regret the omission on the part of the enterprising new hotel company to secure and preserve a photograph of it, the preservation of a few of the logs, in the new and greater War Department at Washington, the transmutation of others into canes, rolling pins or baseball bats, but above all, the venerable and historic name "Colonial," so gracefully and appropriately conferred upon the new hostelry, are, indeed, some solace to the, otherwise, hopelessly wounded spirit of the antiquarian, the "old fogy," the poet or the "crank."

The only Revolutionary relics or monuments that seem entirely secure against the mercenary demands of modern progress and the vandal's plea of that necessity which knows no law, are those that mark the graves of Livingston and Smith, members of Congress and signers of the Declaration of Independence, who had the honor of sojourning, dying and being buried here, while in the highly honored, but trying and dangerous service of their country. Still, and as yet, safely beyond the city's limits, but as if conscious of danger, and trying to hide itself behind the enormous trunk and widely spreading branches of a not less than two hundred years old buttonwood, in as sweetly and rurally sequestered spot as can be found in our lovely Kreuzkrik Valley, stands the grand old Revolutionary Schultz house, bearing on a rude tablet imbedded in its rugged, rock-like front wall, this still ruder, but truthful legend:

 $17 \, \mathrm{ANO} \, 34 \cdot \\ \mathrm{HABICH} \cdot \mathrm{IOHANE} \cdot \mathrm{SCH} \\ \mathrm{VLTZ} \cdot \mathrm{VND} \cdot \\ \mathrm{CRISTINA} \cdot \mathrm{SEINE} \cdot \mathrm{E} \\ \mathrm{FRAV} \cdot \mathrm{DIESES} \cdot \\ \mathrm{HAVS} \cdot \mathrm{BAVT} \cdot$ 

which plainly indicates the nationality as well as the dialect of its original proprietors. Literally interpreted it would read thus: 17 Ano 34, have I, John Schultz and Christina, his lawful wife, this house built. It shows the dialect as well as the nationality, for the letters (like ours) are Latin, while the orthography and the grammatical,

or rather ungrammatical form, is decidedly Pennsylvania-In the margin are also the legends of the horseshoe, the hammer and the tongs. How delightful it is to pay it an occasional visit! And all the more so in the afternoon of one of those soft, hazy, dreamy, Indian summer days that make one think of Buchanan Read's "Closing Scene;" to lose one's self in reverie and almost wish for the end. But the pleasant smile and hearty welcome of the simple, honest Pennsylvania-German tenants soon dispel the reverie, and you are free to stand without and gaze on the massive stone walls—thick and strong enough for a castle—the quaint old legend, and almost imagine you see the rude artist with hammer and chisel at work on it, just forty-one years prior to the first battles of the War of Independence. Slowly and softly you cross the threshold, and, hat in hand, you almost reverently enter the venerable portals, gazing with intense interest and curiosity on the massive iron hinges, hanging on great, strong, iron hooks or staples, and spanning the entire width of the doors. On entering the cellar, more like a vault, you stand under an arch of stone masonry apparently strong enough to bear the weight of a railroad bridge. Finally you ascend the old stairway even to the garret, where you stand on a floor of rugged oaken boards, under a steep and lofty roof, braced and supported by many immensely heavy, roughly hewn, oak timbers, rafters and girders, more like bridge timbers than those of a human habitation. And there, on that garret, you might have seen and regarded with wonder and astonishment, the rugged old "cradle of liberty," now here before you, and without which the Pennsylvania department at the World's Fair, even with the Liberty Bell, is deficient. Behold the head, foot and sideboards of that rocking cradle, mortised into and supported by those heavy posts. The bottom is, or once was, a network of heavy hempen rope; at the head there is what remains of a more delicate little framework of lighter timber, designed, doubtless, to support and hold aloof a veil or other light covering over the head and face of the sleeping infant—perhaps the first born to Johanne Schulz und Christina, "seine Efrau," when Kreuzkrik Valley was, as yet, a Lancaster county wilderness, and the white men (among them my own revered maternal grandfather) guarded their homes against the depredations of the savages.

The fashion of the cradle is as ancient as that of the the house where it was, probably, first used; where it has been all this, more than a century and a half of the world's most eventful history; and is, doubtless, old enough to have rocked some of those who, in their early manhood, were soldiers in the War of Independence. Alas! where are they now? And the mother, who sang her sweet, soft lullaby, as alternately she gently tipt the rugged rocker and pressed the treadle of her spinning wheel? Gone back to dust, long years ago—mother, child and grandchild, while the cradle alone survives,

But rocks to rest no more The little Teuton hero, As in the days of yore.

And here, at this historic old Schultz house, then an old-time inn and farm-house, it was that the Continental

Congress, in its flight from the British army at Philadelphia, halted for rest and refreshment on its way to Yorktown, one hundred and sixteen years ago.

And are honor, and even veneration of our ancestry and their works and ways, or a regard and care for the heirlooms and relics they have left us, a weakness? Or, is what we say and write about them a waste of time? Then let old Independence Hall be demolished and the venerated bell, which from its tower proclaimed "liberty throughout all the land and to all the inhabitants thereof," be melted back to base metal, for base and common uses; bury the past and its records in oblivion, and let the God-like faculty of memory be blotted from the intellect.

During the same eventful period of foreign tyranny and persecution that drove our German ancestors hither, came also the persecuted Huguenots and the Scotch-Irish, and probably history affords few like instances of different nationalities commingling so freely and kindly in all the duties of citizenship and in all life's labors and pleasures. They had found a common refuge on these shores. Together they lived and labored, and together they and their sons fought and bled in defence of a common country, its liberties and laws, on the numerous battle-fields of three great wars.

The Pennsylvania-Germans and the Scotch-Irish intermingled and intermarried and so continue. There may be authority for the notion that the red hair and big limbs of the Caledonians point to a German origin. However that may be, clear beyond doubt is the striking

similarity of many words in the respective languages or dialects of these people, and to be convinced of the still more striking similarity of many of their manners and customs, notably in their courtships, their marriage ceremonies and their amusements, one need but read Christopher Keelevine's "Tales of the West of Scotland."

Neither the Pennsylvania-Germans nor the Scotch-Irish, as fellow citizens, fellow Christians, farmers, mechanics, or as fellow soldiers, living or dead, are without monuments. Their farms and farm-houses, schools and school-houses, and their great Swiss barns-which the Scotch-Irish long since learned appreciate and to build all which adorn these grand old hills and fertile vales, and make this land of Penn an earthly paradise; their colleges and churches, with their massive towers, chiming bells and heavenward-pointing spires; these and a hundred other magnificent temples of justice; yonder Almshouse and Orphans' Home; Farmers' Institutes, Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, with their annual Agricultural and Industrial Exhibitions; these various manufacturing enterprises; these princely mercantile and banking houses; these palatial markets, hotels and residences; yonder battlefield, and the names and valor of Pennsylvania regiments there recorded—yea, the whole mighty Commonwealth, as they have made it—these are the most fitting and ever-enduring monuments to the industry, virtue, munificence, patriotism and intelligence of this great, brave and free people.

And who and what were these Pennsylvania-Germans? Their very names are no less historic than German.

Who gave their own personal bond for \$100,000 to buy provisions for Washington's half starved army of liberty? Michael Hillegas, John Steinmetz, Abram Bickley, Joseph Bleivor, Heinrich Keppel, Fred'k Hassenklever, Isaac Melchor, John Schaeffer and Andreas Doz—nine Pennsylvania-Germans. And when the subject was under debate, another, Christopher Ludwig, arose and settled it thus: "Mr. Bresident, I am only a poor gingerbread baker, but write me down for two hundred pounds."

The Germans have the honor of the first printing press, and of the printing of the first Bible in Pennsylvania, as well as many other literary and eductional honors. George Wolf and Joseph Ritner, Pennsylvania-German Governors, approved our first and second Common School Laws. And Stephen Miller (whose portrait hangs before you), late Governor of Minnesota, was a Pennsylvania-German.

And yet there are those (though few) who still persist in sneering at the Pennsylvania "Dutchman," as riding to mill with the "grist in one end of the bag and a stone in the other." Why, what a consummate fool he would be to put the grist and the stone together, in the same end of the bag! As great a fool as the smart editor who, periodically, publishes to the world the great lie that these people hate progress, learning and decency, and "live like swine." True, they never were, and it is hoped they never will be what are popularly known as "fast" people. "Ohne Hast, Ohne Rast," is their ancestral motto, and a good, safe, conservative one it is. The Vaterland, even as it now is, one of the greatest, most

magnificent and powerful empires in all the elements of wealth, learning and culture of modern times, is the legitimate outgrowth of a policy embodied in that motto, "Never hasting, never resting." It is, indeed, the growth of many centuries, but the lapse of as many more may not lower its exalted status, nor weaken its deep-laid, solid foundations. From our own school-going days, and before, Germany ranked as the most learned of the nations; even to-day she continues to be "the paradise of the bookmaker and book-reader. The Leipsig Board of Trade reports that during the year 1891 no fewer than 21,279 books were published in Germany. The increase of the literary activity of the Fatherland can be judged from the fact that in 1871 the publishing houses reported only 10,664 books. Germany published more books than England, France and the United States together."

She has produced more poets (to the acre) than any other country; their name is almost legion; and from the days of the Minnesingers and the Nibelungen Lied to Goethe and Schiller, and even to Freilegrath, Herwegh, and Heine, they, more than those of any other land, have filled the whole earth with the music of immortal song.

The Pennsylvania-Germans, though not a nation—only a people—have their equally safe and conservative motto—"Mittel-masz, die beste Strasz;" which means much the same—that a middle course, or moderation in all things, is the best; that extremes should be avoided—nothing should be overdone. But alas, how little the world heeds it now! Another form of it is, "Zu wenig un zu fiel, ferderbt alle G'schpiel;" and how true it is!

Such homely maxims, mottoes and their practical observance, formed an important part of the training rather than education—of the Pennsylvania-German youth in the olden time, and had much to do with the formation of the plain, simple but sturdy, honest and straightforward nature and character of our people, and with the transformation of what our ancestors settled in as "Penn's Woods," from a "howling wilderness" into a grand and glorious empire of material and intellectual wealth, power and prosperity. "Never hasting, never resting," they, with their half Teutonized Scotch-Irish co-laboring cousins, are still moving slowly, but steadily onward, onward. Everywhere in Pennsylvania and in all the walks of life, from the delver in the mine, gradually upward; the plowman in the furrow, the mechanic, the merchant, the manufacturer, the inventor, the teacher, preacher, professor, doctor, editor, lawyer, judge and officeholders generally. and no less in the walks of private life all around, you see the most venerable and well preserved representatives of this people; hale, hardy, and even "green in old age;" of whom any people might be proud.

Like some old English ivy
Still clinging to the wall,
And blooming e'en in autumn
While the leaves of summer fall.

### And

Such are the women and the men
Who live beyond three-score and ten;
Not they who, lured by dreams and schemes,
Indulge in life's vain, wild extremes;
Not they who hasten to be rich—

Who seek the rock, but find the ditch;
Not they who strive for public place
And stake their all to win the race;
Nor even they who rule the State—
Harassed with cares and banquet late;
And, least of all, that low array,
Who loaf and lounge their lives away
(As tens of thousands do to-day);
But they who choose the happy mean—
Yea, e'en content wealth's fields to glean—
Content to glean, like blessed Ruth,
And in old age renew their youth;
Who live and love and labor on
Until the life of rest shall dawn.

This great, aggressive, revolutionizing, progressive, Christianizing, westward-moving, Anglo-Saxon race, most truly has girdled the earth—cabled continents and oceans, and finally brought the ends of the earth with all their glory together in a great White City of palaces—miracles of American architectural skill and beauty—like so many great white pearls cast ashore from the mighty lake, glittering in the sun, dazzling the eyes and delighting the souls of the marveled millions there assembled, and still assembling; and all this avowedly in honor of the memory of the discoverer and the discovery of this new Western world; but is it not, probably, though little thought of, directly in the line of prophetic fulfillment?

It has been made possible for even a lone, unarmed, unguarded girl, gripsack in hand, to safely make a journey 'round the world (and that in 72 days, 6 hours and 11 minutes), not only without insult or molestation, but respected and even honored, while going, gone and

returning. According to the average newspaper account of it, it did not rise above the dignity of a big sensation—rapid transit, or, like Stanley's explorations, a successful journalistic enterprise. But it meant vastly more; and why was it at all possible? Of course, her sex was largely her shield; but wherever she went her country's flag was, in contemplation of national law, waving over and protecting her. She could stand anywhere, on deck or on land, before the mightiest monarch on earth, point to that flag and safely—yea, proudly—say, "I" (Nellie Bly) "am an American citizen!" And all the same, had she been the humblest Pennsylvania-German girl from this or any other county or city in all this mighty Commonwealth.

But the true crusade that is fast ushering in the millenial day is this great, never-hasting, never-resting Anglo-Saxon march from East to West; and in God's own time the circuit will be completed. And if the dispersed Israelites will not lead, they will follow, merchandizing as they go, until the Anglo-Saxon Gentiles shall have led them back to the ancient Jerusalem through the Golden Gates of the great sun-illumined West.

O, blessed Queen, whose royal jewels, given,
Launched forth Columbus and his little band;
Which, sailing westward, until tempest driven,
They found and reared upon this wondrous land
The cross; which westwardly its way has striven,
Until upon Sierra slopes it stands—
Spreading its inviting arms to millions more—
Points back to Eden by a western door.

Or, in the better words of Bishop Berkeley:

Westward the course of empire takes its way,
The first four acts already past;
A fifth shall close the drama with the day—
Time's noblest offspring is the last!

At the conclusion of the President's address, the Society sang the following stanzas to the tune Auld Lang Syne:

### DAS VATERLAND AM RHEIN.

Glaub mir mein Freund, ich gieb' kein Tand
Für Liedge oder G'sang

Das mir nicht ruf't aus Vaterland,
Mit sanftem Heimaths-klang;

Und giebt nicht z'rück das Jugend-blut,
Und Herzensonnenschein—

Da ich war frisch und frei im Muth,
Im Vaterland am Rhein.

Bevor mir war die freie Welt—
Der Weg war weit und breit,
Und ich war g'sund und stark im Feld,
In jener guten Zeit;
Umsonst war Ehr und Ruhm zu mir,
Und Reichthum aller Erd—
Mit meiner liebe Jula, hier,
Was wär'n sie alle werth?

Wie wohl, wie frei, wie leicht von Herz,
Da sie noch bie mir war!
Mein liebe Jula! wo war Schmerz
Und wo war Angst und G'fahr?
König war ich, sie Königin
Um unseren Heimaths-herd;

Ach Freund, verzei mir Wein und Thrön-Mit ihr ging Freud von Erd!

Ein armer Wand'rer bin ich, hier,
Und oftmals schwer die Noth;
Oft weh und einsam ist es mir—
Denn Weib und Kind sind tod!
So singe ich das Trauerlied—
Ein sehnsucht drück't mich sehr,
Und in mei'm Herz schläft Weib un Kind,
Wie Perlen tief i'm Meer!

Glaub mir mein Freund, ich gieb' kein Tand
Für Liedge oder G'sang,
Das mir nicht ruft aus Vaterland,
Mit sanftem Heimaths-klang;
Und giebt nicht z'rück das Jugend-blut
Und Herzensonnenschein,
Da ich war frisch und fre im Muth
Im Vaterland am Rhein.

### A PLEASING INCIDENT.

At this point occurred a most pleasing incident. Scarce had the last notes of the song died away, when, from the middle of the room uprose a man, venerable with the weight of years, and whose head was white with the snows that never melt, but who, nevertheless, presented an appearance of strength and vigor not often seen in one of his years.

In a voice that was both strong and resonant he said:

If there is no other business before you, and you will permit a perfect stranger to intrude upon you, I will take that liberty. Although I now stand on my native soil, having been literally born in this very town in the early

part of this century, I am unable to recognize a single face in this assembly excepting my revered clerical brother, Rev. Theodore E. Schmauk. But I am a native of Pennsylvania and of this very town, and, as I said, I appear here to-day, in connection with my honored colleague, Capt. Lewis P. Hennighausen, a German by birth, as representatives of the Society for the History of the Germans in Maryland, representing the Society as President and First Vice President. We come to give you our greeting. As I left Baltimore this morning I did not know that my present colleague would accompany me here, and I was not aware of his presence until he recognized me here, although traveling on the same train. We are come to give you the fraternal greeting of the Maryland German Historical Society. I presumed we would be welcome in your midst, although coming without any certificates from our Society. I myself will certify to Capt. Hennighausen's membership and he will do the same for me. I have no papers to show you, but we are both full of the German fire, energy and spirit. I do not know whether the old German proverb, which you quote, Ohne Hast, Ohne Rast, is intended as a compliment to our Society in Baltimore, but it is the motto of our Society. I don't know whether our translation of it is better than yours or not, but that you may judge for yourselves, let me quote it. It is simply this: "Never in a hurry, but always at work." I am glad, Mr. President, to come among you to-day, although, as I said, I do not know one of your number, but I feel myself at home.

THE PRESIDENT: You are heartily welcome in our midst, and we are very much delighted to hear from you or any others in our sister States who are in sympathy with the objects before us.

Mr. Sachse: Mr. President, I move that the courtesy of the floor and the meeting be extended to Dr. Morris and Capt. Hennighausen.

The motion, on being seconded, was carried.

Mr. Hennighausen: I wish to certify as to Dr. Morris that he is a member of the Maryland Historical Society, but in addition he is, I believe, the last male descendant of an officer in the Revolutionary War, his father having been an officer in that army under General Washington.

Mr. Parthemore: Right here I want to make an explanation. When I was preparing the biographical sketches of the Society I made one of the members sixty years old; now he claims to be thirty. My mistake is now confirmed; hence, I was right, for he recognizes the face of one whom he knew eighty years ago.

E. A. Rauch, of Mauch Chunk, then offered the following:

"Resolved, That the Executive Committee be and is hereby authorized to prescribe such conditions for publishing church records from time to time as may be necessary to meet and cover all additional cost of typewriting, printing and binding.

On motion, the resolution was laid on the table.

On motion, the Society then adjourned to 1:30 P. M.

## AFTERNOON SESSION, 1:30 P. M.

The afternoon session was called to order by Mr. Parthemore, and, on motion, the Rev. J. Max Hark, D. D., in the absence of President Fisher, was elected Chairman pro tem., and took the chair.

On motion of Mr. Parthemore, the reading of the minutes of the last session was dispensed with.

Mr. Diffenderffer: The minutes of the last annual meeting are found in the last published volume.

The President then called for the annual report of the Secretary of the Society.

The Secretary, F. R. Diffenderffer, then presented his report, which was as follows:

### SECRETARY'S REPORT.

To the President, Officers and Members of the Pennsylvania-German Society.

This, our third annual meeting, finds your Society in a most satisfactory condition. During the past year its progress numerically and financially as well as in public esteem, has been all that could reasonably be expected.

One year ago our membership, including the numerous admissions at Lebanon, was 122; to-day there are 166 names on the roll, of which 74 were present at our organization in 1891, and additional ones were presented to the Executive Committee this morning which will swell the membership to 230. This progress is quite as rapid as

we have reason to expect, as our aim should not be merely to add numbers to our roll, but men who have the aims of the Society at heart and are not only ready but capable of carrying forward its work.

During the past year the Society lost five members by death. They were Samuel H. Zahm, of Lancaster; Samuel K. Lehman, of Upper Strasburg; David Mumma, of Harrisburg; Samuel S. Drehrer, of Stroudsburg, and Adolphus Reinæhl, of Lebanon. Brief sketches of all these deceased members will be found in the annual volume.

The regular business of the Society was transacted smoothly and satisfactorily during the year. The Executive Committee held four meetings, at each of which the usual business of the Society was done. Owing to the scattered residences of the members, the meetings were not always so well attended as could have been wished. As two new members will be selected to-day, it is desirable that they be persons who can give the required time to these meetings. Much of the usefulness of the Society depends on the composition of the Executive Committee.

The Printing Committee has prepared the annual volume of Proceedings and Addresses, which is a goodly book of 292 pages. Several new features have been introduced which it is believed lend it additional interest. The papers and addresses which have so far been published in our volumes have been of high merit, and these in the present volume are in no wise inferior. In this particular, our publications compare most favorably with the productions of our sister societies. The present edition,

like those that preceded it, consists of 250 copies, but in view of our rapidly increasing membership it seems prudent to increase the future editions proportionately. It had been well perhaps had the present edition been enlarged.

Of the first volume, there are but 83 copies on hand; of the second volume, 159 copies are still unsold. If the members should all supply themselves with our annual publications, as they ought to do, the books on hand would be speedily absorbed and the funds in the treasury of the Society be correspondingly increased.

It has been urged by some one that the annual volume should be distributed free among the members, the argument being that members wanted to know what the Society was doing, and also that they should have some return for their annual dues. The time may come when this plan may seem desirable, but it does not commend itself to my judgment at the present time. The cost of the annual volumes is not great. Their free distribution would deprive the Society of the only source of revenue it has besides members' dues, and would draw heavily even on that fund. Sooner or later, work more important than any we have yet undertaken will no doubt present itself, and without money we can do little. Most of our members, I believe, have entered this Society because of their pride of ancestry, and because they believe a good and a great work lies before it. Their annual dues are a willing contribution towards its aims and purposes. The Executive Committee has had this question before it, and it has suggested the sending of newspapers containing full reports of the proceedings at the annual meetings to all members. This will be done.

I regret to say there have been no contributions of books or papers of any kind, with a single exception, to the Society during the past year. This is disappointing, as it was hoped members would do something in this direction. If the members themselves do nothing, we can hardly expect much from outsiders. In our membership are men who have written books, and good books too, and among them some in Pennsylvania-German. Would it be too much to ask them to contribute their own productions? Our Society should have on its shelves every book, pamphlet or broadside ever printed in the Pennsylvania-German dialect. I regard it highly important that an effort should be made to secure such a collection.

The present annual volume will show what has been done towards securing biographical sketches of the members. It is to be regretted that all did not respond to the circular of Mr. Parthemore, who had the matter in charge. I hope that this allusion to the subject will direct the attention of members to the importance of this feature. The credit for this performance is exclusively due to Mr. Parthemore, by whom the work was done. The Executive Committee has recommended that in order to render still fuller the personnel of members, all should be requested to contribute their photographs, so that a complete picture-gallery may be established. This may at first sight seem a trifling matter, but its value cannot easily be overestimated.

I desire to call the attention of the members to the de-

sirability of paying their dues promptly. If this is neglected, in a few years there will be considerable sums standing unpaid on the Treasurer's books, and even the ardor of membership may suffer in consequence. Men have been elected to membership who have never paid their dues and who fail to respond to all the notices and circulars that are sent to them. It would be well if the Society adopted some measure respecting such persons.

In the earlier days of the Society's existence, persons were proposed and elected to membership without having filed an application card. Latterly no one is proposed unless his name is accompanied by a written application. It is highly desirable that all members who have not already filed such blanks, should do so without delay, and thus complete their membership.

The business of the Society has been carried forward during the year pleasantly and without friction of any kind, so far as I am aware.

The policy of holding our annual meetings in turn among the German counties of the State is one that our past experience suggests shall be continued. The meeting at Lebanon led to a large increase in the membership, while our present one in the venerable city of York has resulted in still larger accessions, secured entirely, I believe, through the indefatigable efforts of our President.

We have every reason to be satisfied with our work. The prospect before us is full of encouragement. Our success is now an established fact. As we become better and more widely known, our numerical strength and influence will increase. Men esteem it an honor to be

enrolled in our membership. Already upon several occasions when members have died, the local newspapers mentioned the fact that they were members of the Pennsylvania-German Society. I cannot conceive of a more encouraging sign. It is full of promise and encouragement.

Signed,

F. R. DIFFENDERFFER.

Dr. HARK: You have heard the report of the Secretary; what shall be done with it?

On motion of Mr. de Schweinitz the minutes were adopted.

Dr. Hark: The three published volumes of Proceedings are in charge of Mr. Parthemore and are for sale.

Mr. Diffenderffer: The constitution is on the Secretary's table and I hope every one present will sign it.

The resolution offered at the morning session by E. H. Rauch, of Mauch Chunk, was again read by the Secretary.

On motion of Rev. Paul de Schweinitz the resolution was adopted.

Dr. Hark: It will be eminently proper that a committee be appointed to prepare the obituaries of our departed members.

Mr. Diffenderffer: The obituaries of the deceased members have already been prepared by the Secretary and will be found in the annual volume of Proceedings.

The President, H. L. Fisher, being present, then took the chair.

On motion of Mr. Diffenderffer, the report of the Treasurer, Julius F. Sachse, Esq., of Philadelphia, was then read.

THE PRESIDENT: You have heard the report of the Treasurer; what action shall be taken?

On motion of Mr. Diffenderffer, a committee of two was appointed to audit the account. Messrs. Geo. H. Richards, of Columbia, and L. L. Grumbine, of Lebanon, were appointed as this committee, who reported later, finding the accounts correct. There is a balance of \$263.85 in the treasury. The committee called attention to the fact that the Society had not nearly realized the cost of its publications, and hoped the members would purchase the books, so as to help the Society to meet the expenses.

REV. DE SCHWEINITZ: There seems to be no provision in the Constitution for dropping members who fail to pay their dues. That ought to be regulated in some way. If they fail to pay their dues their names should be dropped from the rolls.

Mr. Diffenderffer: We have a clause in the Constitution covering the matter.

THE PRESIDENT: They are virtually dropped on non-payment of fees, but the Society has power to reinstate them.

Mr. Sachse: The outstanding dues amount to \$120.

### ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

THE PRESIDENT: The next business is the election of officers; what action will there be to take?

On motion of Mr. Parthemore, seconded by Mr. Diffenderffer, it was voted to proceed with the election of officers for the ensuing year.

Mr. Parthemore: I have in my mind, and so I think has the Society, a gentleman whom we should be pleased to call to the presidency of this Society, a man eminently qualified and a good Pennsylvanian. I would like to place before you the name of Col. Thomas C. Zimmerman, of Reading.

Mr. ZIMMERMAN: I amend that by placing in nomination Rev. Dr. George C. Heckman, of Reading.

Dr. Heckman: I move that nomination be withdrawn in favor of Col. Zimmerman.

Mr. ZIMMERMAN: You will do me a great favor by nominating some other person.

THE PRESIDENT: Mr. Zimmerman's withdrawal settles the question. He should be permitted to do so, and some other gentleman be nominated instead.

Mr. Parthemore: I will withdraw the name of Col. Thomas C. Zimmerman and nominate Dr. George C. Heckman.

The Society then proceeded to a vote for the office of President, whereupon Dr. George C. Heckman was duly elected. THE PRESIDENT: Dr. Heckman is declared by the President of the Society to be duly elected for the ensuing year.

The election of Vice-Presidents followed.

Mr. Parthemore nominated for Vice-Presidents, Hon. John B. Warfel, of Lancaster, and E. H. Rauch, of Mauch Chunk, who were duly elected without opposition.

Rev. Paul de Schweinitz nominated Julius F. Sachse, Esq., of Philadelphia, for re-election to the office of Treasurer. Upon a vote being taken, he was unanimously elected.

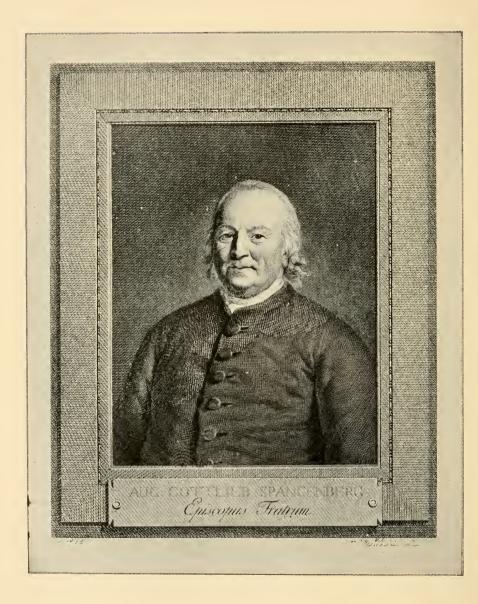
The election of two members of the Executive Committee being in order, S. M. Sener, Esq., of Lancaster, and Mr. E. W. S. Parthemore, of Harrisburg, were placed in nomination, and, on motion, were duly elected as members of the Executive Committee, to take the place of the retiring members.

THE PRESIDENT: I am requested by the Secretary of the Executive Committee to announce that the Constitution of this Society is open upon the table and ready for signature, and all members who have not already done so, will please come forward and append their names.

On motion of Mr. Parthemore, the regular programme of the afternoon session was, by vote of the Society, then taken up.

REV. Mr. SCHMAUK: I would like to say that there is a recommendation made to the Society respecting the cost of





printing, which has not yet received our action. The resolution was in respect to a change of the Constitution as affecting the Treasurer. It is very important that the Treasurer should be placed in direct contact with the Executive Committee, as new members are being constantly received, and the Committee should know how to arrange for the collection and disbursement of the finances of the association. The Constitution should be so changed, therefore, that at our next annual meeting the Treasurer should be a member of that Committee ex-officio.

THE PRESIDENT: There is a provision of the Constitution allowing amendments to be made thereto. Will the Secretary read it?

The Secretary read from the Constitution, as follows:

- "ARTICLE VIII .- Amendments to the Constitution.
- "1. To amend the Constitution an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the members present at the annual meeting shall be requisite.
- "2. Amendments to the Constitution can be offered only at the annual meeting, and no amendment shall be voted upon at the same meeting at which it is offered."

Mr. Schmauk then presented in writing a resolution proposing a change in the Constitution.

There being no other business before the Society, the President then announced the regular order of the afternoon session, the first of which was the address by Rev. Paul de Schweinitz, "The German Moravian Settlements in Pennsylvania, 1735–1800."

# THE GERMAN MORAVIAN SETTLEMENTS IN PENNSYLVANIA. 1735-1800.

This paper will scarcely be able to bring forth any facts new to such members of this honorable Society who are themselves Moravians, or who have made Moravian antiquities a field of special research, but to others it is hoped that an interesting phase of the early settlement of Pennsylvania may be herein presented.

It should also be stated that this paper rests not so much upon original research among manuscripts as upon printed monographs not so easily accessible to the majority of the members of this Society.

It is the purpose of this paper to call attention to a body of German settlers, unique among all the settlers of this land, principally because of the motives that brought them hither, as shall be shown further on.

The world's historians have ever devoted so much energy to the description of wars and military campaigns that men have been trained to think that unless their ancestors have dyed their hands in the blood of their country's foes they can not possibly lay claim to any fame, nor do they merit their country's gratitude. With men fascinated by the records of heroic deeds done on glorious battle-fields, i.e., by the records of how men killed each other, there is little chance of securing an interested hearing for the records of non-combatants. Yet, when it is considered how very few wars have had justifiable reasons, it seems that the deeds of the men of peace are as equally worthy of record as the deeds of the men of war.

It can not be denied that the destiny of many a nation, and preëminently of this nation, has been determined by the outcome of an armed conflict; yet the true development of a nation is ever due to peace.

We naturally desire to claim an honored place for our Pennsylvania-German ancestors in the annals of the War of Independence, but those, too, who never bore arms even in that justifiable and honorable struggle, which constituted the very birth-pangs of this Nation, are worthy to be remembered for their deeds of peace.

You will search the records of the colonial wars in vain for the names of any Moravians, or rather, and more accurately speaking, will find very few, and yet they did great things for the development of Eastern Pennsylvania, and for the educational and religious welfare of the early German settlers. The Moravians up to the first decades of the present century were non-combatants.

The causes which led to the settlements of the German Moravians in Pennsylvania are unique in the history of colonization. What attracted settlers to the virgin shores of this continent? Love of adventure, search for wealth, desire to escape political oppression and religious persecution. Were not these the four great controlling motives governing almost all the 17th and 18th century emigration? Are not the New England, and for that matter the Pennsylvanian Pilgrim Fathers, lauded for having fled from religious and political intolerance (for in those good old days religion and politics were so badly mixed up that it was rather difficult to distinguish which was which), and for having sought out a place where

they could worship their God according to the dictates of their own consciences (and incidentally try their hand at doing a little persecuting on their own account over against those who did not agree with them in this country), and for establishing forms of free government?

Now will it be very rank heresy to call attention to the fact that while it was most honorable and most praise-worthy to do these things, it was at the same time most natural to leave a country when it was getting rather uncomfortable to stay there any longer. The controlling motive of nearly all emigration was the hope of bettering oneself temporally, spiritually or politically, or all three.

It would be very wrong, however, to speak flippantly of the staunch devotion to principle, which led our Nation's forefathers to forsake their homes and seek a refuge among the privations and hardships of this then new continent. But the element of self-interest in these emigrations can not be denied.

When now we turn to these early German Moravian settlements in Pennsylvania, we witness the unique spectacle of refined German noblemen leaving their estates, cultured German professors forsaking their schools, well-fixed German artisans and mechanics giving up their trades and occupations, not because of tyrannous oppression, not in order to better their condition, not in order to build up a new faith here, but simply because they wanted to bring the Gospel message to the Red Man of the forest, and to the white settlers destitute of religious privileges, scattered through the Pennsylvanian province

as sheep without a shepherd. There may be examples of individual ministers, missionaries and philanthropists coming to this country in colonial days for that purpose, but there is no other instance of a whole body of people coming over and forming a settlement for this express purpose. It is worthy of special emphasis, that although the Moravians came to this country as a thoroughly organized Church, having their Bishops and Elders and Church officers at a time when there were hardly any other ministers, and, with possibly perhaps two or three crude exceptions, no Church organizations in Pennsylvania, yet they made no effort to build up the Moravian Church in this country; but with an ecclesiastical unself-ishness, certainly unparalleled in history, sought to strengthen other Churches at the cost of their own.

Their sole object was to provide the Red men and white men with Gospel privileges. The Indians they endeavored to make Christians. The Lutherans they endeavored to gather together in Lutheran congregations, and provide them with pastors of their own mode of religious thought. They tried to do the same for the Reformed, and the Germans scattered about who would acknowledge neither of these faiths they tried to gather into free congregations, served by an awakened pastor, without defining his Church connections.

These general statements must now be substantiated by the historical narrative. In the brief compass of this paper only the barest outline can be given.

First of all, the name "Moravian" must again be explained. This name, like the names of so many other

Churches, and in fact like the name Christian itself, was not chosen by the Church, but was given to it popularly, and has gradually become the current name. The name is possibly unfortunate, because to the uninformed it conveys no clear meaning, being merely the adjective formed from the name of a province of the present Austrian Empire. The official name of the Church is the *Unitas Fratrum*, variously translated the Unity of the Brethren, the Brethren's Church, or simply the Brethren.

The Brethren's Church was organized as the result of the reformatory labors of John Huss, who suffered martyrdom at Constance in 1415. In 1457 the Brethren separated both from the Romish Church and from the National Church of Bohemia, and by the introduction of the Historic Episcopate in 1467 became a distinct and fully organized Church—the first Protestant Church. In spite of frightful persecutions, which justify its historians in calling it the Church of the Martyrs, it spread throughout Bohemia, Moravia and Poland, and later even into Hungary, Silesia and Prussia. When the German, Swiss and English Reformers arose, the Brethren entered into fraternal correspondence with all of them. The spirit of the Brethren is most beautifully revealed in their successful efforts to bring about a union of the Lutheran, Reformed and the Brethren at a joint Synod held at Sendomir, in Poland, in 1570 (so to say the prototype of the Pennsylvania Synods of 1742—see page 65), under an agreement called the Consensus of Sendomir-a document without parallel in Church history. However, during the awful struggles of the Thirty Years' War, the Breth-

ren's Church was almost extirpated. No parishes were left in Bohemia, but very few in Moravia, rather more in Poland, and a few scattered Brethren here and there in Hungary, Silesia and Prussia. Further disturbances and persecutions arising, the Brethren disappeared more and more, until at the beginning of the eighteenth century only two Bishops were left, and a few Brethren dispersed throughout the above-named provinces. At this time a revival took place among the descendants of the Brethren living in Moravia, and they determined for conscience sake to leave all their possessions and emigrate to a country where they could worship free from Romish interference. This movement resulted in the building of Herrnhut upon the estates of Count Zinzendorf, by these exiles from Moravia, in the years 1722-1727. Although these Brethren came from Moravia; the language they spoke was the German. Therefore, it was very easy for earnest, awakened souls, attracted from all parts of Germany to this new religious colony, to coalesce with them to form the Renewed Church of the Brethren. But because the exiles who started this movement happened to come from Moravia, the name Moravian Brethren clung to the whole colony, and has become the name of the Renewed Church of the Brethren. From this it would appear, then, that "the name Moravian has somewhat of the same justification as the names Anglican, Gallican or Roman, corresponding in apostolic times to Judean, Corinthian or Galatian, as the designation of a particular Church, inasmuch as it indicates the national origin and tradition of such Church. The original stock of the

Renewed Church of the Brethren was certainly Moravian (i. e., from Moravia). The first Bishop of the renewed line, who at the same time was the first Bishop of the Christian Church in America and the founder of the first Brethren's congregation in Pennsylvania, was a Moravian. The main substance of their evangelistic forces in the Colonies and the West Indies was of the 'Gens aterna—diese Mähren.'" (Quoted from a personal letter from Bishop Levering.) The name Moravian is in so far preferable, as the name "The Brethren's Church" is so easily confused with "The United Brethren in Christ," with whom the Moravians have no connection, and as the name "The Brethren" is frequently associated with some of the sects of earlier Pennsylvania history. For practical purposes, therefore, the name "The Moravian Church" can be used, even officially, as the name of the Renewed Church of In 1735 the Episcopate of the Ancient the Brethren. Brethren's Unity was transferred by the surviving bishops to the newly organized Church, David Nitschmann being the first bishop of the renewed line, and thus the renewal was completed.

From the very beginning the idea was not to interfere in any way with the Established Churches, but to build up the Church of Christ throughout the world. Therefore when the Church numbered only 600 souls, missionary operations were begun in foreign parts in 1732. The attention of the Moravian Brethren was early directed to the American colonies. Their first attempts were made in the colony of Georgia, where they desired to begin a mission among the Cherokee and Creek Indians, and also

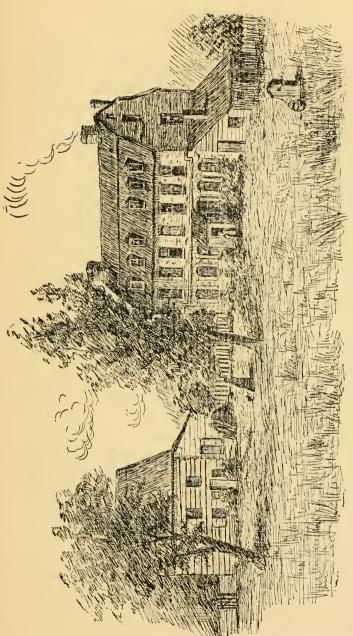
among the negro slaves. The negotiations were made by Count Zinzendorf, and the colony was put under the charge of Augustus Spangenberg, afterwards Bishop Spangenberg. As showing the kind of men that the Brethren sent into these primeval forests, it is worth mentioning that Spangenberg had been a professor at the German University of Jena and carried on all his negotiations with the authorities in the Latin language. This colony, begun in 1735, proved a failure, because of the refusal of the Brethren to bear arms in the conflicts with the Spaniards.

Then the Brethren turned their attention to Pennsyl-The religious destitution and confusion of the German settlers in Pennsylvania at this time was terrible. There were in the colony Lutherans, Reformed, Mennonites, Dunkards, Seventh Day Adventists, Separatists and Schwenkfelders, and hundreds, if not thousands, who, though baptized, and possibly even confirmed in the German State Churches, lived in these Pennsylvanian wilds without church and without God. There were scarcely any regularly ordained ministers among the Germans. The more earnest men among them sent repeated petitions to Dr. Ziegenhagen, the German court preacher at London, and to the theological faculties at Halle and Tuebingen for ministers after this refrain: "Living in a land in which divisions in religious opinions are almost countless, being destitute of that food for our souls which we need, and unable to find ways and means in our own community to supply our wants, we pray God to show us through our friends abroad what may be done for us."

(Quoted in Reichel's "Moravian History," page 27). These pathetic petitions were unheeded, because the suitable men could not be found, and because no certain salary could be provided. Then Zinzendorf resolved to send these Moravian Brethren thither to evangelize the Indians, and to look after the spiritual interests of their destitute German countrymen, without salary.

The remnant of the colonists from Georgia, now under the leadership of Peter Boehler, also later a bishop, and who likewise conversed with ease in Latin, arrived in what is now Nazareth, in May, 1740, and began building for George Whitefield a house intended as an orphan school and home for negro children. Peter Boehler, learned scholar though he was, carried brick and mortar for the masons as an ordinary hod-carrier. Difficulties arising here, this work was temporarily abandoned, and in the winter of 1740–1741 the beginning of the present settlement of Bethlehem was made. As a matter of fact, the Brethren's Church in America was founded by Brethren from Moravia, as the names Nitschmann, Zeisberger, Neisser and the like indicate. The later arrivals were, however, largely from Saxony, Silesia and Upper Lusatia.

On June 17, 1742, the good ship *Catherine* arrived in Philadelphia, containing a colony of fifty-seven Moravian pilgrims, regularly organized as a "Sea Congregation," and these proceeded to the incipient settlement of Bethlehem, and organized themselves with the settlers there into the first Brethren's Congregation in America, formed for the express purpose of evangelizing the Indians and Germans of Pennsylvania.



# THE FIRST STONE HOUSE IN NAZARETH, PENNSYLVANIA. Begun in 1740. Finished in 1743. Remodeled in 1871.

Known as the Ephrata or Whitefield House. Still standing as a Missionary Home, and containing the Library and Museum of the Moravian Historical Society. [From an old drawing.]

All honor to the stern and worthy men of English birth, who, in 1620, came over in the Mayflower, to escape persecution at home, and to find for themselves on these new shores civil and religious liberty, even though they here in turn persecuted those who agreed not with them. They were noble men and true and of sterling character. But equal, and perchance even greater honor be to those gentle men of Moravian and German birth who in 1742 forsook good and comfortable and peaceful homes, and came over in the Catherine to these primeval forests to bring glad tidings of great joy to all dwelling here, and who never in their whole history from 1457 to 1893 have raised a persecuting hand against a single brother of another faith! Well may one be proud to trace his lineage to the "Pilgrim Fathers" of the Mayflower, but no less proud need he be who can point to an honored ancestor in that first "Sea Congregation" of the Catherine!

It is not our purpose here to speak of the heroic deeds of the Moravian Brethren among the Indians. The noble work of the missionaries, Christian Henry Rauch, David Zeisberger, John Heckewelder and others; the visitations of the learned yet humble Bishops Spangenberg, Boehler, Cammerhof and others among their red brethren; the labors of the cultured Count Zinzendorf, the refined Baron von Watteville and others as simple gospel messengers in the wilds of the Wyoming Valley never before trod by white men,—can not be detailed on this occasion. That sacred God's Acre on Bethlehem's hill, where the learned and reverend Bishop lies side by side with Tschoop, the Mohican Indian, speaks aloud with words of praise recorded in the eternal book of life!

We must turn our attention to the labors of the Brethren among the Germans of Pennsylvania. When Zinzendorf arrived and saw the condition of things he formed
the noble but chimerical idea of organizing all the German Christians of Pennsylvania into a "Church of God in
the Spirit." He was more than a century in advance of
his time. However, he actually succeeded in organizing
the so-called Pennsylvania Synods. At his instigation
Henry Antes sent out a circular convening this Synod.
It met January 1st, old style; January 12th, new style,
1742, in Germantown. The number of delegates is not
mentioned, but more than fifty persons are named as taking an active part in the deliberations. The following
seem to have been the most prominent:

Lutheran.—Conrad Weiser.

German Reformed.—Henry Antes, John Bechtel, John Leinbach.

Mennonite.—John de Türk.

Dunkard.—Joseph Mueller, Andrew Frey, Abraham du Bois, G. A. Martin.

Schwenkfelder.—C. Wiegner.

Seventh Day Adventists.—Prior Onesimus, John Hildebrand, H. Kalklöser.

Separatists.—J. A. Gruber, Theobald Endt, Conrad Matthäi.

Hermit.—J. G. Stieffel.

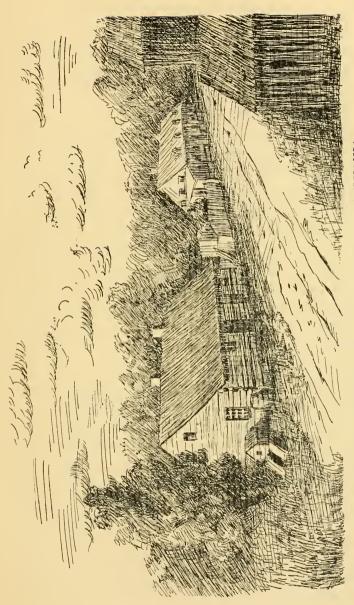
Moravians.—Zinzendorf, John Jacob Mueller, Bishop David Nitschmann, Andrew Eschenbach, Pyrlaeus, Büttner, Rauch and others.

(Reichel's History, p. 98.)

These remarkable gatherings were held at frequent intervals each year from January, 1742, to October, 1748. But though nobly conceived, the idea was premature. After the first seven gatherings the Lutherans and Reformed withdrew, and then one by one the other denominations dropped out until October 27, 1748, when the Synod had practically became the Moravian Synod. Nevertheless, the work accomplished by the Moravian Brethren for their religiously destitute German countryman was marvelous.

At their own expense they sent itinerant missionaries up and down through the country proclaiming the Gospel to all who would hear them and seeking to gather together congregations of awakened souls. When such a congregation was gathered, it was asked to decide whether it would be a Lutheran or Reformed, or what. If the congregation adopted the Lutheran confession of faith, a brother was ordained for it as a Lutheran pastor, and no claim was made upon it by the Moravians for their labor. If the Reformed confession of faith was adopted, a brother was in the same way ordained as a Reformed pastor. If the congregation could not decide upon one of these two confessions, a "Free Church of God in the Spirit" was organized, and an ordained brother was given it as pastor.

No distinctively Moravian congregations were organized at this time. Prior to the War of Independence, the Brethren had between thirty and forty preaching places and settlements scattered over eight or nine of the original thirteen Colonies. If they had adopted the



THE FIRST HOUSE IN BETHLEHEM, PENNSYLVANIA. Built in 1741. No longer standing

[From an old sketch.]

methods of other denominations, there is no reason why they should not have become one of the strong Churches of the land. But their churchly self-abnegation was unparalleled.

At this period also, especially under the superintendency of Bishop Spangenberg, schools, and practically boarding schools, were established at all points. In 1746 no less than fifteen such little boarding schools were being maintained, and some in the most remote districts. Who will undertake to estimate the influence exercised by all these religious and educational centres in building up the characters of the German settlers in this State? Were not the Brethren doing equally noble work for the future welfare of this country, as those who burned witches, persecuted Dissenters, killed Indians, fought the Spaniards and the French, and later their English brethren?

The enormous expense of all these widely ramified Indian and German missionary efforts and educational undertakings was borne almost exclusively by the Brethren settled at Bethlehem and Nazareth. These were divided into the "Church of the Pilgrims" and the Home Congregation. The former held themselves ready at a day's notice to start out upon any mission whatsoever, at any season of the year, whether to Indians, to white settlers, to negro slaves, or to other fields of labor. The Home Congregation lived in a community of labor, the proceeds of which went entirely to the support of the "Church of the Pilgrims." This so-called "economy" lasted until 1762.

However, this ecclesiastical unselfishness and absolute tolerance could not be understood in that intolerant age. Bitter opposition was aroused against them, even by those whom they were trying to help. By the English settlers, by a very sarcasm of history, they were accused of being Papists. The Germans could not understand their willingness to associate with all the sects. So, gradually the Lutheran and Reformed congregations severed their connection with the Brethren, and after 1748 the free congregations organized by them either disbanded or went over to one of the other Churches, or reorganized as distinctively Moravian parishes. From that time on, while continuing their home and foreign missionary operations in the same unselfish spirit, with the inevitable result of making their Church the smallest of all the Churches of this land, their history becomes the history of a particular Church, and its discussion is beyond the province of the present paper, and possibly out of place. It may yet be stated that as the result of these labors in Pennsylvania at the time of which we have been treating, distinctive Moravian congregations were organized in Bethlehem, in 1742; Philadelphia, 1743; Nazareth, 1744; York, 1744; Lititz, 1745; Emaus, 1747; Lebanon, 1747; Lancaster, 1749. That is, these congregations are all that still survive of their extended labors, besides those organized subsequent to this period and those in other States.

A few brief notes in regard to these German Moravian Brethren up to the close of the century may be added. Although the Moravians were at this time non-combatants, and therefore were misunderstood, libelled and persecuted, they were none the less of great service to the Colonies. Owing to their great influence with the Indians, they prevented many massacres during the French and Indian War, 1755-1756, when their settlements became cities of refuge for the settlers. Likewise, in the Revolutionary War, the Brethren succeeded in keeping powerful tribes of Indians neutral, notably a large section of the Delaware tribe. Furthermore, though they bore not arms, they furnished that not less heroic though unostentatious service, hospital duty, and both in 1776 and 1777 gave up their commodious Brethren's House in Bethlehem as a hospital for the Continental army, faithfully nursing the wounded soldiers, and laying down their own lives as victims of the dreaded hospital, or "spotted" fever. Between three and four hundred soldiers were buried on a hillside in Bethlehem by the Brethren. They likewise paid enormous levies to the Continental army, entertained at great expense most of the prominent generals and officers from Washington down, and large delegations of the Continental Congress. There can therefore be no doubt of the real patriotism of the Moravian Brethren. And, furthermore, it should perhaps in all fairness and justice be added, that many of the younger, and especially of the American-born, generation would gladly have entered the Continental army, and wished to take up arms in their country's cause. The members of the country congregations, and those in Laneaster, Hebron (later Lebanon), and particularly those in York, were only with the greatest difficulty kept faithful

to the principle of remaining non-combatants. Some actually did brave the displeasure of the Church, and "went forth to war." The Moravian Brethren can truly be said to have done their full duty, as they understood it, for the American cause.

Of all the educational undertakings of those early years, there remain to-day but the boarding schools at Bethlehem, Nazareth and Lititz. These, dating practically from 1742, 1744 and 1745, were reorganized on their present basis: the Boarding School for Boys, Nazareth Hall, in 1785; the Moravian Seminary for Young Ladies at Bethlehem in 1785, and the Linden Hall Seminary for Young Ladies at Lititz in 1794; and these constitute undoubtedly the oldest educational institutions of their character in the country. Within their walls have been moulded by the Moravian Brethren the characters of thousands of the best citizens of our land.

As characteristic of the absolute unselfishness of those early German Moravian Brethren, it may well be stated that when the land upon which Nazareth now stands was bought the full price was paid to the white owner, but the Indians still claiming ownership to it, the Brethren gave the same sum to them as a present. Attention has already been called to the fact that the learned Bishops Spangenberg and Böhler were content to work as day laborers in these untamed wilds. Francis Christian Lembke, professor at the German Universities of Jena and Strasburg, served the then backwoods congregation at Nazareth for thirty years, and lies buried on its beautiful God's Acre. Count Zinzendorf gave his immense

wealth and all his estates to the Brethren's Church, serving the Church all his life without a salary and assuming all the debts of the Church as his personal obligations.

Spangenberg, while here in America, gave his private income to the needs of the Bethlehem Economy, and received no support other than lodging, food and, possibly, clothing. John Christian Alexander von Schweinitz, who married the grand-daughter of Count Zinzendorf, both coming from all the comforts of ancestral estates and manorial homes in Europe, served the Brethren's Church in Pennsylvania from 1770 up to the close of the century, without compensation of any kind whatsoever, other than a house to live in, for nearly thirty years. These facts speak for themselves.

In conclusion nothing better can be said than to re-emphasize the introductory thoughts. Not to listen to deeds of military glory, have I asked your attention for this long time, but to introduce you to German Moravian Pennsylvanian Pilgrims, who more than 150 years ago came to these shores prepared to give and gave their lives not upon fields of battle, but in the heroically unselfish endeavor to build up the moral, intellectual and spiritual characters of the in these particulars destitute dwellers in this since then so richly favored Province and State.

God bless their holy memory! And God save this Commonwealth!

Mr. L. L. Grumbine moved that the thanks of the Society be tendered to the Rev. Mr. de Schweinitz for his

deeply interesting and inspiring paper, by a rising vote. The motion was carried unanimously.

THE PRESIDENT: The next in order on the programme is the address by Dr. R. K. Buehrle, but as he has not yet arrived, we will defer that for the present, and proceed with the next address, which is a paper by Rev. F. K. Levan, D. D.

The following is Dr. Levan's paper; its title is

## MAXATAWNY PRIOR TO 1800.

The name Maxatawny is of Indian origin and its signification is a matter of conjecture. The township which bears the name lies in the northwestern part of Berks county, Pennsylvania. In form it is an oblong parallelogram. Superficially it is level on the eastern, and moderately hilly on the western side. Its soil is naturally rich, the greater part being underlaid with limestone. It was heavily timbered in its day—oak of various kinds, chestnut, walnut and hickory, mighty trees, abounding. Two streams of water flow through it; the Sacony creek running westward, and Mill creek, sometimes called Maxatawny creek, running southwestward. The two, each having run a course of about three miles, unite and form one stream. The township was at first liberally supplied with springs of fresh water, and these, by combining their little streamlets, formed the numerous "runs," and made possible the beautiful, productive meadows which belonged to nearly every farm during the eighteenth century, and which, though in diminished form, at the present time greatly add variety and loveliness to the landscape.

### THE TIME OF SETTLEMENT.

As to the time of the first settlement of this township there are various opinions, owing to various data on which they are based. We think that there are good reasons for placing it earlier than is commonly supposed. I. D. Rupp, in his "History of Berks and Lebanon Counties," puts it in 1732. We are inclined to remove the date back about twenty years, say to near 1712. The fact that Penn's purchase from the Indians, including this section of territory was made in 1732, furnishes no absolute proof; for it is well known that other settlements in the Province were made before such purchase. Nor does the non-existence of deeds and warrants for land to individual owners establish proof, for settlements were often made in anticipation of such warrants and deeds. In view of other circumstances which must be taken into consideration in determining a matter of this kind the two facts referred to rather raise a strong presumption in favor of a date a decade or two earlier than 1732.

The following facts come into account here:

1. The pressure of immigration into the Province of Pennsylvania. "The Frankfort Land Company," of Germany, whose articles of agreement bear date November 24, 1686, bought two large tracts of land, the Germantown patent for 5,350 acres, and the Manatawny patent for 22,377 acres, or 27,727 acres in all. These were the first lands settled by Germans, and they constituted the principal lands also settled by them up to 1710;

particularly in so far as lands in the Schuylkill Valley and immediately north of it are concerned.

But the influx of immigrants continued from 1710 to 1720, and at an increasing rate. In 1717 Secretary Logan writes: "We have of late great number of Palatines poured in upon us." In 1719 Jonathan Dickinson says: "We are daily expecting ships from London, which bring over Palatines, in number about six or seven thousand." These six or seven thousand to come not during the course of a whole year, but evidently within a time bounded at most by several weeks; which fact, even though exceptional, was not so much so as to cause particular surprise. We ask: Where did all these people go to? And let it not be forgotten that this date is only 1719, or thirteen years earlier than 1732.

From 1719 to 1727—eight years more—the immigration continued. Here Rupp's "Thirty Thousand Names" begin, and swell the number for a period of five years additional. We ask again: Where did all these people go to?

2. Under these circumstances the location of Maxatawny argues in favor of an earlier settlement than 1732. Oley Township was certainly settled within the first ten years of the eighteenth century. From it an Indian path, later converted into a public highway, led directly across the intervening broken hills, a distance of four miles, to the rich and attractive lands of Maxatawny. Here was an inviting outlet near at hand for the on-pressing population. Was it not likely to be utilized just as soon as the demand would arise for more land? How early did

that demand come? It is, of course, as yet an open question. Our own opinion is that 1712 is not too early a date to set, in view of the facts we have stated, and of other well known facts.

3. What says local history on this very important subject? Here is a mine but little worked, and which promises much on this, as on a number of other subjects.

In the year 1844 the old Levan residence was taken down to make room for a new dwelling; and the present writer allows himself the liberty of referring particularly to it, because he has definite knowledge of the circumstances. This venerable "home," in which five generations of Levans had been reared, had the date of its erection cut deep into the inside of the lintel of the front hall door; known, seen and read by probably everybody in the community. The date was 1740.

Now let us call your attention to a few facts. This building, erected in 1740, was a massive mansion, in the style common in Northern France, whence the family came, and in Holland, where it had sojourned. It was 104 years old, but it might have stood just as long again, so well was it built. It was taken down because it was antiquated in style, and stood in the wrong place according to later ideas. Its cellar was roofed by a large arch, which covered also a spring of water. So well was this arch built that the workmen scarcely knew how to break it down when the building was gone, and the ground was to be filled up and leveled. Think of the facilities and the kind of workmen required for the putting up of such a dwelling and arch.

Right across the road, on Mill creek, stood the old mill, the first in that section of the country, and its third successor stands there now. The front part of that mill was at the first and for a very long time a dwelling, and in it unbroken tradition affirms that Jacob Levan, Esquire, lived until he put up the family home already referred to. Consequently the mill must be given an earlier date than 1740—earlier by several years, for such buildings required time to erect in those days, even assuming that the owner had the means ready at hand, which may be or may not have been the case.

A saw mill, whose successor yet abides, had, however, been erected before the mill, and for the purpose of facilitating the building of it, as lumber of various kinds was as a matter of course needed.

The traditions in the Levan and the Kemp families (for the latter the octogenarian, John Kemp, Esq., of Maxatawny, standing as authority) have been without contradiction, that the first settlers had the grinding of their grain done at Looseley's Mill, either on the Perkiomen or the Skippack, in the neighborhood of the present Pennsburg. It was a long way to go from Maxatawny. Yet the farmers could do no better until the number of settlers in Maxatawny had so increased as to justify some one, in position to do it, to erect a grist mill in the township itself. Bearing in mind the cost and the difficulties of that early day and in that back country, all this must be plain enough.

Now as to inferences from the facts stated.

1. The residence referred to implies civilized surround-

ings in 1740. People did not then build such homes in the wilderness; nor do they do it now.

2. The mill was certainly built before the dwelling, and so was the saw mill. We have separate proof for that, too varied to introduce here. This kind of an improvement implies a settlement of a considerable number of persons and families, and also farms with cultivated acres whose harvests needed grinding. Somewhere between 1732 and 1740 the mill, and before it also the sawmill, may have been erected. The first settlement must have been at least from ten to twenty years earlier, say about 1712 to 1720. As a matter of course, it grew gradually.

We could go into a number of other particulars and bring additional testimony, all tending to show that the current conception of the settlement of Maxatawny in 1732 is a mistake, and that we must place it at least half a generation further back. The more the subject is investigated on the basis of local data, the more will the argument we have made be likely to be corroborated. Just such investigation, among other things, as we take it, the Pennsylvania-German Society should stimulate.

## THE EARLY SETTLERS.

The first families who located in this township are no doubt represented by the names of the land-owners given by John S. Ermentrout in his "History of Kutztown and Maxatawny." On page 5 he says:

"Prior to 1734, in Maxatawny lived the following persons who owned land and paid quit-rents:

Johannes Siegfried, Jacob Hottenstein, Peter Andreas. Nicholas Kutz. Abraham Zimmerman, Jacob Levan. Jost Hen. Sassarman. John Kemp, Wilhelm Gross, Andreas Fischer, Heinrich Hartman, Casper Wink. Christian Mahnenschmidt. Michael Mueller, Hans Kleimer. Jacob Hill, Isaac Leonard, Heinrich Schade, Jeremiah Trexler, Peter Trexler. Bastian Ferr." Hans Hage,

In 1757, five years after the erection of Berks county, the number of taxables had risen to one hundred and nineteen. Among these are at least eighty-one family names not on the list "prior to 1734." A change of boundaries accounts for most of these absentee names, as they stand for families prominent to this day in adjacent townships.

The settlement seems to have grown fast. This was probably owing to two causes. 1. The land was rich and well watered. 2. The inhabitants were little molested by the Indians, who, though they had used that section as a hunting ground, seem not to have occupied it as a habitation. Further back in Albany, or Allemängel, as we all know, it was different. Speaking of the Indians, we may here state that the last Indian in Maxatawny went by the name of *Kneebuckle*. He belonged to the indigenous stock. This information we have on the authority of John G. Wink. He must have died before the close of the eighteenth century, because we remember well how in our childhood we heard old people speak of how their

parents had told them of his coming to their houses to beg, and of his strolling of an evening and at night along a certain hillside belonging to Nicholas Kutz, singing or making a noise while so doing. It was also a superstitious belief among some people that for years after his death his spirit still made the accustomed rounds and sang the well-worn songs.

The earliest settlers were Germans and French—the latter Huguenots. Among those on the list "prior to 1734" we find twenty German and two French family names. Six non-duplicated French family names occur on the roll of 119 taxables in 1757, the others being German, but also in part duplicated. That population made the township prior to 1800, as its descendants also constitute the bone and sinew of it to-day. Some good new family names were added between 1757 and 1800, but their number is relatively small. Kutztown was laid out, near the centre of the township, in 1779, by George Kutz, and into it, particularly, a number of new families came.

### IMPROVEMENTS.

When we come to speak of the more important improvements, buildings, etc., of the earlier days, we come to a field of investigation in which the most of the work remains to be done. The old families have not looked sufficiently into their own past history. Prof. Ermentrout has given us some few notices in his pamphlet. We will add several more here.

We have already called attention to the old Levan dwelling, built in 1740; also to the mill, and the saw mill,

built at an earlier date. It is called the first Levan mill, and was erected by the founder of the family in Maxatawny, Jacob Levan, Esq. This mill had a porch projecting from the second story. From this porch Count Zinzendorf is said to have preached, between 1741 and 1743. Though out and out Reformed in their religious creed, yet, in commemoration of this fact, the Levan family, in twice rebuilding the mill, each time preserved intact the surrounding woodwork and all where Zinzendorf stood while preaching. It is there to-day.\* The mill is now owned by Charles F. Levan's heirs.

Across the road from this stood, until the opening of the present century, what we surmise was the oldest building in the Mill Creek Valley. It was erected by Jacob Levan, Esq., for the purpose of a dwelling, in which might be lodged and kept the workmen who were to erect the saw mill and the mill. It subsequently gave rise to a question of title to land on that side of the road. Its principal later importance, however, consisted in the fact that it became a sort of local poorhouse, after the fashion of those days. Some one had rented it for a time who bought in the keeping of the poor; all this prior to 1800.

<sup>\*</sup>This is a noteworthy relic. Two years ago the writer called the attention of Dr. N. C. Schaeffer, now Superintendent of Public Instruction of Pennsylvania, to it, and we two made a trip to see it. We found it well preserved and well protected, likely to bear testimony to the early times for generations to come, unless destroyed by fire, or passing into the ownership of persons less considerate of its "memories" than those who have guarded it hitherto.

The second mill was built one mile further up the creek, probably by Sebastian Levan, the son of Jacob; and west of it, a few hundred yards, the first oil mill in that section of country was erected by the same party. Whether the fulling mill, afterward on the same property, also went back of 1800 or not we cannot say. George A. Levan is the present owner of the mill itself and the belongings referred to.

A queer old building was that owned and erected by Dewald Wink as a family dwelling. It must have reached far back into the eighteenth century. Nearly all the leading families, in fact, at a very early day, built large, substantial farmhouses; giving evidence of considerable wealth, taste and intelligence on the part of their owners. There is much history here yet to be looked into and written up.

The founding of Kutztown, already alluded to, was an important event, as the place speedily became the centre for the business of a large community around it. If ever a town was in all respects a part of the township in which it was located, Kutztown was that very place.

The farmers of Maxatawny have always held high rank. They were industrious in bringing the land under cultivation, wise in their methods, economic in their habits. The principal products of the soil were grain of various kinds; and the orchards of apples, pears, cherries, quinces, were a glory among them. The smaller fruits were not neglected. Abundance was soon found among them, and a love for an abundance of the good things which the earth bears has transmitted itself to their children and

children's children. It is a tradition that an effort to raise grapes by planting a vineyard was made by Jacob Levan, Esq., on the hills of his farm, west of his house, but failed. The plants may not have been adapted to the soil. Cultivated grapes were scarce during the eighteenth century, though they are abundant there now. For ornamentation long rows of Lombardy poplars were planted, especially near the farm buildings and along wagon roads passing through meadows.

### POPULAR AMUSEMENTS.

The amusements of the people in those early days were those common among the Germans of East Pennsylvania. We need but refer to the apple-butter boilings, the cornhuskings, and the raising of new buildings. The first of these were rather in the exclusive charge of the young grown-up people, and many a match matrimonial, happy in after years, was made on these occasions. Public sales. or vendues, as they were in the habit of calling them, and celebrations of victory after elections, were also occurrences breaking in on the tame every-day life. In the fall and winter a country dance was occasionally instituted, to which the old and the young went. Those dances were certainly not as demoralizing as such affairs now would be, for the simple reason that the whole family attended. Still the rougher traits of the people found vent there. Married women had their quilting parties, their tea or coffee (often rye), and their chats. Boys amused themselves in waylaying wedding parties, running a rope across the road, and exacting a fee. "Lots of sport!" they said.

Was there ever, in the rural sections of our country, a militia drill more popular, well-attended or characteristic than the Kutztown "Battalion," or a rustic autumnal gathering than the Kutztown "Fair?" One would need a separate chapter to describe them. The glory of these "institutions" was in the first half of the present century, but the latter half of the last saw them already established.

### RELIGIOUS FESTIVALS.

To pass now to another kind of rejoicing. Christmas, of course, held a high position as became a Christian people. The Christ-Kindel was no caricature, but one which came in the true spirit bringing blessings. Christmas night was a wonder night, and the superstitious thought that when the clock struck twelve even the cattle spoke.

New Year was marked by two characteristics. The "peltz-nickel," or "bells-nickel," appeared then, and he bore either name, it depending upon whether he was dressed in a hairy skin or "peltz," or wore "bells" about him. The popular idea was confused on this point. He was always exacting justice, punishing the bad, rewarding the good and demanding promises of the young for the future. New Year's shooting; parties going about from neighbor to neighbor wishing each one a happy New Year in rough verse, but kindly thought, and shooting off their guns at the conclusion. The party was then invited into the house to partake of a choice bite prepared for the occasion. Easter brought with it the Easter-egg. This fact had the peculiarity that the egg was laid by a

rabbit—sure as anything. Good Friday was sacred. Nobody worked. On Ascension day no woman would use a needle, nor allow one to be used. The point of this we never could see. Had it been on Good Friday we would have assumed a connection between the thought of the needle and the spear which pierced the Saviour's side. Girls were confirmed in white dresses, and they wore white caps. Semi-holidays were the day after Christmas, Easter Monday and Whit-Monday.

### PROMINENT PERSONS.

As between themselves, little distinction was felt and acknowledged among the first settlers of Maxatawny. The families were nearly all of good standing and good ancestry. Some few individuals, however, rose to public prominence, and therefore we feel it proper to give them special notice here.

First in the order of time, and in a number of other respects, was Jacob Levan, Esq. He was the founder of the Maxatawny branch of those bearing this family name. He was a Huguenot, and probably came from France by way of Holland. The writer has in his possession a copy in French of the certificate of the birth and of the baptism of his nephew (?) Abraham Levan, in the Walloon Reformed Church, of Amsterdam, in 1698. The time when he himself came to this country is not known, though it must have been before 1727, for his name is not found among the "Thirty Thousand Names" published by Rupp. The probability is that he located as a young manfirst in Oley township, 1710 to 1712, and then somewhat

later in Maxatawny. To this latter township he may have come but a few years later, for the tradition has much in its favor that he first established himself on the property close by Kutztown, which he afterward passed to his second son, named Jacob, and that he made the change of his own residence to his later home, in order to build the mill already spoken of, on a stream with sufficient water-power. If this be the case it becomes another testimony in favor of the early settlement of Maxatawny, which we have sought to set forth in this paper. Mr. Levan held the office of Justice of the County Courts, under the Act of May 22, 1722, from the time of the organization of Berks county in 1752, until his death in 1763. In the Pennsylvania Archives and the Pennsylvania Colonial Records numerous instances are found of his service to the Provincial Government, and of the esteem in which he was held by the authorities of it. It seems that the Province was at times his debtor to considerable amounts, and a debtor slow to pay.

This same office of Justice was occupied by three other Maxatawnians: Sebastian Zimmerman from 1767 to 1771 and again from 1778 to 1784. Zimmerman owned a splendid farm just north of Hottenstein's—another prominent family, and his descendants are there still, honored and respected people.

Col. Baltzer Gehr, who filled the office of justice from 1776 to 1784. In 1786 and from 1792 to 1799 he was a member of the Assembly; he was a member of the Provincial Convention held in Philadelphia, January 23,

1775; a member of the Council of Censors under the first Constitution; also a member of the Convention to frame a Constitution which met in Philadelphia, November 24, 1789. Col. Gehr's farm adjoined the Zimmerman farm on the west. It was large and productive. Gehr was evidently a prominent and useful citizen.

The third of the county Judges from this one township was Paul Groscup, who held the position from 1785 to 1787, also from 1793 to 1798. He was also a member of the Convention to form the Constitution of the State in 1790.

Dr. David Hottenstein was a prominent physician toward the close of the century.

Prominent in many ways was Col. Sebastian Levan, oldest son of Jacob Levan, Esq. He inherited a fine property, and dispensed liberal hospitality. His wife Susanna, born Schneider, and a member of the widely known Udree-Schneider family, had every qualification for her position and lived long in the grateful memory of the people for her kindness. Sebastian Levan was a member of the Provincial Convention for Pennsylvania held in Philadelphia, beginning January 23, 1775. He was an ardent patriot and colonel of militia during part of the Revolutionary War. Among other things he was charged with the task of disarming the Tories and accounting for the arms taken. For this and other matters relating to him, see Pennsylvania Colonial Records and Pennsylvania Archives. He also much impressed his name and character upon the community in which he lived.

Among the early settlers of Maxatawny were the

ancestors of Ex-Governor James A. Beaver, by them spelled Bieber, and on the mother's side—Christ—of State Superintendent of Public Instruction Dr. N. C. Schaeffer.

### RELIGION.

In their religious confession the first settlers of Maxatawny were Reformed and Lutheran. There was hardly a single exception to this rule. And so it continued all through the eighteenth century. The customs, usages and faith of these two Churches were theirs. Their religion was part of themselves. They were honest, needing no door locks for the first two or three generations; no notes for money loaned as between neighbor and neighbor; a man's word of promise was sacred. The first church building in Maxatawny was built on the land of the late David Levan, bordering on Kutztown. The old graveyard is still there—six acres of land close by the railroad. When the first congregation was organized is a matter of uncertainty. There are two stone piles, remains of former buildings on that graveyard. It is now generally admitted that the larger one represents the building erected in 1753, and that the other at the further end represents a church built earlier, and which in 1753 then became the schoolhouse, else the stones would have been used in the new building. There can be little doubt about the correctness of this supposition to any one who stands on the spot and takes in the site.

How early was that first church built? And how early were there informal organizations of congregations there? Long enough, certainly, to have either worn out, or left too small that first building. We may go back to 1732, or 1720, or earlier yet. One thing is sure, viz.: that those early settlers were a definitely religious people, and cared at once for church and school.

Who were the first pastors? On the Lutheran side some one probably served the members occasionally before Rev. Lehman. On the Reformed side the first occasional minister was doubtless Rev. Samuel Guldin, of Oley, who preached through all that section before 1720. A strong argument for the early existence of the congregations, and their occasional supply, at least, by a regular minister, lies in the fact that no gap or fault in the line of the confirmation of the children of the families seems ever to have occurred. To the Reformed the first of the Helfrichs came in the second half of the century.

Maxatawny, like many other sections, suffered for many years for the want of regular pastors, and then, in consequence, from straggling preachers, or such as pretended to be ministers, but really were not. Owing to the great want in this respect, people were willing to be somewhat easy with new ministers. Their confidence was, however, so often and so seriously betrayed by these stray ex-school teachers and ex-pastors from the Old World that they adopted measures to protect themselves. And they were effective, as the following story will tell:

After the third church had been built—this time in Kutztown—in 1791, the members of the Reformed and the Lutheran congregations at a regular meeting resolved that thereafter no one claiming to be a minister should be allowed to hold public service in the church unless he

could show that he belonged to the Reformed or Lutheran Synod, or else had papers from Europe vouching for his character and official standing.

It so happened that one of the elders of the Reformed congregation at this time was Col. Peter Klein, greatgrandfather of the present writer, and founder of the village of Klinesville, in Greenwich township, at a later day. He lived then in Maxatawny. One day he was told that on the next Sunday there would be service in the church in Kutztown by a strange minister. So, early on Sunday morning, he saddled his horse and rode to the town. He went to the sexton and got the keys of the church, and then took his position on the steps of the entrance. He would not unlock, and so prevented the ringing of the church bell. When the crowd began to gather and question him he called attention to the resolution passed. The new minister was meanwhile at the tavern, and others with him. At last he, with his company, came. "What is the difficulty?" was the inquiry. "Let the minister show his papers." Well, he had none, or had lost them or forgotten them. Then followed much Krummes und Grades. We can imagine the scene and the opinions expressed—very varying. At last Col. Peter Klein grew tired of it, and, stepping forward, he said with a meaning in his voice which his well known physical strength amply supported: "Peter has the keys to the kingdom of heaven, and to-day no one enters in."

That settled it!

On motion of Mr. Diffenderffer, a vote of thanks was extended to Dr. Levan for his excellent address.

THE PRESIDENT: Dr. Morris, we shall be very glad to hear either from you or from your co-delegate.

Dr. Morris: I shall be very glad for the distinction and honor, but I hope my friend, Captain Henninghausen, will allow himself to be heard upon this occasion. I have been on the floor several times, although not for the purpose of making a lengthy speech or an unusual demonstration, and I know that the Captain is full of the spirit of the occasion, and we shall all be glad to hear from one of those good German soldiers of the late war, who stood by the Union, determined to establish its perpetuity at a time when the life of the Nation was in peril.

At the invitation of the President, Captain Henning-hausen addressed the Society as follows:

# Mr. President and Gentlemen:

I am not prepared with any written address, and do not feel myself prepared to speak to you, after having listened to the very interesting and instructive addresses which we have already heard. I came here to learn, to be instructed. I read the last report of the Association with great pleasure, and it made a deep impression upon my mind, so that when I heard or learned that your next session would be held in this charming city on the border of our State, and that the Rev. Dr. Morris would be in attendance here, I concluded to visit your city and your Society, listen to the proceedings, and on my return tell my own friends in Baltimore what I had heard here.

The history of the Germans in Pennsylvania is closely connected with the history of that nationality in my own

State from the earliest times. When my attention was first directed to it, I was impressed with a statement appearing in Bancroft's history, in connection with the German element of our population. The author deplored the scarcity of narrative in connection with our old German population, while to those who have given the subject much study there appears a large storehouse of facts. When I read the American histories I found that the Germans are made little note of, very little credit was given them in connection with the general advance of the country in those particulars which make a nation truly great; while the Scotch-Irish on the other hand received constant mention. At a meeting that was held by our friends in our State, we talked and gossiped about forming a Society similar to yours. We said among ourselves, the English element of our country had written their history; the Scotch-Irish had written theirs; even the French had done so, to a certain extent; while the Germans had neglected their part. We are to blame for this that we have not assumed or occupied that influential position in matters historical which by justice belongs to us. All we can do now is by concerted effort to make up for the neglect of the past in searching for and gathering and preserving such matters for those who shall come after us. In doing this we were compelled to look about for a leader, one who would take up and be the head of this movement, and in doing so we cast upon one of the most solid and true representatives of the old Pennsylvania-German stock, our venerable and revered Dr. John G. Morris. When we entered upon the field, we were

surprised at the number of valuable papers found bearing upon the subject of the Germans in American history. We have been working on it for several years, and finally gathered enough material to publish a volume, which has been done, and I have that publication with me. I may be allowed to say that volume has gained something of a reputation. We have received requests for it from Massachusetts, from California, from the Southern States, and even from England. There are some facts in it that go to show that the tendency of our Society is in the same direction as yours, both working in the same field for the same end, gathering historical facts and notes; still as you meet from time to time in commemoration of the virtues of your forefathers, the founders of this Commonwealth, paying them that tribute of respect and veneration so well deserved, which is recognized all the world over as one of the loftiest inspirations in the human breast, as you do this in memory, as you assemble from time to time, as a matter of course you preserve and keep alive what would be utterly lost to history, and which heretofore has been kept by tradition, but now finds a resting place here.

But it was unexpected on my part that I should be called upon to speak here. I did not prepare a written address. I came here to be instructed, and I am glad that I came. I shall return to my home with renewed zeal and increased vigor to take up the work there, after having met the gentlemen here and witnessed the unbounded enthusiasm which has been displayed among you.

### ADDRESS OF DR. MORRIS.

Rev. Dr. J. G. Morris, President of the Maryland Historical Society, then addressed the Society as follows:

Mr. President: In his speech Captain Henninghausen did not tell you what I may tell you, that he perhaps contributed as much to the preparation and publication of that excellent volume, to which reference has been made, as any man in our Society. He is an enthusiastic investigator in this field of research. But I did not rise for the purpose of glorifying my friend, but rather to give utterance to an idea that occurred to my mind whilst Rev. Mr. de Schweinitz was speaking, in connection with a very interesting incident that occurred in the olden time, connected with a very interesting relic, of which I happen to have the custody to-day. By virtue of my official position as Librarian of the Maryland Historical Society, and as President, also, it falls to my lot to have in my care and keeping the identical silken banner which the Moravian sisters in Nazareth and those in Bethlehem made for Count Pulaski at his own order, which I treasure very highly. We have it now protected under glass, in that way showing our appreciation of its worth. Some man might say, "What! Put a flag under a glass?" Yes; it is not much larger than my pocket handkerchief, but it is beautifully wrought in silk and gold in various devices, making the whole certainly rich and exquisite, and I reckon when it came from the hands of those ladies it must have been beautiful. Young Count Pulaski, so history informs us, when he

came through York on his way to Philadelphia, where he had frequent occasion to go, instead of going by Lancaster, always went by Bethlehem. I do not know whether he had his eyes on some beautiful Moravian sister there or not; he happened to be there one Sunday when he heard the morning bell ring for the service, and he asked what that meant. They told him they worshipped God on Sunday. He said he would go himself; he had not been at such a place lately. He went and was wonderfully delighted with what he heard and especially with the melodious singing of the sisters there, and he spoke to them on Monday morning and engaged them to make for him a silken banner, and he paid them nicely for it. This simple and touching event has inspired one of our poets, Longfellow, to perpetuate the bare fact in verse, in that grand poem, "Hymn of the Moravian Nuns of Bethlehem;" but I may be permitted to say to you that the foundation of that hymn is altogether unhistorical. All are acquainted with his writings; he pens a beautiful picture; he tells us how the nuns in the firmness and fortitude of their patriotic hearts formed this beautiful emblem; he writes beautifully upon his theme, of the vesper bells at the dying of the day, the nuns' sweet hymn and prayer. He had just come from Spain, where he had heard beautiful vesper bells, so the poet tells us. There is not a word of truth in it. Count Pulaski employed those Moravian sisters to construct that banner for him, and he paid them handsomely for it. I am proud to say that I now have that flag in my custody and control. The Moravians sent a petition to our

Society, asking that it be returned to them temporarily. In reply we told them we would like to send it to them, but we did not like to expose so precious a relic to the dangers of mutilation, loss from transportation by rail, lest some injury might happen to it. We did not like to have it in parade there, unless some trustworthy custodian were to go with it. By this I meant myself, but they did not second my appeal, and it just so happened that the day appointed for the parade was a very rainy day, and I would not expose it to the terrible deluge that then came upon us.

THE PRESIDENT: So far as the flag is concerned, that is all right; so far as the poet is concerned, we do not go to him for history.

Dr. Morris: That is very well, but the point I wish to make is that the poet in this instance does not confine himself to truth.

### MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS.

THE PRESIDENT: We have received a dispatch from Dr. Buehrle, of Lancaster, dated at Columbia, stating that the train is forty-five minutes late, and he cannot be here in time for this session.

Mr. George H. Richards, of Columbia, and Mr. Lee L. Grumbine, of Lebanon, the committee which had been appointed to audit the accounts of the Treasurer, presented their report to the Society.

On motion of Mr. Diffenderffer, the report of the committee was received and filed.

On motion of George Fisher, Esq., a vote of thanks was extended to the ladies who had so bountifully contributed flowers for the decorations, and who had so kindly loaned the use of the antique furniture for this occasion.

THE PRESIDENT: Ladies and Gentlemen, and members of the Pennsylvania-German Society: I have the honor of returning to this Society my most profound and heartfelt thanks for the distinction it conferred upon me, one year ago, in my election to the honorable office of President. As our election has been held and its result declared, I now vacate the Presidential chair, and call upon my honorable and worthy successor to assume the position, which I know was poorly and feebly filled, and I hope that during his term of office there may be no trouble about "free coinage," or any other emergency requiring the calling of an "extra session."

### DR. HECKMAN TAKES THE CHAIR.

Rev. George C. Heckman, D. D., of Reading, the duly elected President of the Society, came forward in response to the call, and said:

# Mr. President, Ladies and Gentlemen:

It gives me great pleasure to be present with you and to receive this expression of your good will in placing me in this honorable position, a position which you, sir, have so ably and honorably filled during your year's administration of the functions of this office, and to the gentlemen and members of the Association here present, I wish to express my surprise at the selection they have made.

The honor was unlooked for, but none the less properly esteemed. I regard it a great compliment in that you have selected me as the President of this Pennsylvania-German Association. I thank you for the favor, but I must ask your indulgence while I preside over your sessions during your deliberations, looking to the furtherance of the objects and aims of the Society.

For many years the idea has been in my mind that the work to which allusion has been made by our respected friend from Maryland ought to have been undertaken, and that great injustice has been done to German history in our country in the annals of the American colonies and of the United States, and that the injustice ought to be retrieved; and I heartily concur in the suggestion that it largely devolves upon us, who are the descendants of that German ancestry, to do that work. I do not believe that any unfriendly feeling toward German-Americans, any feeling of hostility toward German history, is engendered by the incorporation of the history of our ancestors of foreign birth with that of our own. For this purpose the material must be provided, and this work largely depends on us. Our friend from Maryland who addressed us spoke of the aims of a historical society. One of the objects is to collect ancient German writings and annals and to preserve and transmit them to posterity. In this work, with fraternal emulation, we should rival our sister Societies. We must prepare during the present generation materials fit to enter into that future history of America, making it fuller and more nearly complete. When we shall have performed that duty properly we shall see the German colonists standing in history on a level with others, in the front rank of the early settlers of this, our common country. I thank you, gentlemen, for the honor which you have bestowed upon me in selecting me as the presiding officer of our Society during the coming year.

On motion of Mr. Fisher, the thanks of the Society were tendered to Dr. Heckman for his interesting address.

On motion of E. W. Spangler, Esq., a vote of thanks was extended to the retiring President for the able manner in which he had discharged the duties of his office during the past year.

No further business appearing before the Society, an adjournment was taken until 9 p. m., at the banquet hall in "The Colonial."

# THE BANQUET.

Evening Session, 9 p. m.

The Society assembled at "The Colonial" at 9 p. m., and sat down to its third annual banquet. Over one hundred and fifty persons were present. The banquet was opened by the introduction of the Rev. J. G. Morris, D. D., of Baltimore, who asked a blessing.

The members being seated, the banquet proceeded, being interspersed with music. After the feast had been finished, James G. Glessner, Esq., of York, acting as toastmaster, called the assembly to order and said:

Members and Friends of the Pennsylvania-German Society:

Many of you older men, who have met with us here to-day for the first time, cannot but be impressed with the idea, from what you here see, that this is a day celebrated as a day of feasting. As we met with them in the business sessions at the Court House, we were keenly sensible to the fact that they were feasting us with gems of literature, gems of German history, that we all drank in freely. This evening we have been feasted with a repast that none but good Pennsylvania-Germans can thoroughly enjoy; and now, as a fitting conclusion to this day's celebration, we come to the close of this occasion, the toasts. Unfortunately, some of those who have been chosen to respond to the sentiments contained upon the card which I hold in my hand are absent, but we have with us many good Pennsylvania-Germans whose minds are broad enough, whose intellects are great, who can fill every position that is required. The first three toasts are:

### GERMAN-AMERICA.

Amerika, O, neues Heimathland!

Du Land der Freiheit, Land voll Licht und Wonne!
Sei uns gegrüsst, du gastlich holder Strand,
Sei uns gegrüsst, du goldne Freiheits-sonne:

-Dorothea Böttcher.

#### DEUTSCH AMERICA.

Und wenn wir dankbar auch ermessen,
Was uns das neue Heim beschied,
So können wir doch nie fergessen
Der alten Heimath Wort und Lied.
—Maria Raible.

#### PENNSYLVANIA-GERMAN DIALECT AND AUTHORS.

Mei Herz schwellt mit Gedanke uf,
Bis ich schier gar ferschtick!
Kennt heile, 's dhut mer nau so leed,
Un doch gebt's mir die gröschte FreedDes Schulhaus an der Krik!

-Harbaugh.

To these toasts the Rev. J. Max Hark, D. D., will respond.

## Dr. Hark arising, said:

MR. CHAIRMAN: I was not aware that I was expected to try to kill three birds with one stone. I am reminded by my situation this evening, of a well known story told by Chauncey M. Depew. When he was abroad, and on one occasion attended a banquet with some of his friends, that had been given in his honor, he was called upon to respond to a toast. His friend, an officer in the army, was called upon before him and made a very brilliant speech; but everybody was expecting and anxious to hear the noted Chauncey M. Depew, the famous American after-dinner speaker. When his turn came, everything was quiet. Everyone was listening intently for the gems of eloquence which they expected would fall from his lips, when he said that he wanted to make a confession. said that while on the steamer crossing the ocean he had expected to be called upon to make a speech, and he took the precaution to have a little practice beforehand; so he took a little looking-glass, and standing in front of it practiced his little speech; but, unfortunately, there was a

little opening along the top of his berth through which his friend, the Colonel, listening on the other side, took it all in, and being called upon before Mr. Depew, gave Chauncey's little speech before him. He waited for the people to laugh, but they took it very soberly. Finally one of them said to the Colonel, "That was very ungentlemanly of you," and he had to spend all the rest of his time in trying to explain that it was a joke. So it is with me here now. They have stolen my little speech, and they have left me nothing more to say. Now I fear, Mr. Chairman, if I should try to tell a story or crack a joke, I should have to take so much of your time in explaining it afterwards that it would be a useless expenditure of strength. But to treat the subject seriously.

The subject assigned to me at this late hour is "Deutsch Amerika," which being interpreted means German America. We can probably say that with justice, by reason of the large percentage of German population among us. It is a well recognized fact that the German element of our population has had more influence, force and weight in the molding of American character, as well as in the upbuilding of the American nation, than any other influence, or than all other influences combined. We can say German America because from the very beginning the thrift, industry, courage and faith and patriotic loyalty of the Germans in America have been the backbone of the country in every hour of trial. When the Nation was being formed we do not forget that it was the German Steuben, De Kalb and others who organized the armies for us and aided the noble Washington, in dis-

ciplining his troops. We do not forget that it was the German, Christopher Ludwig, who fed that army when on the point of starvation. Many other illustrious Germans were equally distinguished by their self-sacrifice and generosity in those days. Neither do we forget that it was the loyal patriotic German women who nursed the wounded patriots through that war, whether at Ephrata, or Bethlehem, or Lancaster, or York, or all through the Pennsylvania-German sections of the State; everywhere were these wounded, patriotic men, tenderly cared for by the German loyal women who had charge of them and nursed back to health and strength. And yet it was not in the time of war-those "times that tried men's souls "-so much as in the peaceful times when the real work of upbuilding the national character had to be done, that the German influence was strongest in this country, as was pointed out in the excellent papers which were read at this afternoon's session. It was in the peaceful, the silent, the ofttimes unnoticed work that the German showed himself-I think I am warranted in saying it—superior to any other nationality in this country. It was his steadfastness of purpose, it was his plodding patience, it was the characteristic that he eminently possesses of settling down somewhere and staying there, instead of roaming about prospecting, looking after gold mines. Settling down on a piece of ground he cultivates it, and makes the earth give up its wealth. It is this characteristic which has done so much in times of peace for the prosperity of the country and for the establishment of ourselves as a nation.

In the educational work of the country in times of peace may we not also say, must we not acknowledge, that the German has been the schoolmaster of America, as perhaps he is to-day the schoolmaster of the world? Never was a church founded by a German in this country where there was not a schoolhouse built right next to it. Usually the schoolhouse came first, and afterwards the church. For every sermon preached by a German pastor there were dozens of children indoctrinated in the truths of the holy Scriptures. Hand in hand church and school went together from the first time the German set foot upon American soil; and to this day are not our great educational institutions influenced as largely by the German mind as by any other? The Superintendent of Public Instruction of our State, a typical German, Dr. Schaeffer, whom we delight to honor, has been prominent in all the movements looking to popular education. our Pennsylvania Chautauqua, in our University Extension work, the Pennsylvania-German influence is of paramount importance to-day. The German influence is still a moving force in the education of this State to-day. it has been from the beginning; and it still aims not only at culture, but at Christian culture. I believe the church and the school are recognized to-day, as they were from the beginning, each as the complement of the other, each useless without the other. Finally, my friends, didn't it take a lot of Pennsylvania-Germans to organize and keep in life a Pennsylvania-German Society like this which we have to-day, and a Pennsylvania-German to get up a banquet like this which we now enjoy? Wherever

we look, in times of peace or in times of war, in times of social enjoyment like this, or gathered around our own family circle, we rejoice to know that the Pennsylvania-German is there every time, and we are glad that we are permitted to be with him, and that we are allowed to be numbered among the humble descendants of so noble an ancestry.

By the Toastmaster:—The Pennsylvania-Germans are so closely allied with another element of our population that we have seen fit to give to the latter class, the Scotch-Irish, a place on our list of toasts. To the next toast:

THE PENNSYLVANIA-GERMANS AND THE SCOTCH-IRISH,

"An' here's a hand, my trusty frien',
An' gie's a hand o' thine,"—
"Hier ist mein Hand, mein liewer Schatz,
Gieb mir dein Hand, mine Freund,"

will be responded to by our late President, Henry L. Fisher, Esq.

Mr. Fisher said:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen:

I hardly know where to begin. One thing was forgotten by Dr. Hark, in speaking of the Pennsylvania-Germans, when he said that it took a Pennsylvania-German to get up a banquet like this. He might have added, it takes a Pennsylvania-German to get it down too, and it takes a Pennsylvania-German to make such a response to a toast as the doctor made. It is doubtless true that the doctor did not have the time that he should

have had to prepare a response to a toast of this kind. There are a good many things from a literary point of view that might be said if there were sufficient time.

Recently there has been published in Chicago, I believe, a work in the interests of Germans, called German America, giving an account, or a list of those foreign Germans who have settled in this country, who were poets, authors, editors, men of brain and ability. Omitting what might have been said about the first class, if I had not myself made some attempt at Pennsylvania-German authorship. I might, perhaps, be indulged in talking a little on that subject, only a word or two; and I think it altogether proper that an allusion should be made, even if I tried to avoid egotism as much as possible, to the literary productions of such men. We should not forget in addition to those who have written and undertaken to write in this dialect, that pioneer and chief among them, the late lamented Dr. Harbaugh, author of "Das Alt Schulehaus an der Krick."

The Scotch-Irish and their characteristics were dwelt upon at considerable length by Mr. Fisher. Their honesty, thrift and intelligence were commended in the highest degree. They converted what were once known as the "barrens" of York county into a veritable agricultural paradise. There was a time when they abominated the food of the Germans, but association and time leveled all these minor distinctions, and now they are traveling the same roads to distinction, honor and prosperity.

The Toastmaster said the next speech would be by Col. Thomas C. Zimmerman, who would respond to the toast, NEWSPAPERS, THE GREAT MOVING FORCE OF THE TIMES.

## Col. Zimmerman said:

The newspaper has been aptly described as "a window through which men look out on all that is going on in the world," and the claim that it is the

> Mightiest of the mighty means On which the arm of Progress leans,

is no doubt well founded. Napoleon the First defined a journalist to be "a grumbler, a censurer, a giver of advice, a regent of sovereigns, a tutor of nations. Four hostile papers," he adds, "are more to be dreaded than a hundred thousand bayonets." "They maintain civilization," says De Tocqueville. "Let me make the newspapers," exclaimed Wendell Phillips, "and I care not who makes the religion or the laws." Thackeray says of the press: "There she is; she never sleeps. She has her ambassadors in every quarter of the world—her couriers upon every road. Her officers march along with armies, and her envoys walk into statesmen's cabinets. They are ubiquitous. Yonder journal has an agent at this moment giving bribes at Madrid, and another inspecting the price of potatoes at Covent Garden."

Even among the less progressive nations of the world the printing press is making progress more rapidly than any of the other great instruments of Western civilization. It is found from Danish Greenland to South Africa, in the hands of native artisans, who are producing some very interesting specimens of book-making and newspaper work. In Japan, where twenty years ago the government *Gazette*, read only by the official class, was the only paper published in the Empire, there are now several hundred daily and weekly journals, and even down in Lovedale, Kaffraria, South African Kaffirs, reclaimed from the savagery around them, are issuing excellent specimens of printing and book-binding.

Ever since the days when Franklin proclaimed his journalistic aims in the New England Courant to be "the allaying of the heats and tremors of our spirits, and to make a man forget his restless resentments;" when "to entertain the town with the most comical and diverting incidents of human life" was to him, as he expressed it, "the main design of this weekly paper;" ever since the days when the young philosopher scraped the "ball" and pummeled the form, and carried papers, the art of printing has made gigantic strides. Although it was he who dallied with the lightning, little probably dreamed he that the time would come when lightning presses would flash out human intelligence, swift-winged as light, all over the world; that the busy but invisible fingers of electricity would be steadily employed in gathering the secrets of human thought and human activity all over the earth, and pour them into the ear of the sanctum, over mountain and desert and plain, through tunnels and caverns and valleys; beneath, above and around the populous centres of civilization; across States and continents, and under rivers and seas and oceans-never stopping, but the slender vehicle through which these tidings are conveyed, ever throbbing as with the hidden pulsations of an intelligence that is restless, all-observing, swiftly-recording and never-ending.

It has been claimed that, but for Homer and the Greek dramatists and poets, Greece, with all its wealth of associations, would to-day be unknown; that but for them Byron would have had no interest in an enslaved country, and that where

> "The mountains look on Marathon, And Marathon looks on the sea,"

there would be a land of no associations to fire heart and courage. If this be true, what, let me ask, would be known of this busy world—"its fluctuations and its vast concerns"—were there no newspapers to chronicle its daily happenings?

According to a new Western humorist-some of whose extravagant expressions unfortunately bear closely on the irreverent—had the editor always been a factor in history, we would have had life-size cuts of Adam and Eve, interior views of the Ark, criticisms on Moses, local hits on David, short articles from Solomon, interviews with Christ both B. C. and A. D.; half-tone cuts of Judas before and after hanging; a snap shot of Elijah as he ascended in the chariot; views of the two bears after having eaten fortytwo children, showing their abnormal girth; a full description of the costume Ruth wore as she gleaned in the fields of her kinsman with one eye on the grain and the other on Boaz; interior views of the whale showing Jonah riding around on its wish-bone; a full account, with the details of each round, in the midnight wrestle between Jacob and the angel. Lives now great in history would

have been so illuminated that they would not have flaunted their escutcheon so recklessly before the world. Henry VIII.'s record would have been cut short a few wives, and the dark ages would have existed only in the recesses of the brains of the poet or Populist.

Chauncey Depew once said that two events happened within two years of each other in the seventeenth century which had greater influence upon human rights and liberties than anything which has occurred during the Chris-These were the landing of the Pilgrims upon Plymouth Rock and the founding of the first newspaper in the English language. Ever since those memorable days, when the enfranchisement and pervading force of the press was made possible by the charter of equality of all men before the law which was framed in the cabin of the Mayflower, the newspaper has been a constantly increasing power, until to-day it seems to have almost reached the pinnacle of a rich, ripe maturity. However some people may decry it, and affect to minimize its influence for good upon the generations that are growing up around it, the race is being more and more ennobled through its agency. A greater truth was perhaps never uttered than that "Providence never imparted to man a more effectual means for the emancipation of mind and the overthrow of tyranny than the press." The modern newspaper is like the sensitive plate of the photographer, and records the story of the lightning as it flashes its symbols across continents and under the sea with an almost human intelligence. The entire globe is its field of operations, and every nook and corner of the earth is made to yield its tribute to the sleepless energy of its searching vision.

Pacificus and his slow-going compeers have no abiding place in the sanctum of such a busy workshop, where nimble fingers, as if directed by some wizard of the mind, are transforming bits of metal into serried hosts of thought that need but the endless web gliding through the grasp of the cylinders to vitalize the leaden mass and imbue it with a life that is well-nigh deathless.

So intelligent an observer as Justice Harlan, of the Supreme Court of the United States, recently expressed it as his belief that the country is largely indebted for its protection from political corruption, jobbery and extravagance to the vigilance and public spirit of the press. True, the work done by newspapers, in exposing, dragging into the fierce light of public opinion, public wrongs and abuses, is not appreciated at its real value; yet the fact remains that such wrongs and abuses, held up to the scorn and hatred of the moral sense of the public, have been fatally assailed, and their long-continued survival is impossible. It is only wrongs which lurk unperceived in obscure places, that are hidden by darkness and silence, which live and flourish in pernicious activity.

The press is the vanguard of civilization. It never sleeps. No interval of even comparative repose is allowed to stand in the way of its duty to the public. The demands upon it are incessant and inexorable. But it honors them all with a swiftness that is born of the lightning. It is, too, the strong right arm of the Judici ary. It throws light upon judicial proceedings. It dis-

cusses, it criticizes Judges, and sometimes even condemns. It is, moreover, a twin brother of the pulpit, and the mutual good fellowship, born of truth and intensified by an enthusiastic devotion to duty, is all-potential in the lifting up of men and in steadily advancing the standard of civilization.

There are those who habitually decry the newspapers, and who depreciate the full measure of their work and of their influence. They are of a class who, notwithstanding they are daily fed by these papers with the pabulum which keeps their dull senses alive, and supplied with the very conversation they retail, are doing what they can in their feeble way to prejudice the public against them. They are the stumbling blocks that the newspaper reporter encounters in his daily walks. They are the people who meet the most polite approach as if it were an insolent intrusion, and resent inquiries for intelligence which are entirely legitimate, with rude rebuffs that cost them far more time and breath than would be needed for a brief statement of the information that is sought.

Said Rev. George S. Horr, an eminent clergyman of Boston, at a public dinner in response to a toast: "People are very apt to blame editors for the scandalous matter that is found in newspapers, and yet if they could for a little while step inside of the editorial office and see how much salacious matter is suppressed, how editors have put within their hands weapons to strike down reputations and characters, and see how that matter is put into the waste basket, I think, instead of so much promiscuous condemnation of the press, you would wonder that

the press of the country, take it all through, is as good as it is. It is a testimonial not only to the morality and high principle of editors, but to the moral tone of the community, which is constantly demanding that newspapers shall not be salacious and scandalous."

While all this is to the credit of journalism, it is true that, after a certain fashion, men and women can live without newspapers or advertising in them. Robinson Crusoe did neither of these things. But no one can examine the lives of these men and women without being struck with the dwarfing and deforming effects of such unwholesome abstention from the natural food of the human mind. It is a little like the anecdote concerning a new theory of the Exodus once elaborated by a negro preacher who told his congregation that the Red Sea was frozen over, and so afforded the Israelites a safe passage, but when Pharoah with his heavy iron chariots attempted to cross he broke through and was drowned. A brother arose and asked an explanation of that "p'int." Said he, "I's been studyin' g'ography, and de g'ography say dat am de place whar de tropics am, and de tropics am too hot for freezin'; de p'int to be 'splained is 'about breakin' through de ice." The preacher straightened himself up and said, "Brudder, glad you axed dat question, for it gives me 'casion to 'splain it. You see, dat war a great while ago, befo' dey had any g'ographies, and befo' dere war any tropics," and (he might have added), befo' dere war any newspapers.

In conclusion, let me say that the press has now become more important than stage or pulpit, both of which were popular and influential as instructors and teachers, and making all allowance for its imperfections, it right worthily meets the obligations of its responsible position amidst the moving forces of the times. Newspapers manage to include in some shape the whole round of human affairs, and in this large respect it may be said of them that

"They show, contain and nourish all the world."

The toastmaster announced the final toast of the evening:

"THE COLONIAL."

On true historic ground it stands,

By patriots trod in days of old—

A "Crisis" binding hearts and hands

In "times that tried men's souls."

Long may it stand and prosper here,

A hostelry of world-wide fame,

Wear all its honors gracefully,

While honoring its name.

D. K. Trimmer, Esq., of York, was called upon to respond. Mr. Trimmer said:

Mr. Chairman: While I am in entire harmony with the sentiments of every one present, so far as they have been expressed, I may say that I am greatly pleased to be here where I can meet and greet so many of my Pennsylvania Deutsche Freundschaft. That I have not had an opportunity to do before; and am pleased to know and feel that we are all descendants of our ancestors. I rise to respond to your call on this occasion laboring under two disadvantages; one is common to all public speakers,

and the other is peculiar to my position. I remember that on a certain occasion I listened to a lecture delivered by Josh Billings on the subject, "Milk." At such times the lecturer would take a pitcher of milk, pour it out before us, and before saying a word he would drink three or four quarts, explaining this peculiar action by saying that a lecturer ought to be thoroughly full of the subject he is going to talk about. It may be possible that the committee of arrangements who had charge of these toasts were of the conviction that by the time all these toasts that have preceded mine would have been responded to, I would be so thoroughly full of "The Colonial," or the things it dispenses, that I would be in the best possible condition to speak upon the subject that had been assigned to me. If that was the theory upon which they acted, I can only say that they miscalculated the "fullness" of the speaker. The second disadvantage I can perhaps better illustrate by telling a little story of an old English baron, who, a short time after his introduction from private to public life, was invited to a public dinner, and was told that he would be expected to make a speech. Feeling that his effort would likely have some political bearing upon his hearers, he was very much concerned as to what he should say, and concluded he would arrange a number of good stories, connecting them together with a few well-chosen words. He arranged a series of four good stories, and recited them from time to time until the day of the dinner, and every time he recited them he was better pleased with them, and grew confident of the success of his scheme. He went to the dinner in

time, feeling confident that when he was called upon he should be able to acquit himself creditably. He was terribly annoyed when the first speaker was called upon, and in addressing the assemblage told one of the baron's stories. He sat still, though somewhat mortified by the occurrence, but thought that when called upon he would do the best he could with the three remaining ones. The next speaker that arose had occasion to tell a story, and he happened to make use of another of the baron's stories; the third speaker did the same thing, and he came to the conclusion that he would have to tell something extempore. The fourth speaker was called upon and told the baron's fourth and last story. This caused the baron to leave the room and not return, thoroughly disgusted with the adverse fate which had placed him at the tail list of the speakers. That is the position which I occupy this evening.

Mr. Fisher: There are six stories in "The Colonial."

Mr. Trimmer continued: I can't say that I have arranged any stories to be told, or particularly prepared any set form of speech, and if my remarks seem to be somewhat desultory in character and not arranged in proper order, you will ascribe it to the influence of the baron's stories, inasmuch as I fear that all the good things had been said before my time had come.

But I must come back to a somewhat commonplace subject. It might be a commonplace subject, but in this particular instance I am free to admit that in skillful hands it might be made the theme of an essay, or an oration that would thrill this entire assembly. The historian Brooks, in speaking of the town of York in its early days, says it was distinguished not so much for its attainment in growth and greatness as for appearances that do not pertain to towns in general. Within the shadow of this building is the consecrated spot-and I might also add the desecrated spot-where stood the Council Hall in which were heard the discussions and debates of the Continental Congress during the nine months they sat here, covering the most critical period of our Nation's birth. There, just beyond the walls of this building, is the spot where stood the temporary capital of the United States for a period of nine months, where the youthful and gallant Lafayette first received his commission to command a division of the American Army of the Revolution, and where the courtly and magnanimous Baron Steuben first tendered his services to the Continental Congress and to the country, which Congress, of course, most gratefully accepted, and he was ordered to report to the Commander-in-Chief at Valley Forge for further orders. It was also in this same hall, to which I have referred, that a divided Congress with a majority of but one vote and at one and the same time decided the destiny of the Commander-in-Chief and the Nation; though I am of the opinion that the action respecting the former would have been followed by the probable disintegration of the army. It was here also, while Congress was in session, that this same gallant Frenchman on an occasion perhaps not much unlike this, in defiance of the scowls and frowns of the diners present, proposed his

toast, "To the Commander-in-Chief of the American Army." Here, right over this very spot where we are now gathered, stood the building in which during that same period were located the War Office, and the office of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, whose fiery Secretary published during that time the "Fifth Crisis," and wrote a part of the "Sixth," weapons that did more at that time for the establishment and building up of the cause than fifty men could do in times like these. I do not want to antagonize the perhaps well-founded tradition that Mr. Paine once occupied the old one-story house on the banks of the Codorus, where he is said to have removed for the purpose of securing a place of safety for some of the more important of his documents. I refer to the place in the old building which was known as his office, and where he transacted his business. I do not speak of his home.

Where in this old town, therefore, could a spot have been selected for the erection of such a proud monument to the energy and enterprise of the citizenship of this city more appropriate than that where we are now met? Proud? Yes. We are proud of this building, and I think justifiably so. It might stand among its kind in any city of this State. It bears comparison without the blush of shame in its design and structure with any. It is a veritable thing of beauty. I do not use this language in any spirit of self-laudation or pride, nor do I arrogate any credit to myself. The part the speaker played in the foundation, advancement and completion of this project was far too humble and insignificant to warrant me in the assumption of an im-

portance in this matter that my small efforts have not deserved, but I may be permitted to express to you my unbounded satisfaction in the successful culmination of this magnificent enterprise.

The Society then united in singing "Auld Lang Syne," after which the Rev. Dr. Hark offered the concluding prayer, when the association, all standing, sang the closing hymn, as follows:

### "LANG SYNE."

Should auld acquaintance be forgot,
And never brought to mind?
Should auld acquaintance be forgot,
And days o' lang syne?
For auld lang syne, my dear,
For auld lang syne,
We'll take a cup o' kindness yet,
For auld lang syne.

Solt alt Bekanntschaft nimmermehr
Bei uns erinnert sein?
Solt alt Bekanntschaft immermehr
Bei uns fergessen sein?
Ach nein, ach nein, mein lieber Schatz,
Für Alt Läng syne,
Jetzt trinken wir ein guten Schnapps
Für Alt Läng syne.

And here's a hand my trusty friend,
And gie's a hand o' thine,
And we'll take a right guid willie-waught
For auld lang syne;
For auld lang syne, my dear,
For auld lang syne,
And we'll take a right guid willie-waught
For auld lang syne.

## The Pennsylvania-German Society.

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Hier ist mein Hand, mein lieber Schatz,
Gieb mir dein Hand, mein Freund,
Wir trinken, jetzt, ein scheiden Schnapps
Für Alt Läng syne:
Ach jah, ach jah, mein lieber Schatz,
Für Alt Läng syne—
'S kännt sein 's wär unser letzter Schnapps
Für Alt Läng syne!

Doch hoffen wir est kommt die Zeit—
Gott sage uns nicht nein—
Wen wir beinander sein wie Heut,
Und singen Alt Läng syne;
Und singen Alt Läng syne, mein Freund,
Und singen Alt Läng syne—
Wen wir beinander sein, wie Heut,
Und singen Alt Läng syne.

After which Dr. Hark pronounced the benediction, and the Society adjourned.

## PENNSYLVANIA-GERMAN DAY

-AT THE-

# PENNSYLVANIA CHAUTAUQUA,

MT. GRETNA, PA.,

THURSDAY, JULY 19, 1894.

The Pennsylvania Chautauqua, having proposed to set apart one day during its annual session to be known as "Pennsylvania-German Day," made arrangements to give due prominence to the occasion by securing the reading of several papers in line with the Society's work. The first paper read was by R. K. Buehrle, Ph. D., Superintendent of Schools in the city of Lancaster.

The following is Dr. Buehrle's address:

THE EDUCATIONAL POSITION OF THE PENNSYLVANIA-GERMANS.

I trust the learned Philadelphia judge will pardon this attempt to enter a field which is so peculiarly his own, since it is made merely to amplify the work to which he has already contributed so much, and the author desires to be considered as only a humble follower in his footsteps.

In any audience less intelligent than that which I have the honor to address, the subject of my paper would probably provoke a smile, and yet a German little interested in education is hardly conceivable. The misrepresentation to which the Germans in Pennsylvania have been subjected has its origin in the difference of language between them and the ruling English population. It was the most civilized and quick-witted nation of antiquity that stigmatized as barbarian every non-Greekspeaking people, and a similar depreciation for a like worthy reason has fallen to the lot of our German ancestors. A knowledge of their language is the very introduction to any people. This has long been accepted as an axiom among the learned so far as regards the people of Greece and Rome. It is no less true of other people. It was Coleridge who revealed the riches of German literature to the people of England, but alas! no one capable of doing so has as yet adequately revealed the riches of character and genius which are the peculiar property of the Pennsylvania-Germans to the people of the United States.

That the early Pennsylvania-Germans were refugees for religious opinion's sake—more worthy to be called martyrs and pilgrims than those of New England (if so be that greater sufferings and sacrifices are made the standard)—has often been told; that they were Protestants is equally well known, and that Protestants appealing to the

word of God as the only rule of faith and practice cannot continue such without schools and education would seem to be a necessary conclusion. Whittier's Pennsylvania (German) Pilgrim, Francis Daniel Pastorius, arriving with the earliest German immigrants and one of the founders of Germantown, was its "first schoolmaster, and it has probably never since had one more learned. He was master of seven or eight different languages, ancient and modern, as well as deeply versed in science and philosophy."\* He was indeed the most learned man who had up to that time, if not up to the present, arrived in America. Having served some time as professor in the Quaker school of Philadelphia, he was placed in charge of a school established by the town council of Germantown, January 11, 1702.† This school was open to both sexes. Connected with it was a night school for those whom daily toil or advanced age prevented from attending during the day. All this without legal compulsion and without distinction of sex shows how far in advance educationally the early German settlers of Pennsylvania were. Manuscript text-books were composed and used by Pastorius in giving instruction. It is hardly likely that any English teachers' manuals composed in America antedate these.

The Mennonites, Dunkers and Schwenkfelders, all Germans, were among the earliest Germans who arrived in Pennsylvania. They came about 1708-40, and settled

<sup>\*</sup> Wickersham's History of Education in Pennsylvania, pp. 81-82.

<sup>†</sup>Bilder ans der Deutsch-Pennsylvanischen Geschichte von O. Seidensticher, seite 76.

principally in Lancaster, Berks and Montgomery counties. Including among their number many men of education, they early established a school which gained for itself a wide and very honorable reputation; numbers of young men from Philadelphia, Baltimore and other places being sent there to get an education. Then a Sabbath-school was also instituted for religious instruction which flourished many years and was attended with some remarkable consequences.\* As this subject, so far as the Sunday-school at Ephrata is concerned, has already been presented to this Society, I need not pursue it any farther.

An early and large influx of Germans arrived from the Palatinate. This consisted of refugee Huguenots, Lutherans and Reformed, or followers of Zwingli and Calvin. With these people, education naturally went hand and hand with religion. Their pastors often served as teachers during the week (as may be seen in the Western States even at the present day), and when relieved of this duty, nevertheless, in connection with the church council, exercised supervision over the schools, a duty which is still enjoined on the members of the council in the Lutheran Church. Naturally the language used and taught was the mother tongue, and just as naturally this placed the entire people at a disadvantage; for it cut them off socially, commercially, scientifically and politically from the ruling people of the Commonwealth; for the language of the State was English, as was that of the home government. Thus we find a church and a

<sup>\*</sup>See the History of Sunday-schools by Abraham Cassel.

schoolhouse erected probably before 1719 at New Hanover, Montgomery county, on fifty acres of land donated for the church and the school by John Henry Sprogel. Realizing their inability to adequately provide for the education of their children, the Lutheran congregations of Philadelphia, New Hanover and Providence "joined together in the Name of God \* \* and they contemplate also with equal earnestness the establishment of schools for the instruction of their children."\*

These and kindred efforts brought a Muhlenberg for the Lutherans and a Schlatter for the Reformed. The former writes in 1743: "I have to teach from necessity. One week I teach school in Philadelphia, the next in Providence, and the third in New Hanover." † Similar efforts for the education of the German Lutherans were made in other parts of the State.

The most conclusive evidence of their love of learning they gave when they sent their children to Europe in order that they might enjoy the superior advantages offered by the universities in the Fatherland. The eminent patriarch of the Lutheran Church educated three sons in this way for the Church, of whom one became the famous major general in the Revolution, one the first Speaker of the House of Representatives, and one the eminent botanist and author of the first catalogue of plants of North America. His work on grasses, written in Latin, is still a high authority, and his is one of the few names

<sup>\*</sup> Wickersham's History of Education in Pennsylvania, p. 130.

<sup>†</sup> Wickersham's History of Education in Pennsylvania, p. 132.

in this country scientifically associated with the great naturalist, Alexander Von Humboldt. His grandson, F. A. Muhlenberg, for some years professor in Franklin College, at Lancaster, and then professor of Greek in Pennsylania College, at Gettysburg; then first president of Muhlenberg College, at Allentown; afterwards professor of Greek at the University of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia; and more recently again president ad interim of Thiel College in Western Pennsylvania, is still among us at the age of seventy-six, and affords a striking example of devotion to the cause of education, which distinguishes the best of these people. His influence as an educator has probably been greater than that of any other native Pennsylvanian.

Among his coadjutors and college mates was the Rev. S. K. Brobst, of Allentown, the editor and publisher of the first German youth's periodical, who devoted his whole life to the most strenuous efforts to promote education among the Pennsylvania-Germans.

Rev. Michael Schlatter, of St. Gall, Switzerland, arriving in Pennsylvania in 1746, succeeded in organizing a public school society for the promotion of education among the Germans in Pennsylvania (among whose contributors to the amount of £1,000 was George II., of England), with whose generous contributions for this purpose schools were established and teachers paid, and the Germans were gradually made acquainted with the English tongue. It was, however, probably this very feature which led to the decadence and final dissolution of these schools. The love for their language and their

own customs rendered the people suspicious of these educational institutions, and when the Revolution sundered the bond between the colonies and the mother country this educational society's efforts ceased. This conclusion of the matter was all the more to be expected, as contributions from the residents were in some cases contemptuously rejected on the ground that they were all Germans, and so stubborn that they if they were given a voice in the matter would be capable of ruining the whole enterprise.

It should also not be forgotten that these immigrants were largely of the class of people called mechanics (which meant much more in those days than now), all of whom were above the average intelligence, and many of whom were well educated. Thus of over 11,000 who arrived in 1709, eighteen were schoolmasters. But as these died, few successors were prepared to take their places, and thus it often became necessary to look for teachers beyond the bounds of the colony.

The next settlement of importance was made by the Moravians at Bethlehem, Pa., in 1741.\* Of all the German colonists, if not of colonists of any nationality as a class or body, this people distinguished itself most for education in its best sense. Their institutions of learning at Lititz, Nazareth, and especially at Bethlehem, were so renowned as to attract students from all parts of the country, and their educational efforts among the Indians have never been excelled. Their first school, the first

<sup>\*</sup>The Pennsylvania-German Dialect by M. D. Learned, page 11.

Moravian school for girls in America, was opened in Germantown on the 4th of May, 1742, by Count Zinzendorf; probably the only school in the United States opened by a titled nobleman, and no less likely the first in America in which a female teacher was employed. He, too, had been one of the students at Halle, and had so favorably impressed its founder that the latter invited him to take charge of the position formerly held by Canstein, which a sense of duty, however, obliged him to decline.

These people, realizing the great importance of having educated mothers, opened at Bethlehem, in 1749, a distinct boarding school for girls, which I have no doubt is the first school of its kind opened on this continent. Contrast this with the supposed more highly educated New Englander's opposition raised against the opening of a school for girls in Plymouth, in 1793, on the ground that wives might then show more learning than their husbands.\* Granted that these schools were included in their religious system. All honor to a religion which provides for education, especially the impartial education of both sexes, and of the outcast negro and the dispossessed Indian.

It may be interesting at this point to call attention to the fact that on October 19, 1893, the sesqui-centennial of the occupation of their regular schoolroom in Bethlehem, a public school bell was dedicated in that borough, to the memory of George Neisser, the first schoolmaster who wielded the birch in that town.

<sup>\*</sup>The Old Colony Town, by William Root Bliss

So also the first Pestalozzian school for children (a boarding school) in America was established by Joseph Neef, in 1809, at a spot then called the Falls of the Schuylkill, now part of Fairmount Park. He was an Alsatian German, who had been a teacher of languages in Pestalozzi's celebrated school at Burgdorf, Switzerland. Within a year after his arrival here, he published a work of one hundred and sixty-eight pages, in the English language, with the following descriptive title: "Sketch of a Plan and Method of Education founded on an analysis of the Human Faculties and National Reason, suitable for the offspring of a Free People and for all Rational Beings;" by Joseph Neef (formerly a Coadjutor of Pestalozzi, at his school near Bern, Switzerland), Philadelphia, 1808. work \* \* \* is the first strictly pedagogical work published in the English language in this country. Removed to Delaware county, he had as one of his pupils the late Admiral D. G. Farragut.

In 1807 a normal department was established in Nazareth Hall, and the writer believes that this is the *first* institution of this kind exclusively devoted to the preparation of teachers, the oldest existing normal school in America. Indeed, these "Moravian Brethren solved practically more than a century ago the question of industrial education, so much of a puzzle to modern educators."† Nor must it be supposed that the educational activity of the Moravians was limited to these three schools. In Montgomery, Lehigh and Berks counties, as

<sup>\*</sup> Pop. Sci. Monthly, July, 1894, p. 373-4.

<sup>†</sup> Wickersham, History of Education in Pennsylvania, page 155.

well as in Lancaster, York and other counties, schools were founded and educational work done. Who has not heard of John Beck, the pedagogue by nature, for a time concealed in the blacksmith who went from the anvil to the professor's chair, and for "more than fifty years conducted one of the most remarkable schools ever established in Pennsylvania?"\*

The educational activity of the German Society of Pennsylvania, organized in the Lutheran schoolhouse in Cherry street, Philadelphia, on the day after Christmas, 1764, has expressed itself in teaching, in the library and in the lecture. Efforts had been made in Philadelphia, not only through the organization of private schools, but also in other ways, to afford educational facilities to the Germans there resident. Among the most noteworthy of these may be mentioned the German Seminary, founded by a society, February 15, 1773. The course of instruction comprised German and English Letter Writing, Geography, History, Natural History, Latin, Greek and French. This and many similar enterprises soon foundered in the storms of the Revolution.

However, before the waves of these storms had entirely ceased to roll, efforts of a more ambitious nature were made by a German elergyman to extend the educational advantages of the newly organized University of Pennsylvania to their German fellow-citizens, and on the 10th of January, 1780, the Trustees resolved: "That a German professor of philology be appointed, whose duty it shall be to teach the Latin and the Greek languages through

<sup>\*</sup> Wickersham, History of Education in Pennsylvania, page 159.

the medium of the German language, both in the Academy and in the University." This resolution was confirmed by the Legislature, and the Rev. J. C. Kunze, a member of the German Society, was elected to fill the chair. Projects to educate gifted young men at the expense of the Society had been discussed in its meetings, and now the way seemed open to German youth to acquire an education in the most praiseworthy seminary of learning in America, and from 1781 to 1833 the Society assisted about sixty beneficiaries among the students of the University. Five years later, namely in 1785, the German department enrolled sixty students—more than there were in the English, and was therefore placed in the finest room in the building. What led to the rapid decadence of this German department in the University of Pennsylvania is not handed down, but it is the general opinion that the founding of Franklin College in Lancaster was one of the most potent factors, for the same year, 1788, saw this department closed, and the German College at Lancaster opened; and other circumstances connected with educational affairs among the Germans at at that time justify the belief that this college was the culmination of a series of efforts in behalf of higher education among the Germans of Pennsylvania.

Thus we are brought down to the time of the adoption of the Common School Law under the administrations of Pennsylvania-German Governors, who were its most ardent advocates, resolute defenders, and the firmest opponents of repeal. Nor is there any evidence that the hostility of the Pennsylvania-Germans, as a class, to the free

school system was any greater than that of the people of other national descent. But even if this had been so, as is very commonly assumed, it must always be remembered that they feared, and justly so, that the change from the parochial to the free school meant for them, not only the setting aside, the loss of religious instruction, but also the ignoring and disuse of their language. were threatened with a two-fold loss and hence would have been justified had their opposition been, as it was not, twice as vigorous as that of the English Friends or the Scotch-Irish Presbyterians. By the way, the Friends have not yet accepted the common school system in many parts of this State, and yet nothing is thought or said of this to their discredit. They still maintain their church schools, for desiring to do which the Germans have been been called opprobious epithets and regarded as opposed to education. Can a good reason be given for this different treatment? Then, too, if, as is often assumed, they were less educated than others, and used, as they no doubt did, a different language, it would be more difficult for them to comprehend the new plan and to be made cognizant of its advantages. On the whole, there is no eause to blush for the educational position occupied, and the educational achievements of our Pennsylvania-German ancestors, when all things are considered and careful investigation reveals what they really accomplished.

Following Dr. Buehrle, Prof. Samuel A. Baer, Superintendent of Public Schools in the city of Reading, delivered a most eloquent address under the general title of "Pennsylvania-Germans." We regret this paper was not placed in our hands for publication. It was a splendid tribute to the men of German ancestry who assisted in building up this Commonwealth and Nation. It covered every department of German-American life, its achievements, its devotion to principle, loyalty to country and sturdy adherence to education and free government.

At the conclusion of the address there was a free discussion of sundry questions, referred to in the papers read, which elicited much enthusiasm as well as interest.

The following address, by Col. Thomas C. Zimmerman, was delivered on "Pennsylvania-German Day," at Mt. Gretna, on Monday, July 17, 1893, and now finds a congenial resting place in these pages.

#### ANCESTRAL VIRTUES OF THE PENNSYLVANIA-GERMANS.

It was during the passing enjoyment of some of "Ik. Marvel's" delightful fancies—fancies that play upon the dome of one's mental perceptions like sportive sunbeams in dalliance with the flickering leaves and shifting shadows of the umbrageous woods—that I received an invitation from your worthy Chancellor to appear on this occasion as "the representative of the Pennsylvania-German Society."

The blandishments of the pen of New England's rhetorical wizard were fresh upon me, and the soft summer airs from the hills of Connecticut—where the doughty old farmer, like a Druid, "wanders among the bards and strikes the harp with even more than bardic stress"—moved my heart like the music of some singing rill. For

the time he was leading me along the shelter of wooded hills, amid the perfume of flowers, beneath soaring birds, and under the shadows of clouds.

Coming, therefore, as the Chancellor's invitation did, just when my feelings had become enmeshed in the web of an enchantment which the shuttle of the author's brilliant fancy had been weaving about me, I regarded the invitation to appear before you, and the labor which would be necessarily involved in accepting it, as a rude invasion of a mood that had unconsciously yielded to the sweet influences about it, as frost yields to a soft south wind. It was in this state of mind that I declined the invitation. But the very next mail brought me the Chancellor's curt reply: "I have not tried to get any one else, and do not want any one else, but will count on you." That's why I am here!

The situation suggests a story recently told in Washington by a Southerner about a man owning a stable of valuable horses. On being informed one day by the hostler that one of them was siek, he wrote a prescription which he ordered the man to get filled, and administered by blowing it through a rubber tube down the horse's throat. In the course of time he went to the stable to see the effect of the remedy, and found the hostler doubled up in a corner, groaning and twisting about in mortal terror, his black face ashy with fear.

"What's the matter?" he roared with more or less Southern embellishment of a profane character—for this took place down in Virginia.

"'Deed, marsa; 'deed, boss, I'se po'ful sick," groaned the dusky veterinary nurse.

"What in thunder have you been doing, you scoundrelly coon?"

"'Deed an' 'deed, marsa, I tried to do jus' ez yo' tol' me, but somefin' done goned wrong. I got de medicin', an' I put it in de tube an' I put de tube in de hors's mouf, but I cu'en git it down in nohow, case he done get de fust blow on me!"

So with the Chancellor. He got the first blow on his intended victim, and that is why the victim is now before you and accounting for his presence in a place that should be filled by a more worthy representative of the Pennsylvania-Germans.

I confess to being somewhat encumbered with diverse misgivings in being invited to cast the first firebrand into this peaceful assemblage. It recalls to mind the historic time when Pythagoras of Athens organized a School of Silence, and Phryne made the opening speech! But as Lord Bacon once said to Lord Salisbury, so will I say: "I shall content myself to awake better spirits, like a bell-ringer, who is first up to call others to church."

Having accepted your invitation, I am, of course, expected to say something about the Pennsylvania-German—the representative of a race whose hereditary characteristics and conservative political tendencies are closely interwoven with the life of this Commonwealth for over 200 years. It is to this conservative and patriotic element in America that much of our stability as a people and our prosperity as a Commonwealth is due.

They were a sturdy, well-to-do and eminently respectable people—those few hundred who followed Pastorious

over the ocean and filled Pennsylvania from end to end, spread over Western Maryland and down the Shenandoah, over into Ohio, and northward into New York.

The majority of these early immigrants were artisans, and when in this new "land of hope" they soon contributed to the industrial development of the eastern section of Pennsylvania. Their life was of the most peaceful and idyllic kind, which is shown by the fact that while they had established a court in their colony they did not have for many years a case of any sort to be tried before it.

Was it caressing air, the brooding love
Of tenderer skies than German land knew of?
Green calm below, blue quietness above,
Still flow of water, deep repose of wood,
That, with a sense of loving Fatherhood,
And childlike trust in the Eternal Good,
Softened all hearts and dulled the edge of hate,
Hushed strife, and taught impatient zeal to wait
The slow assurance of the better state?

Over seventy years ago Duponceau, in an eloquent reference to the people of this State, as well as to the beauty of their environments, as they existed during the first century of our social existence, said: "Should Pennsylvanians hereafter degenerate, they will not need, like the Greeks, a fabulous Arcadia to relieve the mind from the prospect of their crimes and follies, and to redeem their own vices by the fancied virtues of their forefathers." "It is certain," he adds, "that no country on earth ever exhibited such a scene of happiness, innocence and peace."

It requires no strained effort of the mind to say that all

this was and still is applicable, notably to the eastern section of the State, where the great bulk of our first German immigrants found lodgment, and where precious memories of their achievements in peace and war hang around their honored names like "cherubs on monuments of emblazoned glory."

That race character, which has been developed out of a thousand years of history on another continent, is unaltered by the influences which usually work out radical changes in these matters.

"The more closely we observe this particular race," said W. L. Shelden recently, in his admirable "Plea for the German Element in America;" "the more carefully we note the way it conducts itself among us, the more deeply we go into its past history in its own country, the more will come home to us that the German people will be here on this soil conspicuously a conservative element in America. They are by nature anything but revolutionary. Conservatism appears to be in every element of their character. They are not fond of novelty, like the French; they even hesitate to push forward or advance in their political life, as do the English. They are a slow and long-suffering people. What other people would have endured so patiently the late despotism of the new Emperor after having tasted so much freedom? Indeed, what else but a conservative instinct could hold them so firm, in spite of the extraordinary amount of radical doctrine that would appear to be spreading among the people?"

I might add that the same race characteristics; the

same full measure of patriotic devotion; the same spirit of forbearance; the same sterling virtues of thrift, honesty and sobriety; the same love of personal and political liberty; the same spirit of religious toleration; the same general aspirations for freedom; the same respect for the domestic virtues; the same sweet simplicity of character; the same all-pervading spirit of conservatism; in short, the same racial traits that were observed by Roman historians two thousand years ago, and chronicled in the pages of Cæsar and Tacitus, are present in the Pennsylvania-Germans of to-day—qualities which have come to them by inheritance, and which have been transmitted, unimpaired, through the waste and injuries of centuries of time and tide.

The Pennsylvania-German is rich in the possession of all these sturdy and sterling qualities, and more. It must not be forgotten—and the fact should be presented, whenever occassion offers, as one of the most creditable events in the history of this country—that it was the love of liberty inherent in the Pennsylvania-German that cast the die which determined that Pennsylvania should stand with Washington in 1776. He was as ripe for the Revolution as was the Massachusetts-Puritan, but the measure of his deserving has been largely obscured by the accident of speech and letters not common to the mass of the people, and by a characteristic modesty and reserve, venting itself rather in action than in speech.

When Paris wooed Helen, the fair daughter of Jupiter spoke a language "sweeter than all the heathen Greek." While no such claim can be made for the Pennsylvania-

German vernacular, nor for hundreds of other languages and dialects, for that matter, I protest against the oft-repeated declaration of those who ought to know better, that it is a mere jargon, instead of a legitimate dialect transplanted from the old Palatinate in South Germany. With the exception of a comparatively few English words that have crept into it, the language of the Pennsylvania-German is exactly the same idiom spoken at the present day by the Palatinate peasantry in the Rhine provinces of South Germany, and the same that is spoken even now within the very shadow of the University of Heidelberg.

The native shrewdness of the Pennsylvania-German was shown in his acquisition of the choicest lands in the Pennsylvania and Virginia valleys. These he caused to bloom under a cultivation which represented the joint product of a scientific knowledge and patient toil. Comfort, order and cleanliness have ever been his handmaids, and a contented spirit the outcome of his patience and simple tastes. True, he had tasted of the dregs of poverty, and smarted under the stings of persecution. "He had known Sorrow, oft supped with her, and broke with her the ashen crust."

Who that has read the story of the extreme sufferings of the "Redemptioners," where thousands, sent to this country, were lodged together like herring; where from want of air and nourishment no less than two thousand souls were buried in one year in the seas and at Philadelphia; where the poor immigrants were robbed of what few valuables they had in their possession, and where the living were sold for the fare of some dead friend or foe—

who that has read this pitiful story of oppression and bondage, but must feel a thrill of horror and indignation at the "soul-drivers," as the Newlanders were called, who thus trafficked in human flesh!

Driven as thousands of our forefathers were by the distress of famine and desolating horrors of war from their native land; stripped of their homes and hard earnings; deprived of all the means to carry on their handiwork, and suffering for the actual necessities of life; where, let me ask, where can you find a parallel to the story of suffering and disaster which reddens the opening chapters of German immigration to this country?

And yet the love for Fatherland among the descendants of these people is well-nigh unquenchable. In view of the persecutions and intolerance which these early immigrants suffered at the hands of the parent country, and the almost undying affection with which they cling to its memories, the bestowal of this love seems almost

"Like garlands on Affliction's forehead worn, Kissed at morning, and at evening torn."

Among the old Venetians skepticism was the natural result of the revival of classical learning, which was, of course, confined to the rich and cultured members of the community. Still, it is worth while remembering the general outcry of the people against Paul V., when that aggressive Pope sought to saddle his decrees upon them: "We are Venetians first and Christians afterward." So with the German Americans. They should be Americans first and Germans afterward.

I would say to them: You need not pluck Germany

from out your affections. Let the songs of your ancestral home well up in your hearts, and be eloquent upon your lips—not of the kind which vanish with the uttering—but strains which shall make "every sunrise a worship and every grove a temple."

If, like the Etruscans, who buried their toys with their children, you were asked to bury your memories of the ancestral home, you would be right in resisting the appeal. No right-minded person would think unkindly of you for keeping alive the songs of home and country; for striking the chords of memory in the revival of melodies that will take you back to the well-remembered spot, under the ancestral roof, where

"Twilight poured On dewy pastures, dewy trees, Softer than sleep."

Who would not praise you for warming into sweet remembrance the almost forgotten lullables which, nestling close to the mother's heart, wooed your drowsy baby eyes to slumber—that led you beneath shadowy turrets into the vaulted aisles and cloistered chambers, and along the crimson-lined galleries, of the Castle of Dreams, just at that silent hour when, sleep coming,

"the winged warden's hands
Let fall the still portcullis of the dark,"

And may the echoes of those slumber songs be sweet to you and yours as the slow intoning of the dove in its ancestral tree. Let your songs of home ring out like the merry notes of our orioles and thrushes, whose music touches our hearts like strains from some heaven of melody, and from whose portals flow out the matutinal mysteries which echo through the realms of Sound.

"'Twas a little German poem,
And not fully comprehended,
But the music of its flowing,
Set my thoughts in measure going,
And they sang when it was ended.

Sang it lightly, over, over—
Dainty rhythmic trifle seemed it—
But 'twas like a tune that haunts us,
And when we would name it, daunts us,
Till we half believe we've dreamed it.

Some air-sprite of love a-dreaming,
Woke and sung its joy unsated,
And a poet, swift to hear it,
Echoed softly, while his spirit
Within its tender charm vibrated.

This the little German poem—
Never toiling thought can win it—
It has all the sweet surprising
Of a lark's song upward rising,
And the breath of morn is in it."

Comparatively recent historical research has resulted in the discovery of new materials of history, and the correction of many historical errors. Especially in this true of the Hessian soldiers, whose camping ground near Reading is one of the best known localities in the eastern section of the State, and who have been held up to execration ever since the days of the Revolutionary War. We have been told that they were base, sordid, cruel mercenaries, who sold themselves to fight the battles of a foreign power, and that they were bent only upon rapine and bloodshed. Recent investigations show that they were good soldiers, and that their services were sold to the British nation by their despotic rulers; that they had no choice in the matter of coming as they did, and, as to despoiling the country, the British set the example and were alone responsible.

Almost continuously for two centuries the best blood of Germany has been coming into the United States, and no man can estimate the influence of this people in developing our resources and building up the Nation.

In this composite Nation the people of Germany and their descendants are a fundamental element. It is as useless to try and eliminate them from American history as it would be to ignore the New Englander or the Virginian, and the appropriateness of the Pennsylvania-German Days which have been set apart by the Pennsylvania Chautauqua needs, therefore, no apology nor explanation.

While all this is true, let us not lose sight of the advice given not long ago by Carl Schurz at a German celebration in New York, where he said: "Let us not forget that it is not our mission here as Germans to form a nationality of our own, but to contribute to the American Nation the best within us, and adopt in place of our weak points the good and admirable which we find in those who are Americans like us. No matter how highly we may think of personal liberty, do not let us give to any one just cause to say that it could be possible for the German to lose sight of the most important public interests as soon as the question of drink comes up for consideration."

It is reported that even in the immense German assembly to which this sentiment was addressed in their own language, it was received with the greatest applause.

"It is a proud feeling to be descended from a people that for the past 2,000 years has posed in the centre of historical events and elevated itself to the most cultured nation of the world," said the late Colonel Raine, editor of the German Correspondent, at Baltimore a few years ago. "It was the Germans who in the course of time ridded the tree of mankind of its withered foliage and revived the lethargized nations of the Celtic and Latin races, who were often discomfited, yet never annihilated, and who, ever again recuperating, are the umpire of Europe to-day."

The story of the Puritan and Cavalier, self-assertive and proud of their ancestry, has been told a thousand times—how they laid the foundations for the construction of the grandest Republic in the history man—how they wrested a wilderness from savagery, and how they have made the annals of a century and more of our national life illustrious with the parts they took in the early struggles for American liberty. But it was left for the German to wait for time and numbers to proclaim his mighty influence in helping to fashion the institutions of this country.

As for their treatment in literature, the Pennsylvania-Germans have been sneeringly depicted by cheap newspaper scribblers as a typically stupid people. These writers have no doubt portrayed some illiterate specimen of rustic simplicity—perhaps some lounger in the barroom

of a country town, exaggerated his peculiarities, or, having no sentiment, manufactured a deliberate lie in the hope that it might find lodgment in the vacant cells of some already prejudiced mind.

These detractors of the Pennsylvania-Germans studiously ignore the thrift, industry, patience, honesty and piety of a people who have ever been celebrated for their virtues—virtues that "make the house a home, home a heaven, and create that patriotism of the soul that dares to storm the forts of tyrants and win for mankind freedom of thought and independence of action."

Their social life, pure as the streams that ripple in their meadows, is the outcome of a simplicity born of a wealth of native cheerfulness and manliness that scorns ostentation and that cares nothing for the glittering baubles of a purse-proud aristocracy.

The Pennsylvania-German is preëminently a libertyloving citizen. 'Way down in the profoundest depths of his soul, there are nurtured qualities which make him a lover of home and country; and from his fervid love of liberty and bitter hatred of tyranny these qualities imbue him with a moral and physical heroism that makes him a defender of the rights of the people.

He is, moreover, an eminently practical man, and takes but little for granted. He persistently works for what he gets, and, as a rule, takes good care of what he earns. It is not to his discredit to say that he is of a kind described in a short story, which, by the way, has a significance that carries it beyond the columns of newspaper jests:

A parson who had a call from a little country parish to

a large and wealthy one in a city asked time for prayer and consideration. Finally some one met his youngest son on the street.

"Wie is es, Josiah," said the neighbor; "gehdt dei Dawdy noch Allentown?" "How is it, Josiah, is your father going to Allentown?"

"Well," answered the youngest judiciously, "Der Pap dhut als noch bede for Helling, avver die menshte von die Sacha sin shun g'packt." "Pap is still praying for light, but most of the things are already packed."

The Pennsylvania-German is fully persuaded that it is his first duty to pay his debts; to provide for his family with anxious toil, rather than leave them penniless at his death. He has ever been conspicuous for his quiet demeanor, and while other nationalities have been claiming the earth he has been satisfied, as some one has expressed it, "to have the title deeds stored away in his safe." But he is gradually coming to the front—in the army, the navy, in Congress, in our legislative halls, in judiciary departments, as also in literature, theology and philosophy.

For a number of years in succession the sons of Pennsylvania-Germans have led the graduating classes in many of the leading institutions of learning, and only recently one of them graduated at the head of his class at the West Point Military Academy, with another of the same race a close second, while at another of the large colleges a Pennsylvania-German boy carried off a \$400 money price for proficiency in learning. Only a month ago occurred the death of a Pennsylvania-German, Dr. Charles Rudy, a most remarkable man, who was founder and

President of the International Institute in the city of Paris—a school that attracted students from all over the world; that had one hundred and fifty professors, and that had the patronage of counts and princes, of priests and prelates—among them the Prince of Wales and Pere Hyacinthe.

The newly-elected Superintendent of the Public Schools of Pennsylvania is of the same stock. The Deputy Superintendent, who has been occupying a prominent position as one of the foremost educators of the State, is a Pennsylvania-German. So were a number of the best Governors of the State-Snyder, Ritner, Shultz, Wolf, Shunk, Bigler, Hartranft and Beaver. So was David Rittenhouse, Pennsylvania's illustrious astronomer, who discovered the compensative pendulum and made an orrery for Princeton College much superior to anything before attempted, and who was a member of all the learned societies in this country and Europe. Barbara Fritchie, immortalized by Whittier, was undoubtedly of Pennsylvania-German stock, "Fredericktown" having been among the places in Maryland settled in 1710 by German immigrants from this State.

During the Revolution we had such men as General Muhlenberg, General Hiester and Christopher Ludwig, Commissary in Washington's army, and, in more recent time, such eminent physicians and professors as Dr. Gross and the brothers Leidy, and Wistar and Kuhn of the University of Pennsylvania, to represent the Americans of German ancestry.

The first Governor of New York, or New Netherlands,

as it was called, Peter Minnewit, and one of his successors, Jacob Leisler, were of German and not of Dutch extraction; an interesting fact which everybody does not know.

Even Columbus had a German teacher, Martin Behain, the great geographer, then living on islands west of Spain, from whom the great discoverer learned the science which led to the discovery of the New World. There were Germans with both Pizarros, and as early as 1521 a German commander, Dalfienger, was pushing his way through Orinsco, and founding a colony in Venezuela, where patents were issued to him by Emperor Charles the Fifth.

The quickening currents of German life have been felt everywhere in this cosmopolitan land of ours, but time forbids my dwelling upon this remarkable phase of our national life as I should like to do, having already pointed out many of the historic acts creditable to our ancestry in an address delivered at the organization of the Pennsylvania-German Society at Lancaster, a little over two years ago, and published in the first annual report of the proceedings of that body. In a merely general way I would say, therefore, that the Germans who came to this country were the first in America to protest against human slavery; the first to print the Bible in this country; they issued the first work on the philosophy of teaching. They brought the Bible and the Catechism, and the first thing they did was to lay the foundation for a log church, then establish a school by the side of the church. Between 1745 and 1820 fifteen editions of the New Testament had been published in German in Pennyslvania, and seven before the New Testament appeared in English. Germans were the first to manufacture paper here; the first to explore, in 1669, the region west of the Alleghenies; the first to tread the soil of the Wyoming Valley; the first to make a map of Maryland; the first interpreters between the white men and the Indians. They were the first piano makers, chemists, tanners, glass blowers and makers of furniture. A German started the first iron works and powder mills in Virginia. The father of the liberty of the press in this country was a German. Germans have taken an active part in the great national conflicts, 400,000 alone taking part in the late Rebellion.

And now, in conclusion, permit me to say that German blood and German brain and brawn have made a deep impress on this country; that one need not quote history to prove that the industry and morality of the German race have been notable, that their oft-tested patriotism has been unfailing, that their clear common sense and conservatism have often erected a bulwark against fanaticism.

Eloquent with golden traditions, and radiant with the flutter of flame-like banners, one may trace on the broad canvas of the centuries, as one may see in the blended colors of the two nations that sweep across its face like the deep rose of dawn, the development of a race that, perhaps less than any other, endeavors to maintain its individuality, its prejudices and its old home habits when once it has forged the indissoluble links that bind it to the great Republic.

Let us, therefore, strive to perpetuate the memory of

our forefathers. The project to erect a monument in honor of Conrad Weiser—now being discussed in Berks county—is a step in the right direction and should be encouraged. Not Pompey's Pillar, nor Trajan's Arch, nor the Arc de Triomphe of Napoleon should stand as our models. As has been well said by another: "We commemorate not the spoils of conquest, nor the lust of ambition. We strive to perpetuate the memory of men who had nothing in common with the tyrants of mankind, but it is my earnest prayer that we may build a monument which, like Memnon's statue, breaking into music with every rising sun, shall speak inspired accents to the sons and daughters of America of all generations, proclaiming the toil, the dangers, the sacrifices, the virtues, the principles and the achievements of our sires."

# In Memoriam.

The Society sustained a loss of two members by death since the last volume was printed. The first was the Hon. Adolphus Reinæhl, of Lebanon, Pa., who died on September 29, 1893. A very full biographical sketch of him appeared in Volume 3. The second was Col. S. C. Slaymaker, of Lancaster, Pa.

### Samuel Cochran Slaymaker.

Samuel Cochran Slavmaker was born on the old Slavmaker homestead, in Salisbury township, Lancaster county, on April 22, 1828. He was a direct descendant of Mathias Slaymaker, who immigrated to this country from Strasburg, Germany, in 1710, and located in Lancaster county. The family has been one of consideration for generations. The deceased received his early education in the public schools and the Bellevue Academy. He took up the profession of engineering, having had for his preceptor the eminent engineer and author, John C. Trautwine. At the age of twenty-four he assisted in surveying a railroad line from the Atlantic to the Pacific, across the Isthmus of Panama. He followed his profession almost uninterruptedly until his death, and was engaged in the service of many railroads. His reputation was that of a methodical, careful, competent engineer, and as such he was widely known to railroad men. He was transcribing clerk of the State Legislature in 1854-5. Governor Pollock made him a member of his military staff with the title of colonel. He was a man of great intelligence and varied information. In religion he adhered to the Presbyterian faith. He was a member of the Masonic order. His death, which was due to a stroke of apoplexy, occurred on February 2, 1894. A wife, two sons and a daughter survive him. F. R. D.

**经公司外的联系的企业工程的企业工程** 

#### Dr. Oswald Seidensticker.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Pennsylvania-German Society, held at Reading on April 12, 1894, attention was called to the death of the late Professor Oswald Seidensticker, of the University of Pennsylvania, which occurred on January 10, 1894. On motion, a Committee, of which Dr. J. Max Hark was made chairman, was appointed to prepare a suitable minute relative to the demise of that eminent scholar and author, which is here appended:

WHEREAS, In the course of divine Providence, Dr. Oswald Seidensticker has been removed from the scene of his earthly labors and usefulness; and

Whereas, Though he was not nominally a member of the Pennsylvania-German Society, yet was always recognized by it as one of the most sympathetic, distinguished and valuable co-laborers in the work which the Society has set for itself; therefore

Resolved, That the Pennsylvania-German Society herewith expresses its profound sense of the great loss to the community, to the literature of the Germans in America, and to the cause of the Pennsylvania-Germans in particular, that has been sustained by the decease of Dr. Oswald Seidensticker, the eminent scholar, historian and literateur and distinguished representative of the best elements of our German-American citizenship.

Resolved further, That the deep and sincere sympathy and condolence of the Society be conveyed to the bereaved family of the deceased, the pain of whose bereavement in the loss of so tender and true a husband and father must be unutterably great; and, finally,

Resolved, That the above preamble and resolutions be engrossed on the Minutes of the Pennsylvania-German Society, and a copy of the same be sent to the family of the deceased.

李治士的书籍也 人名英格兰斯蒙古维尔

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J. Max Hark,

E. H. Rauch.

1894-1895.

Clement Z. Weiser,

C. P. Hummerich.

1895-1896.

Lee L. Grumbine,

S. W. Pennypacker.

1896-1897.

Theodore E. Schmauk,

Thos. C. Zimmerman.

1897-1898.

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H. A. Muhlenburg,C. P. Hummerich,A. Hiestand Glatz.

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History and Tradition.

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Clement Z. Weiser,
S. W. Pennypacker,
J. Max Hark,
Frank Ried Diffenderffer.



## BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

At the meeting of the Executive Committee held in Lancaster on April 10, 1894, the subject of securing biographical sketches of members not contained in Volume III. of Proceedings and Addresses was discussed, and S. M. Sener having offered to collate the same, his services were accepted by the Committee. Blank forms were prepared and sent to the members, and to many of them answers were received. A large number, however, did not respond, and this is to be regretted, as a complete biographical register of the members would form a valuable contribution to Pennsylvania genealogy. With the exception of four or five of the longer sketches, the following are Mr. Sener's work.

AYERS, BUCHER, Philadelphia, Pa.

Beidelman, William, Easton, Pa. Born January 17, 1840. Son of Daniel Beidelman, son of Abraham, son of Samuel, son of Elias Beidelman, who came to America in 1730; is a lawyer, and was educated at New York Conference Seminary, Rensselear Polytechnic Institute, and graduated from the Law Department of the University

of Albany. Member of New York Geographical Society. Served as Dictrict Attorney, State Senator and Mayor of Easton. Lieutenant 153d Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, during the Civil War, and served with the Army of the Potomac from October, 1862, until July 4, 1863. Engaged with his command in the campaigns and battles of Chancellorsville and Gettysburg.

BITTENGER, JOHN WIERMAN, York, Pa. Born November 10, 1834, at York Springs, Adams county, Pa. Son of Henry Bittenger, son of Joseph, son of Capt. Nicholas Bittenger, of the Army of the Revolution, son of Hans Adam Bittenger, who landed in America in 1736, from Alsace. Is a lawyer, and was educated at Sharburg and Rockville, Maryland, Academies and Pennsylvania College, at Gettysburg. Was District Attorney of York county six years, from January, 1862, and is Judge of the the Courts since November 26, 1890. Was admitted to the bar August 31, 1860; elected a Judge of the Courts, November, 1890; filled out Judge Gibson's (deceased) term by appointment of Governor Beaver.

BLASSER, JARED FRANCIS, York, Pa.

Boll, Henry, York, Pa.

Breeswine, George W., York, Pa.

BRICKER, JOHN RANDOLPH, born July 14, 1841, near Lititz, Lancaster county, Pa., son of David Bricker, son of Peter, son of Christian, son of Peter Bricker, a Mennonite who emigrated from Switzerland during the year 1733, and settled in Cocalico township, Lancaster county, Pa. His mother was Lucinda A. Petersen, daughter of John Petersen, a Danish Moravian, who emigrated

to Lititz about 1795. He was married to Rachel Ricksecker, daughter of Jacob Ricksecker, a son of Peter Ricksecker, who emigrated to Mount Joy township, Pa., from Berne, Oberland, Switzerland, in 1740. J.R. Bricker's uncle, John Bricker, was a millwright by trade, and built the first mill to go by water in Texas, having emigrated to that Mexican province with Austin; he was afterwards killed in the war with Mexico, which led to the independence of Texas. J. R. Bricker's grandmother on the paternal side was Eva Magdalena Holstein, daughter of George Holstein, son of Leonard Holstein, who emigrated from the Province of New York to that of Pennsylvania, settling at Millbach, Lebanon county, in 1728, having originally emigrated from the Palatinate to England, and from there to the interior of New York about 1710. George Holstein served in Captain Hudson's company during the Revolution. His brother Michael, who afterwards changed his name to Stoner, was a companion of Daniel Boone, and at one time the only white man in Kentucky. He took part in the battle of King's Mountain, the capture of Vincennes, and was wounded at the seige of Boone's Fort and the massacre of Blue Licks. He was educated at the Lititz Academy, and was appointed Captain of Company F, 179th Pennsylvania Regiment, in November, 1862. After being mustered out he was appointed a Commissioner of Subsistence by President Lincoln with the rank of Captain and later Brevet Major.

Brunner, David B., Reading, Pa. Born March 7, 1835. Son of John Brunner, son of George, son of William, son of Peter Brunner, who landed in America Sep-

tember 2, 1749. Principal and proprietor of the Reading Business College, and was educated at Dickinson College. Was a member of the 51st and 52d Congresses. Author of "Elements of English Grammar and Analysis," "Practical Treatise on Single Entry Book-keeping," "Practical Treatise on Double Entry Book-keeping," and "The Indians of Berks County, Pa."

Buehrle, Robert K., was born September 24, 1840, at Ueberlingen, am Bodensee, Grand Duchy of Baden, Germany, and came with his parents to "The Swamp," in Bucks county, Pa., in 1848. His father's name was Joseph Buehrle and his mother's Joanna Koch. His father's native town was Kappel am Rhein. The latter six years in the militia and six years as guardsman in the Revenue Department on the frontier, where he so greatly distinguished himself for courage and fidelity to duty, as well as intelligence, as to merit and receive promotion to the position of Internal Revenue Collector and Assessor in his native town. Here he served for three years, but the country was already in the throes of the Revolution of 1848, and Joseph Buehrle could not do otherwise than choose the side of the Liberals and of Freedom; while the government, for its part, had no use for such, and so he lost his position and came to America, first in 1844, and having returned, he came finally and to remain in 1845. He always was proud of his American citizenship, which he obtained as early as he could, and in 1848 he wrote his friends in Germany: "I am now body and soul an American." As was perfectly natural he was opposed to slavery, and when the Democratic party ceased to be the party of freedom, he voted with the Republican to the close of his life.

For a period of eleven years young Buehrle followed the canal as a boat boy, attending the poorest kind of district schools for about two months in the winter. But his capacity for absorbing knowledge from books was extraordinary, and in the fall of 1858 he literally stepped from the canal boat to the teacher's platform in a district school near his own home. His next position was that of assistant teacher in a local normal school, and soon afterwards that of principal of an academy. In 1863 he accepted a position as clerk in the employ of the Pennsylvania R. R. Company. Believing he was intended by nature for an educator, he soon afterwards accepted the position of Principal of the Allentown High School, in 1865. While occupying that position he was elected the first Superintendent of the schools of that city, in 1868, a position he filled with much credit to himself and to the great benefit of the schools until 1878. During his incumbency he displayed such eminent qualifications in the organization and management of the schools of that city as to place them second to none in the State. Called to a similar position at Reading, he served two years in that city with great success and acceptability. He resigned this position to accept a call made from Lancaster to do as City Superintendent of Public Schools what he had so successfully done at Allentown. Here he has labored uninterruptedly and most successfully since 1880, having meanwhile declined several calls to other localities, including one to his former position in Reading in 1885. Dr. Buehrle is a born educator. As a systematical organizer

he can hardly be said to have a superior. Wherever he takes hold an immediate and most wholesome influence is at once observed. Although not a university man, he has, nevertheless, succeeded in attaining to large and varied scholarship, which is at its owner's ready command. He is the author of "Grammatical Praxis" (1877), and "Practical Exercises in Arithmetic" (1886). As a just tribute to his wide scholastic attainments and his eminent abilities as an educator, Franklin and Marshall College in 1880 conferred on him the honorary degree of A. M. and that of Ph. D. in 1886. Plain in speech, but a skillful debater, and thoroughly in earnest, he makes his influence felt in educational associations, but it is more especially as a thorough worker in the organization of city school systems that his remarkable educational qualifications are seen at their best. This fact has been widely recognized, and his opinions and active assistance have often been invoked.

Capp, Thomas Henry, Lebanon, Pa. Born August 15, 1860. Son of George Thomas Capp, son of John, son of Jacob, son of Christian Capp. Is an attorney-at-law, and was educated at Swatara Collegiate Institute, Jonestown, Lebanon county, Pa. Member of State Legislature from Lebanon county, three terms, 1887, 1889 and 1891.

CRIDER, DAVID WILSON, York, Pa.
CROLL, REV. PHILIP C., Lebanon, Pa.
DARON, GEORGE, York, Pa.
DUNDORE, FRANKLIN, Jr., Philadelphia, Pa.
DUNDORE, CHARLES R., Philadelphia, Pa.
DUNDORE, NATHAN, Lansdale, Pa.

EGLE, WILLIAM HENRY, M. D. William Henry Egle was born in the city of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, September 3, 1830. His ancestors settled in Pennsylvania prior to 1740, coming on one side from Switzerland and on the other side from the Palatinate, Germany. A great-great-grandfather was an officer in the French and Indian Wars, through whom he derives membership in the Society of Colonial Wars; through his grandfather on the paternal side in the Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution, and through his maternal grandfather in the General Society of the War of 1812. His parents were John Egle and Elizabeth von Treupel, both natives of Pennsylvania. His father dying when he was four years of age, he went to his paternal grandmother, to whom he was indebted for his careful training during childhood and youth. He was educated in the public and private schools of Harrisburg, and for two years attended the Harrisburg Military Institute, under the care of Capt. Alden Partridge, where he pursued the study of the classics and higher mathematics. Not having the opportunity of entering college, he determined to learn the art of printing, and for this purpose spent three years in the office of the Pennsylvania Telegraph, during most of which time he was foreman of the establishment. Subsequently he had charge of the State printing. In 1853, having been a frequent correspondent of the monthly magazines, he undertook the editorship of the Literary Companion (which was discontinued at the end of six months), at the same time the editing of the Daily Times, afterwards merged into one of the other newspaper ventures of Harrisburg.

In 1854 he began the study of medicine with Dr. Charles C. Bombaugh, of Harrisburg, during a portion of which period, that and the following year, he was assistant teacher in the boys' school of the then North Ward; afterward mailing clerk in the postoffice under Messrs. Brant and Porter. In the fall of 1857 he resigned his position and entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which institution he graduated in March, 1859. The same year he located at Harrisburg, and was in the practice of his profession there when, in 1862, after the battles of Chantilly and the second Bull Run, he was telegraphed by Adjutant-General Russell, of Pennsylvania, to go to Washington to assist in the care of the wounded, which duty he performed. In September of that year he was commissioned Assistant Surgeon of the Ninety-sixth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, and in the summer of 1863 Surgeon of the Fortyseventh Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteer Militia.

At the close of service with the latter command he resumed his profession, but afterward, at the earnest solicitation of Adjutant-General Thomas, of the United States Army, he accepted the appointment, by President Lincoln, of Surgeon of Volunteers, and was ordered to Camp Nelson, Kentucky, to examine the colored regiments then being raised in that State. He was subsequently detailed with the cavalry battalions under Col. James Brisbin and Col. James F. Wade, thence ordered to the Department of the James under General Butler and assigned to the Twenty-fifth Army Corps. During the Appomatox campaign he was chief executive medical officer of General

Birney's division, Twenty-fourth Army Corps, and upon the return from that campaign was ordered to Texas with General Jackson's division, Twenty-fifth Army Corps, as its chief medical officer. In December, 1865, he resigned the service and returned home, when for a brief period he partly resumed the practice of his profession, and for twenty years was annually appointed Physician to the Dauphin county prison. This position he resigned in March, 1887, when Governor Beaver, recognizing the peculiar fitness of the appointment, commissioned him State Librarian, the Senate promptly confirming him. The newspaper press spoke, universally, so flatteringly of this, and so well has he administered the office that Governor Pattison re-appointed him in 1891; and again in in March, 1894.

The present effectiveness of the State Library, now in the front rank of the large libraries of our country, due Dr. Egle's management, has been greatly appreciated by students at large. Upon the organization of the National Guard, in 1870, Dr. Egle was appointed Surgeon-in-Chief of the Fifth Division, with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel, and subsequently in the consolidation of the commands, transferred to Surgeon of the Eighth Regiment; in 1885 commissioned Surgeon-in-Chief of the Third Brigade, a military position he now occupies, and is the senior medical officer in the National Guard of Pennsylvania. Acquiring an early taste for historical research, during relaxation from professional duties, when he returned from the army, in 1866, he commenced the preparation of his "History of Pennsylvania," published

in 1876, which went through a second edition in 1882. His various publications are as follows: "Sketch of the Early History of Harrisburg" (1856; "Col. Timothy Green of the Army of the Revolution" (1867); "Parson Elder, A Biography" (1868); "William McClay, A Biography" (1876); "Historical Review of Dauphin County" (1876); "Contributions to the History of Dauphin County" (1876): "History of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania" (1876, bi-centennial edition 1883); "The Dixons of Dixon's Ford" (1879); "Memorial of John Augustus Smull" (1881); "In Memoriam: Beverly Waugh Egle" (1882); "Historical Register" (2 vols., 1883-1884); "History of the County of Dauphin" (1883); "History of the County of Lebanon" (1883); "Journal of Witham Marsh at the Treaty of Lancaster, 1744 "(1885); "Centennial Memorial, County of Dauphin and City of Harrisburg" (1886); "Kurz und bundiger Auszug der Geschichte von Dauphin County" (1886); "Pennsylvania Genealogies, Scotch, Irish and German" (1886); "Glimpses of the History of Old Paxtang Church" (1890); "William Denning, the Blacksmith of the Revolution" (1890); "The First Indian Massacre in the Valley of Wyoming" (1890); "Harrisburg-on-the-Susquehanna" (1892); "Notes and Queries, Historical, Biographical and Genealogical" (3 vols., 1879-1884; 3 vols., 1887-1894). He was co-editor of the "Pennsylvania Archives," Vols. I. to XII., second series, and editor of Vols. XIII. to XIX. He has almost ready for publication "The Paxtang Boys," "Landmarks of Scotch-Irish Settlement in Pennsylvania," "Early Settlers in the Cumberland Valley," "The Early German-Swiss

Settlement in Pennsylvania," "The Buckshot War," and a second series of "Pennsylvania Genealogies."

He has been honored by election as corresponding member of the principal historical societies of the United States, as well as of several learned societies in France and England, and in 1878 received the honorary degree of M. A. from Lafayette College in acknowledgement of his services in historic research. He was one of the founders and the first presiding officer of the Pennsylvania-German Society, and, by virtue of his services as an officer in the War for the Union, a member of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion, Commandery of Pennsylvania. In addition, he preserves his membership in the Dauphin County Medical Society, and is an active member of the "Association of Military Surgeons of the United States." Dr. Egle, on July 24, 1860, married Eliza White Beatty, daughter of George Beatty, Esq. Their eldest child, Beverly Waugh, died at the age of twenty-one, on the eve of completing his medical course at college. other children are Sarah Beatty, wife of Robert J. Holmes, and Catharine Irwin, residing with her parents at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

ENDLICH, GUSTAV ADOLPH, Reading, Pa.

EBNER, EDMUND, York, Pa.

ERMENTROUT, DANIEL, Reading, Pa.

Ermentrout, James N., Reading, Pa.

EYSTER, WILLIAM, York, Pa.

FISHER, GEORGE GARIBALDI, York, Pa. Born November 10, 1861. Son of Henry L. Fisher, son of John, son of Friederich Fischer. His maternal great-great-

grandfather was Jost Herbach, who landed in America, at Philadelphia, in 1732. Is an attorney-at-law, and was educated in public schools of York, and graduated at the York Collegiate Institute in June, 1879. His maternal great-great-grandfather, Jost Herbach, a Swiss, arrived in Pennsylvania in 1732, and settled, first in Maxatawny Valley, Berks county, Pa. In 1743 the family removed to Hellam township, on Kreuz Creek, York county, Pa., where the eldest Jost died in April, 1762, the date of the probate of his will, at York. His great-grandfather, Jost Herbach, was born on the Kreuz Creek homestead farm (now Stoner's), October 11, 1741. He was a teamster in Braddock's expedition, a captain in the Revolutionary service, and a member of the State Legislature in 1799. He died at Hagerstown, Md., August 1, 1832.

Forney, Silas H., York, Pa.

FRYSINGER, JESSE, York, Pa.

FRICK, BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, York, Pa. Born June 9, 1841. Son of John P. Frick, son of Jacob, son of Christian, son of Jacob Frick Is Prothonotary of the Courts of York county, Pa., and was educated in the public schools of York county, and the York County Academy. He served four years and eight months during the late Rebellion, and part of the time a member of Company A, 87th Regiment, P. V., and afterwards officer in the 39th U. S. C. Troops, also prisoner of war at Libby Prison and Belle Island, Richmond, Va.

GALLATIN, JOHN DALLAS, YORK, Pa.

Geiss, Frank, York, Pa.

GEISS, ISRAEL FELKER, York, Pa.

GILLAN, RUSH W., Chambersburg, Pa.

Gobin, John Peter Shindel, Lebanon, Pa. Born, January 26, 1837. Son of Samuel Shoemaker Gobin, son of Edward, son of Charles Gobin. Educated in the public schools, and is an attorney-at-law. Member of the Senate of Pennsylvania since 1884. Served in the War of the Rebellion from April 19, 1861, to January 9, 1866, retiring as Brevet Brigadier General U. S. V.; at present in National Guard, Brigadier General. Is a Past Grand Master of Knights Templar of the United States.

GLESSNER, JAMES G., York, Pa. GROSS, JOHN KUNKEL, YORK, Pa.

GRUMBINE, SAMUEL, Titusville, Pa.

GRUMBINE, LEE LIGHT, Lebanon, Pa. Born July 25, Son of John Philip Grumbine, son of John, (maternal, John Light); son of Jacob Grumbine. His greatgrandfather was Peter Führer, who was a school teacher among the Moravian pioneers. He received his education in the public schools, Palatinate College in Pennsylvania, and Weslevan University in Connecticut, where he graduated in 1881. After graduation he studied law and was admitted to the Bar of his county in 1884, and to the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania in 1887. Is a member of the American Philological Society, and founder of Lebanon daily and weekly Report, and editor and part owner of the same until February, 1894. One of the organizers of the Pennsylvania-German Society and author of "The Marriage of the Muse," and "The Priestess of Chi Psi." Is one of the promoters of the Pennsylvania Chautauqua, and an elocutionist of ability.

Harbaugh, Linn, Chambersburg, Pa.
Haines, Harvey W., York, Pa.
Hautz, Charles Edward, York, Pa.
Hecht, Charles Edward, Reading, Pa.
Heller, John W., York, Pa.
Heiges, George W., York, Pa.
Heiges, Samuel B., York, Pa.
Hermon, Charles A., York, Pa.

Hertz, John Lincoln, Lexington, Lancaster county, Pa. Born, August 4, 1864. Son of John Krick Hertz, son of John Hertz. Is a physician, and graduated at Millersville State Normal School in 1885, and at Medical Department of University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, in 1892. Member of Normal Literary Society, Millersville; D. Hayes Agnew Surgical Society, Philadelphia.

HILL, CHARLES FREDERICK. Hazleton, Luzerne county, Pa. Born December 2, 1834. Son of Jacob Hill, son of Frederick, son of Frederick Hill. Ancestor landed about 1709. Is at present in the insurance business. Was educated in the public schools of Columbia county, Pa., and was elected the first Sheriff of Dickinson county, Iowa, (Spirit Lake), in 1857, and elected the first Republican County Commissioner of Luzerne county, Pa., in 1869. Was appointed a Commissioner of the Circuit Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania, by the Hon. Salmon P. Chase, on the 2d day of April, 1870, which office he still holds.

HOFFMAN, Amos, York, Pa. Born on November 18, 1842. Son of Frederick Hoffman, son of Philip Hoffman. Is a merchant, and was educated in the common

schools. Served in the three months' service during the Civil War.

HOFFMAN, WALTER JAMES, Washington, D. C. Born May 30, 1846. Son of William Frederick Hoffman, M. D., son of Michael, son of Paul, son of Martin, son of Paul Hoffman. His ancestors landed in America in 1764. He graduated from Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, Pa., in March, 1866, with title of M. D. Is at present ethnologist in charge of Bureau of Ethnology, Washington, D. C. At the outbreak of the Franco-Prussian War, he received a commission of surgeon in the Prussian army and was assigned to the Seventh Army Corps, located near Metz. For "distinguished services rendered" he was decorated by the Emperor William I, and after his return to America he was appointed, in 1871, Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. A., and naturalist to the expedition for the exploration of Nevada and Arizona, Lieutenant (now Major) Wheeler, U. S. Engineer Corps, commanding. Dr. Hoffman was ordered, in August, 1872, to the militay post at Grand River Agency, (now North) Dakota, where he served as post surgeon and prosecuted researches in the language and mythology of the Dakota Indians. In the spring of 1873 Dr. Hoffman was detailed to accompany the Seventh U.S. Cavalry, General Custer commanding, and was later transferred to the Twenty-second Infantry, the regiment of which General Stanley was then colonel.

Dr. Hoffman has made special investigation with the organization (existing among all tribes of Indians, in some form or other) usually denominated the Grand

Medicine Society, and for this purpose, as well as for the collection of anthropomorphic and other ethnologic data, has visited most of the aboriginal tribes of the United States and the northwest coast of America.

Dr. Hoffman has received a number of decorations of knighthood, among them being the "Medal of Steel" at the non-combattant ribbon, for distinguished service during Franco-German War, by Emperor William I.; from Oscar II., King of Norway and Sweden, with the "Royal Norwegian Golden Medal of Merit," with crown, 1889; knight of the "Order of Mélúsine," conferred by Her Royal Highness, Marie Princess of Lusignair, direct descendant to throne of Kings of Jerusalem, 1889; the order of the "Bust of the Liberator," IV. Class (officer), of Venezuela, by President and Federal Council, November 12, 1887.

He is a member and corresponding member of numerous scientific and historical societies of this country and Europe.

Kendig, Harrison, York, Pa.

Kershner, Jefferson E., Lancaster, Pa. Born August 16, 1854. Son of John Kershner, son of John Kershner. Is a professor of mathematics in Franklin and Marshall College. Educated at Franklin and Marshall College and Yale College. Fellow of American Association for Advancement of Science.

Kell, Joseph (honorary member), York, Pa.

KNERR, JACOB LEVI, Reading, Pa.

Kreibel, Howard Weigner, Pennsburg, Pa.

LATIMER, JAMES W. (honorary member), York, Pa.

Levering, Joseph Mortimer (Bishop), Bethlehem, Pa. Lemberger, Joseph Lyon, Lebanon, Pa. Born December 7, 1834. Son of Lyon Lemberger, son of Solomon Lemberger. Ancestors landed in America about 1817. Is a pharmacist and educated at the Lebanon Academy, and took a professional course in Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, graduating in 1854. Member of Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, American Pharmaceutical Association and Pennsylvania Pharmaceutical Association. Served in 11th Pennsylvania Volunteer Militia and 26th Regular Pennsylvania Volunteer Militia. At present a member of, and Secretary of Board of Trustees, of Asylum for Chronic Insane at Wernersville, Pa., and Trustee of Philadelphia College of Pharmacy.

Loucks, Augustus, York, Pa. Born April 7, 1840. Son of Peter Loucks, son of Casper, son of Peter Loucks, who landed in America September 20, 1738. Is a book-keeper, and was educated in the public schools of York, Pa. Was a private in Co. K, 2d Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, also Second Lieutenant of independent company.

MARSHALL, LOGAN A., York, Pa.

Martin, Edwin Konigmacker, Lancaster, Pa. Born October 1, 1844. Son of Barton B. Martin, son of John, son of Abraham Martin, who landed at Philadelphia, Pa., in 1717. Matriculated at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass.; Amherst College, Amherst, Mass.; and Columbia Law School, New York City, and is a lawyer by profession. Served during the late Civil War in the 79th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry. Author of "The Mennonites."

Maurer, Daniel C., Harrisburg, Pa. Born December 19, 1823, at Mount Joy, Lancaster county, Pa. Son of Daniel Maurer, son of John Maurer. Educated at Richland Academy, Mount Joy, Pa., and is a member of the Historical Society of Dauphin County. Elected an alderman of Harrisburg.

MENTZER, JOHN FRANKLIN, Ephrata, Lancaster county, Pa. Born March 18, 1862. Son of Allen W. Mentzer, son of John, son of Freiderich, son of Conrad Mentzer, who landed in America about 1745. Is a physician, and was educated in the public schools at Schaefferstown, Lebanon county, Pa.; the Huntingdon Normal College at Huntingdon, Pa.; graduated at the Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, in 1882. of State and County Medical Societies. Was postmaster at Ephrata, Pa., during President Benjamin Harrison's administration and member of the Ephrata Board of Health. Frequent contributor to medical journals, and author of "The Growth of Scientific Medicine" and "Is Death Painful." Was for 10 years the attending physician to the inmates of the monastery at Ephrata (The Seventh Day Baptist Society). Is a member of the board of trustees of the "Ephrata Monument Association," in memory of 196 patriots buried near Ephrata, who died and were buried there after the battle of Brandywine, September 11, 1777.

MILLER, HENRY GRANT, Lebanon, Pa.

Mosser, H., Reading, Pa. Born August 1, 1837. Son of Daniel Mosser, son of John Michael, son of Nicholas, son of John Adam Mosser, who came to America in 1728.

Entered (Preparatory) Academy of Franklin and Marshall College in 1853, entered College in 1854 and graduated in 1858. Continued studies in Theological Seminary at Mercersburg 1858–1860. Entered the ministry of the Reformed Church, and was ordained August 12, 1860. Served as pastor of the Landisburg charge, Perry county, Pa, 1860–1864; St. Paul's church, Lancaster, Pa., 1864–1867; Paradise charge, Northumberland county, Pa., 1867–1873; First Reformed church, Reading, Pa., 1873 to date. Served nine years as Secretary of Board of Trustees of Palatinate College, Myerstown, Pa. Member of the Board of Trustees of Franklin and Marshall College.

NESS, HENRY, York, Pa.

Ranck, George Hildebrand, New Holland, Lancaster county, Pa. Born February 2, 1843. Son of Daniel Ranck, son of Isaac, son of John Philip Ranck. Editor and publisher. Educated in public schools and a select private school. Was a member of State Legislature of Pennsylvania from 1889 to 1890. Is a member of the board of trustees having charge of the "New Holland School Fund accumulated from the sale of a large school building erected in New Holland in 1787.

Pennypacker, Samuel W., Philadelphia, Pa. The direct paternal ancestor of Samuel W. Pennypacker, was "Hendrick Pannebecker, Surveyor of lands for the Penns, 1674–1754," and who was a conspicuous figure in the early days of the Province. Among the German ancestry of Judge Pennypacker were Abraham Op den Graeff, Hermannus Kuster, Hendrick Sellen, Peter Conrad, Cor-

nelius Tyson, Hans Peter Umstat, and others of the first settlers of Germantown. His father, Dr. Isaac A. Pennypacker, an eminent Philadelphia physician, was Professor of Practice in the Philadelphia College of Medicine, and his grandfather, Matthias Pennypacker, was a member of Assembly and of the Constitutional Convention of 1837. He was born in Phœnixville, April 9, 1843, and was educated at the Grovemont Seminary in that borough and West Philadelphia Institute, where he was prepared for Yale. He was a private in the 26th Pennsylvania Emergency Regiment in 1863, which regiment was the first force to meet the rebel army at Gettysburg, and a bronze statue has been erected by the State on the battlefield to commemorate its services. In 1869 he commanded Fred. Taylor Post, No. 19, G. A. R., and at different times delivered Decoration Day orations at Laurel Hill, Christ Church and Kennett Square.

He read law with the Hon. Peter McCall, and in 1866 was admitted to the Bar, and was graduated Bachelor of Laws by the University of Pennsylvania. In 1868 he was elected President of the Law Academy, of Philadeldelphia. Together with E. G. Platt and Samuel S. Hollingsworth, Esquires, he completed a "Digest of the English Common Law Reports;" he has prepared four volumes of Supreme Court cases known as "Pennypacker's Reports," and also a volume of "Pennsylvania Colonial Cases," and has aided in the preparation of thirty-three volumes of "Weekly Notes of Cases." He was admitted to the Bar of the Supreme Court of the United States in 1887, and Franklin and Marshall College conferred upon him the

honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. He was appointed Judge of the Philadelphia Court of Common Pleas No. 2, to fill the vacancy caused by the elevation of Judge Mitchell to the Supreme Court, by Governor Beaver, in 1889, and was elected in the fall of that year by a substantially unanimous vote of both parties for a full term of ten years. Since that time he has been engaged continuously in the performance of judicial duties.

He has taken an interest in the investigation of local historical subjects, and his published books, papers and addresses number thirty-three, some of which have been translated into German and Dutch. For his address in the American Academy of Music in 1883 at the Bi-Centennial Celebration of the beginning of the German emigration to America, he was officially thanked by Prince Bismarck, and he delivered the address at the dedication of the Schiller monument in Fairmount Park.

He is a Vice-President of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, a trustee of the University of Pennsylvania, President of the Netherlands Society of Pennsylvania, one of the founders of the Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution, a member of the American Philosophical Society, and of other learned and literary institutions. From 1886 to 1889 he was a member of the Board of Public Education of Philadelphia.

His library of early Pennsylvania printed books, comprising about five thousand volumes, many of which relate to the Germans of this State, is unexcelled and perhaps unequalled.

RAU, ROBERT, Bethlehem, Pa. Born November 4,

1844. Son of David Rau, son of Valentine, son of John Conrad Rau. Ancestor landed in America in 1768. Is an apothecary and was educated in Moravian Parochial School, Bethlehem, and Philadelphia College of Pharmacy. Member of the Moravian Historical Society and Pennsylvania Historical Society. Author of "History of the Water Works of Bethlehem" (the first in the United States) and "Sketch of Moravian Congregation at Gnadenhütten, Pa." Through his father's mother, descended from Andrew Eschenbach, Moravian pioneer of Oley, Berks county, Pa.; through his mother from the Youndts and Mickleys.

RHOADS, MICHAEL ALBERT, Reading, Pa. Born April 18, 1847. Son of Jonathan Boyer Rhoads, son of John, son of Jonathan Roth, son of Matthias Roth, who landed in America, September 22, 1752. Is a physician, and graduated from Jefferson Medical College in March, 1868. Member of the Reading Society of Natural Sciences, member of United States Examining Board, 1886 to 1890, member of the Board of Health of the city of Reading and President of same for eleven years.

REBERT, HENRY MILTON, York, Pa.

RICE, JOSEPH A., Bethlehem, Pa.

RITTER, MILFORD NEWTON, Reading, Pa.

Ross, George Redsecker, Lebanon, Pa. Born October 17, 1854. Son of Dr. George Ross, son of Robert M. (paternal), William C. Robinson (maternal); son of Dr. George Ross (paternal), George Redsecker (maternal), son of John George Redsecker (maternal), who landed in America in 1749. Is a pharmacist, and a graduate of

the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy. Member of the Alumni Association of Lafayette College and Philadeldelphia College of Pharmacy. Was educated in public schools of Lebanon, and graduated at Lafayette College, class of 1878. Graduated from Philadelphia College of Pharmacy in 1880. Junior member of the present firm of Dr. Geo. Ross & Co., druggists. Is a botanist of local reputation, and stood first in the class of botany at Lafayette College.

Schaeffer, Nathan C., Lancaster, Pa. Born February 3, 1849. Son of David Schaeffer, son of Philip, son of George Schaeffer. Educated at Kutztown, Lancaster, Mercersburg, Berlin, Tübingen and Leipsic. Member of the National Council of Education. Was Principal of the State Normal School, and at present is State Superintendent of Public Instruction of Pennsylvania.

Schantz, Franklin Jacob Fogel, D. D., Myerstown, Lebanon county, Pa. Born January 8, 1836. Son of Jacob Schantz, son of Jacob, son of Johan Schantz. Ancestor landed in America, October 1, 1770, on the ship Minerva. Minister of the Evangelical Lutheran Church. Pastor of Friedens Evangelical Lutheran Church, Myerstown, Lebanon county, Pa. Was graduated at Franklin and Marshall College Lancaster, Pa., in July 1855, and completed theological course in Theological Seminary at Gettysburg, September, 1857. Received the Degree of Doctor of Divinity from Augustana College and Theological Seminary, Rock Island, Ill., June, 1893. Member of Evangelical Lutheran Ministerium of Pennsylvania since

1858; Secretary of the same, 1874–1877; Secretary of its Executive Committee since 1879. Trustee of Muhlenberg College since 1867. Trustee of Orphans' Home, 1872–1875. Delegate to General Council since 1874. Member of English Home Mission Committee of General Council since 1882. Author of numerous historical sketches.

Schober, Frederick, Philadelphia, Pa. Born October 6, 1841. Son of Samuel Schober, son of Frederick, son of Wilhelm Ignatz Jacob Schöber, who landed on October 18, 1805, at Philadelphia, from Amsterdam. Is a marine engineer; educated and graduated at Central High School, Philadelphia. Is a member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania, Military Order of the Loyal Legion and G. A. R. Is chief clerk in Auditor General's Department, Harrisburg, Pa. Was on the Engineer Corps, United States Navy from June, 1863, to June, 1873. Is the author of a number of private genealogical works, and has a large collection or library on the naval history of the Rebellion.

Schropp, Abraham Sebastian, Bethlehem, Northampton county, Pennsylvania. Born March 22, 1841. Son of John Schropp, son John, son of Matthew, son of John Conrad Schropp, who came to America in 1743. Is Secretary of the Bethlehem Iron Company, and was educated at Bethlehem, Pa. He is a member of the Moravian Historical Society, Pennsylvania Historical Society and American Institute of Mining Engineers. He served during the Civil War as private in Company A., 1st Regi-

ment, Pennsylvania Volunteers; Second Lieutenant, Company D, 5th Pennsylvania Infantry; Adjutant, 34th Regiment, Pennsylvania Infantry. His great-grandfather, Matthew Schropp, came to Pennsylvania with the second Moravian colony in 1743. He served the Moravian Church in various capacities at Nazareth, Pennsylvania, and finally was stationed at Salem, N. C., as warden of the Moravian Church, where he died September 1, 1767. His grandfather, John Schropp, was warden of the Moravian congregation at Bethlehem, Pa., at the time of his death, which occurred on July 4, 1805. His father, John Schropp, was a merchant at Bethlehem at the time of his death.

Schwartz, James Ernst (life member), Pittsburg, Pa. Sell, Louis D., Hanover, Pa.

SHEA, CHRISTIAN BERNARD, Pittsburg, Pa.

Sener, Samuel Miller, as stated in Volume 3 of Proceedings and Addresses, is a direct descendant of Gottlieb Söhner, who emigrated to this country in 1749, and who was a carpenter and joyner, the same being the family trade through three succeeding generations. Mr. Sener was one of the organizers and founders of the Pennsylvania-German Society. His maternal great-great-grandfather, George Leonard, born in Lancaster on September 13, 1755, died May 9, 1847, served in the Revolutionary War in 1776 under Captain Hubley, in 1777 under Captain Shaffner, and also under Captains Petrie and Francis in Col. Elder's Battalion, and in 1778 under Captain Wertz, and in 1780 under Captain McDonald, having been three years and six months in service. Mr. Sener is

a member of the Pennsylvania Society, Sons of the Revolution, and a compatriot of the District of Columbia Society, Sons of the American Revolution, in right of descent from George Leonard. His great-grandfather, Adolph Christian Fick, born in Waren, Mecklenberg, in 1777, came to this country on the ship Devotion, landing at Philadelphia, on October 6, 1802; served in defence of his adopted country in the second War for Independence (1812) from September to December, 1814, in Captain George Hitzelberger's company in the Pennsylvania Volunteers. Mr. Sener is a member of the General Society of the War of 1812, by right of descent from Adolph Christian Fick. Author of a number of historical sketches, prominent among which are "Historical Sketch of St. Mary's, Lancaster;" "Rev. Bernard Keenan, V. G.;" "Rev. John Baptiste Causse;" "Old Time Hostelries;" "The Catholic Church in Lancaster;" etc.

SHINDEL, R. HATHAWAY, York, Pa. Born September 29, 1850. Son of Jacob G. L. Shindel, son of John Peter, son of Johan Peter, son of Johan Peter Shindel, who landed in America, 1751. Is cashier of the City Bank of York, Pa., and was educated at Missionary Institute, Selingsgrove, Pa. Was elected City Treasurer of York, in 1889; reëlected in 1890 and served for three years, until April 1, 1893.

SMALL, WILLIAM LATIMER, York, Pa. Born October 31, 1830. Son of Philip A. Small, son of George, son of Killian, son of Laurence Small, who arrived in the ship St. Mark, from Rotterdam, in 1730.

SMYSER, JACOB MATHIAS, YORK, Pa. SPANGLER, JACOB R., YORK, Pa.

Spangler, Edward Webster, York, Pa. Born February 23, 1846. Son of Rudolph Spangler, son of Henry, son of Barney Spangler, who arrived in America about 1730. Is a lawyer, also editor of *York Daily*, and was educated at the York County Academy. Served during the Civil War in Company K, 130th Regiment P. V., and was at Antietam, Fredericksburg and Chancellorsville.

STAHLE, JAMES A., Manchester township, York county, Pa. Born January 11, 1830. Son of John Stahle, son of Jacob, son of Jacob John Stahle, who came to America about 1739 or '40 from the Palatinate. Is a farmer, and was educated at York County Academy, York, Pa. Was for fifteen years Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue at York, Pa., and was mustered as Captain of Company A, 87th Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, August 24, 1861. Honorably discharged as Lieutenant-Colonel, October 13, 1864, at York, Pa.

John S. Stahr, Ph. D., D. D., President of Franklin and Marshall College, is of Pennsylvania-German descent, his ancestors having come to this country in the last century during the time when the Fatherland sent some of her best blood and worthiest sons to the Province of Penn. Dr. Stahr was a student even from his youth, and so apt was he that at the early age of sixteen years he was already engaged in the duties of teaching. But he quickly outgrew the ambition of playing the role of a country pedagogue, and soon prepared himself for the higher educational career he had in view. In the year 1865 he entered the Junior Class at Franklin and Marshall College, from which institution he was graduated in 1867.

The career the young graduate had marked out for himself was the ministry. But the professorship of German and History in his alma mater becoming vacant about that time, he accepted the vacant chair, which was tendered him. While engaged in discharging the duties of his professorship, the Principalship of the Keystone State Normal School was offered him, and although elected, he declined the position.

While steadily discharging the duties of his professorship, his natural inclinations had led him into other fields of research. Always a close student of nature, the natural sciences had unusual attractions for him, and so rapidly and well did he progress in this field that in 1871 he was elected to the chair of Natural Science in Franklin and Marshall.

But, although somewhat interrupted, his theological studies had never been wholly set aside. Naturally he was thrown into close relationship with that eminent theologian, Dr. John W. Nevin, and that master mind once more gave direction to the ardent student, and in 1870 he was ordained to the ministry of the Reformed Church.

He continued to perform the duties of his professorship most acceptably until 1890, when he was elected to the Presidency of the college with which he had so long been identified, a position he continues to hold until the present moment. The activity and energy shown by Dr. Stahr during the earlier phases of his career have be-

come still more pronounced since he assumed the discharge of his new duties. Under his wise and skillful guidance, Franklin and Marshall College has grown rapidly, not only in numbers and influence, but has assumed its place among the first of the higher educational institutions of the State. New buildings have gone up and the endowment has increased. Dr. Stahr, as a college president, has shown himself a man of affairs as well as a profound scholar. His administrative qualities are of a high order and are telling most favorably on the success of the College. Capable of great physical as well as mental labor, he has not spared himself in these respects, in the interests of his institution. His mind is eminently German in its persistency and its thoroughness. He is a writer of much force and has contributed largely to the literature of his Church. As a pulpit orator, his sermons, both in English and German, are marked by vigor, directness and logical clearness. In 1883 Franklin and Marshall gave him the degree of Ph. D., and in 1891 Lafayette made him a D.D. Dr. Stahr's flattering career has been of his own making, and his success is of his own creation.

TRONE, JOHN S., Smith's Station, York county, Pa.

TRIMMER, DANIEL K., York, Pa.

TRYON, JOSEPH WANNER, York, Pa.

Wagner, John Carey, Shippensburg, Pa. Born July 31, 1838. Son of David Wagner, son of Henry Wagner. Educated at Shippensburg, Pa., and is editor of *The News*. Was Borough Treasurer eleven years, and also member of the School Board. Was Sergeant of Company H, 3d Penn-

sylvania Cavalry, and United States military telegraph operator. His mother was born at Fischelbach, in the earldom of Wittgensheim, Germany, in 1797, and emigrated to America in 1802. Her name was Catharine Elizabeth Gessner.

WEISER, FRANKLIN W., York, Pa.

WITMER, DAVID S., York, Pa. Born June 29, 1845. Son of Elias Witmer, son of David Witmer. Is a farmer and Register of Wills of York county; was educated in the public schools.

WOLLMAN, GUSTAV ADOLPH, York, Pa.

Young, HIRAM, York, Pa. Born May 14, 1830. Son of Samuel Young, who died when Hiram was only six years old. His grandfather on the maternal side was John F. Oberly, and his great-grandfather on the mother's side was Henry Sheaffer, who was a commissioned captain in the Revolutionary War from 1776 to 1783. His greatgreat-grandfather (maternal) was Alexander Sheaffer, who founded Sheafferstown, Lebanon county, Pa. tor landed in America about 1730.. Was a bookseller and publisher for twenty-seven years, and is at present editor and publisher of the York Dispatch. Was educated in a village school and the Lancaster High School. Is a member of the Pennsylvania Society Sons of the Revolution and a founder of the Pennsylvania-German Society. Appointed postmaster of York, Pa., in July, 1892, and term of office will expire in July, 1896. Author of "How Protection Increases the Nation's Wealth;" etc.

Zern, Jacob G., Lehighton, Carbon county, Pa. Born February 24, 1845. Son of Jacob Zern, son of Abraham, son of Abraham, son of Abraham, son of Adam Zern, who came to America in the early part of the eighteenth century. Is a physician, and was educated in the common schools and University of Pennsylvania. Is a member of the Carbon County Medical Society, Lehigh Valley Medical Society, and Pennsylvania State Medical Society. Member of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania during 1879–'80–'81–'82. Served as a private in Company C, 195th Regiment, P. V. Graduated from the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1868, and has practiced medicine since that time continuously in Carbon county. Was born in Montgomery county, Pa. (New Hanover township).



TRINITY LUTHERAN STEEPLE, LANCASTER, PA. BUILT, 1794.

# BIRTH AND BAPTISMAL REGISTER

- OF -

# TRINITY LUTHERAN CHURCH,

## LANCASTER, PA.

# [CONTINUED.]

## 1774.

- Philippina Fischer, d. Joh. Leonhard and Catharina; b. Nov. 14; bap. Nov. 16.
- Heinrich Köhler, s. Michael and Elisabeth; b. June 12; bap. Nov. 22. Thomas Yalbets, s. Peter and Jenny; b. Nov. 5; bap. Nov. 22.
- Johann Georg Brensihover, s. Caspar and Susanna; b. Oct. 28; bap. Nov. 27.
- Georg Weydele, s. John and Anna Maria; b. Nov. 23; bap. Nov. 27. Christian Bucher, s. Martin and Catharina; b. Oct. 14; bap. Nov. 27.
- Jacob Steinheisser, s. Jonas and Anna Margareta; b. Nov. 2; bap.
- Marg. Magdalena, d. Philipp Jayser and Philippina Klein; b. Dec 10, 1773; bap. Nov. 28.
- Maria Elisabeth Nagel, d. Geo. Friedrich and Maria Elisabeth; b. Nov. 12; bap. Dec. 11.
- Joseph Peter Trumpeter, s. Joh. Peter and Anna Sabina; b. Nov. 7; bap. Dec. 11.
- Johann Nagel, s. Christoph and Margaretha; b. Nov. 13; bap. Dec. 18.Joh. Friedrich Kreisser, s. Caspar and Christina; b. Nov. 4; bap. Dec. 21.
- Georg Eichholtz, s. Leonhart and Catharina; b. Aug. 12; bap. Aug.

Joh. Georg Dosch, s. Michael and Anna Maria; b. Nov. 17; bap. Nov. 22.

Esther Maria Zanzinger, d. Paul and Esther; b. Dec. 9.

Johannes Moser, s. Michael and Maria; b. Nov. 2.

Anna Maria Krafft, d. Jacob and Catharina; b. Dec. 6; bap. Dec. 15.

#### 1775.

Anna Maria Stauffer, d. Heinrich and Catharina; b. Nov. 22, 1774; bap. Jan. 1.

Anna Maria Johst, d. Conrad and Philippina; b. Jan. 30; bap. Jan. 8. Charlotta Rau, d. Peter and Charlotta; b. Nov. 4; bap. Jan. 8.

Elisabeth Peter, d. Caspar and Anna Maria; b. Oct. 4, 1774; bap. Jan. 3.

Catharina Keller, d. Matthaeus and Rosina; b. Dec., 1774; bap. Jan. 13.

Elisabeth Ebel, d. Peter and Barbara; b. January 15; bap. Jan. 21. Anna Stuz, d. Ludwig and Dorothea; b. Sept. 9, 1774; bap. Jan. 24. Susanna Maria Mezger, d. Jonas and Maria Susanna; b. Nov. 19, 1774; bap. Jan. 27.

Catharina Schneider, d. Mathias and Sarah; b. Jan. 12; bap. Jan. 29. Elisabeth Lehmann, d. Andreas and Anna; b. Jan. 28; bap. Feb. 18. Jonas Sauer, s. Jonas and Catharina; bap. Jan. 31.

Catharina Keil, d. Johann and Catharina; b. Feb. 5; bap. Feb. 19. Susanna Weiss, d. Joh. Georg and Anna Margaretha; b. Feb. 19; bap. Feb. 25.

Jacob Schneider, s. Johann and Elisabeth; b. Nov. 25, 1774; bap. March 4.

Justina Margaret Reuschlin, d. Johann and Catharina; b. Feb. 24; bap. March 5.

Johann Pforinger, s. Jacob and Barbara; b. Feb. 20; bap. March 5. Catharina Neu, d. Johannes and Maria Magdalena; b. Feb. 27; bap. March 6.

Joh. Georg Martin, s. George and Anna; b. Jan. 28; bap. March 7.
Joh. Nicolaus Genzler, s. Jacob and Juliana; bap. March 12, one-half year old.

Andreas Litzenberger, s. Adam and Catharina; b. Dec. 14, 1774; bap. March 12.

Joh. Georg Luttmann, s. Johann and Margaretha; b. March 2; bap. March 12.

Heinrich Gaertner, s. Valentin and Maria; b. Dec. 27, 1774; bap. March 19.

Magdalena Drum, d. Caspar and Catharina; b. Jan. 2; bap. March 27.

Michael Paussmann, s. Michael and Maria Elisabeth; b. March 27; bap. March 29.

Jacob Brehm, s. Conrad and Salome; b. March 21; bap. April 4.

Juliana Margaret Schütz, d. Johann and Anna Maria; b. March 29; bap. April 6.

Johann Philipp Liebrig, s. Nicolaus and Catharina; b. Feb. 27; bap. April 9.

Friedrich Rathvon, s. Friederich and Barbara; b. Feb. 7; bap. April 9.

Maria Magdalena Becker, d. Heinrich and Maria Salome; b. Jan. 31; bap. April 9.

Georg Britsch, s. Valentin and Anna Maria; b. March 11; bap. April 15.

Johann Schweitzer, s. Leonhart and Elizabeth; b. March 19; bap. April 23.

Elizabeth Klein, d. Michael and Barbara; b. Feb. 15; bap. April 23. Maria Elizabeth Haehns, d. Georg Wendel and Eva Barbara; b. Jan. 18; bap. April 30.

Barbara Lautenschlager, d. Heinrich and Elizabeth; b. March 31; bap. April 30.

Susanna Klein, d. Peter and Anna Margaretha, b. March 16; bap. April 17.

Catharina Metzger, d. Jacob and Susanna; b. March 7; bap. April 17.

Catharina Hess, d. Joh. Nicolaus and Catharina; b. March 16; bap. May 14.

Johann Gebel, s. Wilhelm and Barbara; b. Nov. 20, 1774; bap. May 14.

Georg Moser, s. Adam and Christina; b. Dec. 17, 1774; bap. May 23. Georg Ilegert, s. Georg and Magdalena; b. May 17; bap. May 20.

Martin Hornberger, s. Stephan and Magdalena; b. April 4; bap. June 3.

Sophia Elisabeth Gall, d. Heinrich and Catharina; b. April 25; bap. June 25.

Georg Franciscus, s. John and Anna, b. June 23; bap. July 2.

Maria Magdalena Schwordt, d. Nicolaus and Cath. Elisabeth; b. June 9; bap. July 2.

Anna Magdalena, d. Catharina Berker and Georg Brenner; b. June 6; bap. July 10.

Maria Magdalena Dieder, d. Heinrich and Christina; b. March 8; bap. July 9.

Jacob Nagel, s. Joseph and Maria; b. June 15; bap. July 16.

Caspar Besinger, s. Peter and Barbara; b. June 28; bap. July 16.

Catharina Marguardt, d. Georg and Margaretha; b. July 8; bap, July 16.

Georg Geier, s. Caspar and Fronica; b. Jan. 25; bap. July 30.

Jacob Kirchenschlaegel, s. Michael and Eleanora; b. Jan. 14, 1772; bap. July 31.

Elisabeth Mooser, d. Joh. Nicolaus and Catharina; bap. Aug. 13.

Susanna Hürster, d. Joh. Christian and Maria Margaretha; b. March 11; bap. Aug. 13.

Johann M'Cammery, s. David and Anna; b. May 27; bap. Aug. 13.
Barbara Gebel, d. Johann and Barbara; b. Oct. 7, 1774; bap. Aug. 19.
Eva Maria Rinehardt, d. Michael and Magdalena; b. Aug. 9; bap. Aug. 20.

Maria Margaret Rothacker, d. Johann and Anna Magdalena; b. June 11; bap. Aug. 24.

Anna Maria Koehler, d. Andreas and Maria Barbara; b. Aug. 20; bap. Aug. 27.

Michael Schreiner, s. Joh. Nicolaus and Christina; b. July 5; bap. Aug. 27.

Johann Diller, s. Johann and Magdalena; b. June 9; bap. Sept. 10. Christina Waller, d. Rupertus and Anna Maria; b. April 7; bap. Sept. 10.

Elisabeth Hahn, d. Johann and Elisabeth; b. Aug. 9; bap. Sept. 10. Christina Weber, d. Christoph and Margaretha; b. Aug. 6; bap. Sept. 17.

Johann Windebauer, s. Georg and Catharina; b. Aug. 1; bap. Sept. 24. Catharina Messerschmidt, d. Georg and Elisabeth; b. Sept. 1; bap. Sept. 15.

Magdalena Zwick, d. Franz Wilhelm and Magdalena; b. Sept. 13; bap. Oct. 15.

Margaretha Eichholtz, d. Leonhard and Catharina; b. Sept. 28; bap. Oct. 15.

Eva Magdalena, d. Catharine Luz and Salomon Salt; b. Sept. 27; bap. Nov. 1.

Martin Ganter, s. Martin and Eva Maria; b. Jan. 25; bap. June 8.

Rebecca Keiss, d. Andreas and Catharina; b. Oct. 17; bap. Nov. 4. Cathar. Elisabeth Boehm, d. Gabriel and Cathar. Elisabeth; b. Sept. 24; bap. Nov. 4.

Margaretha Weiz, d. William and Margaretha; b. Sept. 13; bap. Nov. 4.

John Moehldrum, s. Georg and Anna; b. Oct. 1; bap. Nov. 9.

Jacob Ilger, s. Christoph and Catharina; b. Oct. 21; bap. Nov. 12.

Matthaeus Hardt, s. Adam and Anna Margaretha; b. Oct. 7; bap. Nov. 18.

- Anna Maria Hoefflish, d. Valentin and Elisabeth; b. Nov. 10; bap. Nov. 18.
- Friedrich Stroh, s. Georg and Anna Maria; b. Aug. 24; bap. Nov. 23. Margaretha Kipp, d. John and Margaret; b. Oct. 23; bap. Nov. 26.
- Heinrich Doebler, s. Christoph and Anna Maria; b. Nov. 11; bap. Nov. 27.
- Anna Maria Benedik, d Leonhardt and Catharina; b. Nov. 16; bap. Dec. 2.
- Johann Jacob Gesell, s. Wilhelm and Dorothea; b. Nov. 20; bap. Nov. 28.
- Magdalena Hill, d. Melchior and Justina; b. Nov. 26; bap. Dec. 10. Elisabeth Heck, d. Bartholomaeus and Sophia; b. Dec. 11; bap. Dec. 16.
- Susanna Louisa Wenau, d. Heinrich and Barbara; b. Oct. 10; bap. Dec. 24.
- Anna Maria Huffnagel, d. Georg and Magdalena; b. Dec. 6; bap. Dec. 25.
- Maria Friedle, d. Christoph and Catharina, ; b. Dec. 17; bap. Dec. 31.
- Maria Elisabeth Wehn, d. Peter and Catharina; b. Sept. 13, 1773; bap. Sept. 22.

### 1776.

- Jacob Klein, s. Michael and Margaretha; b. May 8; bap. July 9.
- Anna Margaretha Stahl, d. Jacob and Margaretha; b. Dec. 7, 1775; bap. Jan. 7.
- Johann Jacob Etgen, s. David and Anna Martha; b. Sept. 9, 1775; bap. Jan. 13.
- John Keppele Helmuth, s. Heinrich and Barbara; b Dec. 18, 1775; bap. Jan. 17.
- Maria Barbara and Margaretha Schmez (twins), d. Johann and Marg. Barbara; b. Jan. 6; bap. Jan. 18.
- Elisabeth Dorothea, d. Elisabeth Mann and Christian Vogt; b. Nov. 22, 1773; bap. February 11.
- Jacob Schenk, s. Michael and Elisabeth; b. Oct. 16, 1775; bap. Feb. 15.
- Christoph Kurz, s. Christian and Dorothea; b. Feb 15; bap. Feb. 18.

  Anna Maria Naumann, d. Gottlieb and Margaretha; b. Jan. 1; bap.

  Feb. 18.
- Catharina Eikel, d. Adam and Elisabeth; b. Dec. 26, 1775; bap. Feb. 21.
- Thomas Barton Zansinger, s. Paul and Esther; b. Jan. 6.
- Augusta Rosina and Juliana Elisabeth Hubley (twins), d. John and Maria Magdalena; b. Jan. 30; bap. Feb. 25.

Johann Seib, s. Peter and Margaretha; b. Nov. 1, 1775; bap March 3. Anna Maria Tanger, d. Andreas and Catharina; b. Nov. 4, 1775; bap. March 11.

Elisabeth Krug, d. Jacob and Robena; b. Feb. 26; bap. March 11. Maria Elisabeth Dosch, d. Michael and Anna Maria; b. Feb. 10; bap.

March 12.

Susanna Steigerwaldt, d. Eberhard and Christina; b. Feb. 19; bap. March 16.

Daniel Knecht, s. Michael and Elisabeth; b. Feb. 9; bap. March 17. Margaretha Martin, d. Adam and Dorothea; b. Dec. 26, 1775; bap. March 17.

Friederich Fehk, s. Friederich and Sebilla; b. Nov. 26, 1775; bap. March 31.

Michael Miller, s. Peter and Catharina; b. Dec. 23, 1775; bap. March 31.

Georg Adam Mohr, s. Adam and Magdalena; b. Feb. 6; bap. April 5.

Johann Kauz, s. Thomas and Gertraut; b. March 23; bap. April 7.
Johann Roth, s. Theobald and Maria Magdalena; b. Dec. 27, 1775;
bap. April 7.

Margaretha Neu, d. Johann and Maria Magdalena; b. March 30; bap. April 7.

Margaretha Volck, d. Wilhelm and Barbara; bap. Feb. 1; bap. April 14.

John Luttmann, s. Georg and Anna Margaretha; b. Dec. 22, 1775; bap. April 14.

Johann Friederick Paul, s. Adam and Catharina; b. April 15; bap. April 21.

Elizabeth Breitenhardt, d. Christoph and Magdalena; b. March 31; bap. April 21.

Daniel Schreiner, s. Johann and Barbara; b. Jan. 1; bap. April 29. Johann Rener, s. Michael and Rosina, b. Feb. 25; bap. April 28.

Anna Maria Pecht, d. Joseph and Christina; b. Feb. 23; bap. April 28.

Elizabeth Brenner, d. Jacob and Catharina; b. Sept. 27, 1775; bap. April 30.

Anna Maria Brenner, d. Johann and Maria Sarah; b. Jan. 28; bap. April 6.

Margaretha Hoffman, d. Friedrich and Margaretha, b. February 28; bap. May 6.

Georg Uz, s. George and Anna Maria, b. March 8; bap. May 6. Johann Moser, s. Georg and Christina; b. May 10; bap. May 15.

Eva Margaretha Lyder, d. Johann and Catharina; b. April 1; bap. May 15. Catharina Fischer, d. Johann and Catharina; b. April 6; bap. May 28.

Anna Maria Margaretha Eckert, d. Abraham and Anna Maria; b. May 1; bap. June 4.

Johann Lohrmann, s. Adam and Anna Maria; b. April 25; bap. June 8.

Joseph May, s. Joseph and Elizabeth; b. May 19; bap. June 9. Johann Nicolaus Schuler, s. Jacob and Regina; b. May 18; bap. June 9.

Anna Maria Weickert, d. John and Maria; b. April 20; bap. June 9. Heinrich Kuhnz, s. Michael and Margaretha; b. June 2; bap. June 15. Johannes Keil, s. Ludwig and Catharina; b. May 30; bap. June 24. Friedrich Miller, s. Peter and Maria Magdalena; b. June 18; bap. June 24.

Jacob Decker, s. Jacob and Barbara; b. Feb. 3; bap. June 30.
Heinrich Crüger, s. Johann and Sophia; b. June 16; bap. June 30.
Magdalena Waydele, d. Johann and Anna Maria; b. April 21; bap-May 12.

Johann Weber, s. Johann and Salome; b. July 1; bap. July 7.
Philipp Stuber, s. Heinrich and Catharina; b. June 17; bap. July 7.
Friedrich Moellinger, s. Friedrich and Anna; b. May 28, 1772; bap. July 22.

Michael Moellinger, s. Friedrich and Anna; b. May 22; bap. July 22. Magdalena Pflüger, d. Johann and Elisabeth; b. Jan. 27; bap. July 27.

Jacob Pharinger, s. Jacob and Barbara; b. July 7; bap. July 28. Johann Adam Rudisil, s. Melchior and Christine; b. July 18; bap. July 28.

Jacob Klein, s. Michael and Margaret; b. May 8; bap. July 8.
Johann Heinrich, s. Christian and Regina; b. April 24; bap. Aug. 4.
William Rejrie, s. Robert and Jeany; b. Aug. 11; bap. Aug. 18.
Johann Andreas, s. Johann and Catharina; b. June 28; bap. Aug. 17.
Nathaniel Tailor, s. Nathaniel and Mary; b. Aug. 16; bap. Aug. 22.
Sarah Barst, d. Lorenz and Juliana; b. Aug. 27; bap. Sept. 1.
Georg Biz, s. Michael and Elisabeth; b. July 15; bap. Sept. 1.
Sophia Branckardt, d. Peter and Sophia; b. May 28; bap. Sept. 1.
Elisabeth Geiger, d. Heinrich and Susanna; b. Aug. 8; bap. Sept. 8.
Anna Maria Ditge, d. Johann and Anna Maria; b. July 28; bap. Sept. 8.

Elisabeth Kraz, d. Johann and Maria; b. Aug. 13; bap. Sept. 8. Johann Schuk, s. Thomas and Catharina; b. March 9; bap. Sept. 15. Magdalena Kneiss, d. Heinrich and Elisabeth; b. August 24; bap. Sept. 15. Eva Berndt, d. Philip and Barbara; b. June 12; bap. Sept. 15.

Anna Margareta Johst, d. Conrad and Philippina; b. Aug. 15;

bap. Sept. 22.

Joh. Heinrich Wagner, s. Georg Michael and Dorothea; b. Sept. 8; bap. Sept. 22.

Johann Jacob Kühnsch, s. Jacob and Barbara; b. Aug. 12; bap. Sept. 29.

Johann Laumann, s. Martin and Barbara; b. Sept. 30; bap. Oct. 10. Elisabeth Yayder, d. Johann and Maria Margareta; b. Sept. 5; bap. Oct. 12.

Joh. Peter Koehler, s. Andreas and Barbara; b. Sept. 28; bap. Oct. 12. Nancy Albrecht, d, Johann and Barbara; b. Oct. 6; bap. Oct. 12. Caspar Peter, s. Caspar and Anna Maria; b. Sept. 18; bap. Oct. 21.

Heinrich and Philipp Diederich (twins), s. Heinrich and Magdalena; b. March 30; bap. Oct. 21.

Joh. Daniel Hampf, s. Johann Diederich and Catharina; b. July 14; bap. Oct. 14.

Jacob Schuh, s. Johann and Cathar. Magdalena; b. Oct. 1; bap. Oct. 21.

Anna Maria Tochtermann, d. Friedrich and Christiana; b. Sept. 24; bap. Oct. 26.

Dorothea Bader, d. Georg and Salome; b. Nov. 18, 1775; bap. Nov. 2. Michael Schittenhelm, s. Michael and Margareta; b. Sept. 23; bap. Nov. 3.

Georg Schneider, s. Phil. and Christina; b. July 24; bap. Nov. 7.Friedrich Nagel, s. Christoph and Margareta; b. Sept. 10; bap. Nov. 7.

Heinrich Deison, s. Heinrich and Maria; b. Oct. 19; bap. Nov. 10. Jacob Nagle, s. Joseph and Maria; b. Nov. 6; bap. Nov. 17.

Dorothea Lazarus, d Jacob and Anna; b. Nov. 8; bap. Nov. 22. Jacob Eichholtz, s. Leonhart and Catharina; b. Nov. 22; bap. Nov. 24.

Elizabeth Weil, d. Peter and Elizabeth; b. Nov. 24; bap. Dec. 8.

#### 1777.

Johann Jacob Houner, s. Michael and Barbara; b. Dec. 16, 1776; bap. Jan. 12.

Christian Seybel, s. Heinrich and Wilhelmine; b. Nov. 30, 1776; bap. Jan. 19.

Susanna Schwarz, d. Conrad and Anna Maria; b. Jan. 26; bap. Feb. 2.

Magdalena Martin, d. Jacob and Eva; b. Jan. 25; bap. Feb. 2

- Eva Juliana Froener, d. Simon and Eva; b. Feb. 16; bap. March 9. Joh. Philipp Glaz, s. Adam and Anna Maria; b. Feb. 10; bap. March 16.
- Catharina Doebler, d. Christoph and Anna Maria; b. Feb. 24; bap. March 17.
- Joh. Jacob Bertel, s. Georg Adam and Magdalena; b. Nov. 14, 1776; bap. March 17.
- Johann Schenk, s. Johann and Maria Elizabeth; b. Jan. 30; bap. March 17.
- Friedrich Tochtermann, s. Michael and Nancy; b. Feb. 12; bap. March 20.
- Catharina Gross, d. Jacob and Anna Maria; b. April 5; bap. April 6, Anna Maria Ehrismann, d. Georg and Susanna; b. Jan. 19; bap. Jan. 24.
- Susanna Neu, d. Joh. and Maria Magdalena; b. March 6; bap. March 24.
- Sarah Harrison, d. Johann and Elisabeth; b. 1766; bap. March 28.
- Barbara Rathfon, d. Fried. and Barbara; b. Feb. 10; bap. March 28. Friederich Bathfon, s. Fried. and Barbara; b. April 6, 1775; bap.
- Friederich Rathfon, s. Fried. and Barbara; b. April 6, 1775; bap.
  May 14, 1775.
- Georg Rung, s. Heinrich and Anna; b. March 10; bap. March 30. Catharina Luttmann, d. Georg and Barbara; b. Nov. 12, 1776; bap. March 31.
- Maria Zansinger, d. Paul and Esther; b. March 15.
- Joh. Wilhelm Hardy, s. Isaac and Debora; b. Feb. 12; bap. April 13.Anna Maria Weiss, d. Georg and Anna Margareta; b. March 21; bap. April 19.
- Hanna Gärtner, s. Valentin and Magdalena; b. Feb. 23; bap. April 21. Johann Schneider, s. Georg and Margareta; b. Jan. 7; bap. April 21.
- Christina Gebel, d. Heinrich and Susanna; b. Feb. 12; bap. April 28. Susanna Rau, d. Peter and Charlotta; b. March 8; bap. April 28.
- Johann Adam Engel, s. Heinrich and Philippina; b. Dec. 19, 1776; bap. April 26.
- Robert Collender Schlauch, s. Mathias and Margareth; b. Oct. 1, 1776; bap. April 26.
- Jeremiah Ehrig, s. Jeremiah and Elisabeth; b. March 16; bap. April 27.
- Johann Weiler, s. Daniel and Sybilla; b. April 20; bap. May 11.
- Catharina Albrecht, d. Leonhard and Catharina; b. Feb. 20; bap. May 17.
- Johann Sohn, s. Johann and Catharina; b. April 17; bap. May 17.
- Johann Schmidt, s. Johann and Maria; b. Feb. 22; bap. May 17.
- Barbara Stein, d. Nicolaus and Catharina; b. Aug. 4, 1776; bap. May 17.

Juliana Bartholomae, d. Theodor and Anna Margareta; b. March 11; bap. May 17.

John George Lay, s. Georg and Juliana; b. Feb. 1; bap. May 24. Johann Frey, s. Michael and Dorothea; b. April 17; bap. June 1.

Susanna Hauer, d. Christoph and Margareta; b. Feb. 20; bap.
June 1.

Elisabeth Haehn, d. Heinrich and Anna Maria; b. June 3; bap. June 8.

Georg Messerschmidt, s. Jacob and Susanna; b. June 1; bap. June 8. Barbara Fischer, d. Daniel and Margaretta; b. June 6; bap. June 15. Elisabeth Markert, d. Samuel and Magdalena; b. Dec. 26, 1776; bap. June 20.

Johann Widder, s. Georg and Anna Catharina; b. Nov. 5, 1776; bap. June 20.

Georg Brown, s. Peter and Susanna; b. Feb. 26; bap. Jane 20.

Georg Adam Schreiner, s. Michael and Barbara; b. May 16; bap. July 6.

Catharina Brand, d. Simon and Margaretha; b. Nov. 1776; bap. July 6.

Magdalena (foundling), bap. July 6.

Sophia Haeusele, d. Michael and Catharina; b. March 29; bap. April 1.

Georg Moser, s. Georg and Christina; b. July 11; bap. July 28.

Alexander Dean, s. Daniel and Mary; b. April 28; bap. July 30.

Adam Weber, s. Christoph and Margareta; b. June 10; bap. July 30. Christian Schumann, s. Georg and Catharina; b. July 3; bap. Ang. 1.

Andreas Keiss, s. Andreas and Catharina; b. July 26; bap. Aug. 1. Jacob Messerschmidt, s. Georg and Elizabeth; b. July 22; bap. Aug. 3.

Johann Mayer, s. Wilhelm and Margareta; b. July 17; bap. Aug. 4. Anna Catharina Lautenschlaeger, d. Heinrich and Elizabeth, b. Feb. 17; bap. Aug. 12.

Maria Catharina Beck, d. Georg and Maria Catharina; b. June 26; bap. Aug. 25.

Joh. Georg Beck, s. Georg and Maria Catharina, b. Feb. 11, 1775; bap. March 6, 1775.

Susanna Rusing, d. Bernhard and Susanna; b. May 30; bap. Aug. 24. Anna Maria Gesell, d. Wilhelm and Dorothea; b. July 17; bap. Aug. 31.

Johann Dieder, s. Heinrich and Christina; b. Sept. 2; bap. Sept. 7. Georg Adam Heiss, s. Diedrich and Magdalena; b. Sept. 8; bap. Sept. 16.

Georg Schweizer, s. Leonhard and Elisabeth; b. July 24; bap Sept. 21.

Christian Uz, s. Andreas and Catharina; b. May 22; bap. Sept. 21. Michael Schneider, s. Mathias and Sarah; b. Sept. 9; bap. Sept. 28. Anna Barbara Klein, d. Michael and Barbara; b. March 1; bap. Sept. 29.

William Banks, s. Joseph and Anna; b. Oct. 3; bap. Oct. 5. Johann Hahn, s. Johann and Elisabeth; b. Sept. 14; bap. Oct. 5. Johann Pauls, s. Edward and Mary; b. Sept.; bap. Oct. 13. David Cossart, s. Theophilus and Hanna; b. July 30, 1776; bap. Oct. 16.

Amalia Cossart, d. Theophilus and Hanna; b. Aug. 24; bap. Oct. 16. Johann Urban, s. Johann and Frona; b. May, 1776; bap. Nov. 1. Anna Margareta Klein, d. Michael and Anna Margareta; b. Nov. 1; bap. Nov. 2.

Joseph Brenneisen, s. Valentin and Salome; b. Oct. 1; bap. Nov. 2. Maria Elisabeth, d. Friederica Regina Hübner and Johann Town; b. Aug. 24; bap. Nov. 2.

Christoph Stauffer, s. Heinrich and Catharina; b. Aug. 28; bap. Nov. 2.

Michael Pharinger, s. Jacob and Barbara; b. Oct. 18; bap. Nov. 9. Samuel Hubley, s. Bernhard and Magdalena; b. Nov. 5; bap. Nov. 10. Johann Ludwig Ilgert, s. Christoph and Catharina; b. Oct. 6; bap. Nov. 22.

Joh. Heinrich Dürn, s. Joh. Heinrich and Elisabeth; b. Nov. 5; bap. Nov. 22.

Johann Dürst, s. Friederich and Catharina; b. Nov. 14; bap. Nov. 22. Anna Maria Wilson, d. Robert and Sophia; b. Nov. 15; bap. Dec. 30. Heinrich Kauz, s. Thomas and Gertraud; b. Nov. 11; bap. Dec. 7. Peter Reinhardt, s. Michael and Magdalena; b. Dec. 13; bap. Dec. 25. Justina Helmuth, d. Heinrich and Barbara; b. Sept. 17; bap. Oct. 13.

### 1778.

Anna Maria Pickel, d. Jacob and Barbara; b. Oct. 1777; bap. Jan. 4. Christian Dürr, s. Ulrich and Elisabeth; b. Dec. 8, 1777; bap. Jan. 4. Heinrich Dürr, s. Ulrich and Elisabeth; b. Aug. 28, 1776; bap. Jan. 4. Elisabeth Naumann, d. Gottlieb and Margareta; b. Dec. 1, 1777; bap. Jan. 18.

Georg Hambrecht, s. Georg and Anna Maria; b. Jan. 12; bap. Jan. 20.

Catharina Franciscus, d. Johann and Anna; b. Jan. 22; bap. Feb. 1. Margareta Stuber, d. Heinrich and Catharina; b. Jan. 6; bap. Feb. 8. Margareta Knering, d. Carl Fried. and Margareta; b. Jan. 29; bap. Feb. 15.

Salome Ilgert, d. Georg and Magdalena; b. Jan. 27; bap. Feb. 15. Maria Yayser, d. Friedrich and Susanna; b. Feb. 1; bap. Feb. 22.

Joh. Georg Koehler, s. Andreas and Barbara; b. Feb. 9; bap. Feb. 22.
Anna Rosina Herrguth, d. Heinrich and Catharina; b. Feb. 6; bap. Feb. 23.

Elisabeth Niess, d. Peter and Catharina; b. Jan. 21; bap. March 1. Jacob Martin, s. Georg and Anna; b. Aug. 1, 1777; bap. March 1.

Margareta Seib, d. Peter and Margareta; b. Oct. 25, 1777; bap. March 1.

Philipp Hoefflish, s. Valentin and Elisabeth; b. Feb. 21; bap. March 1.

Sarah Breitenhardt, d. Christoph; bap. March 15.

Sarah Barton Zanzenger, d. Paul and Esther; b. March 9, 1778.

Johan Philip Keil, s. Joh. Ludwig and Catharina; b. Feb. 9; bap. March 15.

Margar. Susanna Schlutt, d. Joh. Michael and Catharina; b. Jan. 6; bap. March 15.

Christian Cromwell, s. John and Margarita; b. Feb. 18; bap. March 22.

Maria Elisabeth Stoll, d. Gottfried and Barbara; b. Nov. 20, 1777; bap. March 22.

Catharina Stroh, d. Johst and Catharina; b. Nov. 26, 1777; bap. March 23.

Daniel Stroh, s. Johst and Catharina; b. Sept. 18, 1776; bap. Sept. 18, 1776.

Johann Georg Reushling, s. Johann and Catharina; b. April 25; bap. May 9.

Elisabeth Herkeschweller, d. Jacob and Susanna; b. March 13; bap. May 10.

Susanna Brunner, d. Johann and Maria Sarah; b. Jan. 1; bap. May 10.

Bernhardt Stepp, d. Bernhardt and Anna Maria; b. Jan. 10; bap. May 10.

Barbara Kauzmann, d. Bernhard and Margarita; b. Nov. 9, 1777; bap. May 10.

Franz Heger, s. Christoph and Catharina; b. April 19; bap. May 20.

Anna Maria Hill, d. Joh. Melchior and Justina; b. May 14; bap. May 25.

Joh. Michael Heinrich, s. Christian and Regina; b. Feb. 18; bap. May 26. Margareta Boot, d. John and Christina; bap. June 6.

Johann Jacob Fehr, s. Friedrich and Sibilla; b. Nov. 30, 1777; bap. June 6.

Jacob Lachmann (posthumus), s. Jacob and Eva Barbara; b. March 7; bap. June 7.

Margareta Scheib, d. Matthaeus and Catharina; b. March 3; bap. June 7.

Johann, s. Eva Barth and George Kurz; b. March 2; bap. April 2.
Michael Haehns, s. Wendel and Eva Barbara; b. October 22, 1777;
bap. June 13.

Margareta Ehmann, d. Caspar and Rosina; b. March 29; bap. April 12.

Johann Volk, s. Wilhelm and Barbara; b. April 11; bap. June 13. Catharina Etler, d. Georg and Christina; b. July 11, 1775; bap. June 13.

Maria Etler, d. Georg and Christina; b. Nov. 25, 1777; bap. June 13. Eleanor Craig, d. John and Elisabeth; b. Feb. 19; bap. June 14. Philipp Franz, s. Ludwig and Margareta; b. March 18; bap. June 15. Magdalena Miller, d. Peter and Magdalena; b. June 22; bap. June 27.

Catharina Friedle, d. Christoph and Catharina; b. March 1; bap. June 28.

Anna Hess, d. Georg and Elisabeth; b. Dec. 17, 1777; bap. June 29. Georg Racky, s. Heinrich and Elisabeth; b. June 4; bap. June 30. Johann Decker, s. David and Barbara; b. Jan. 3; bap. July 5. Elisabeth Weikert, d. Johann and Maria; b. June 8; bap. July 5.

Elisabeth Fass, d. Peter and Catharina; b. Dec. 11, 1777; bap. July 5.

Sophia Anna Maria Yenz, d. Georg and Anna; b. June 28; bap. July 9.

Johann Jacob Ackermann, s. Georg and Catharina; b. June 9; bap. July 11.

Jacob Luttman, s. Jacob and Esther; b. March 12; bap. July 18. Elisabeth Kipp, d. John and Margareta; b. June 28; bap. July 20.

John William Wagner, s. Georg and Anna Dorothea; b. June 27; bap. July 19.

Georg Vogt, s. Christian and Elisabeth; b. Sept. 1, 1777; bap. July 21. Wilhelm Eberhardt, s. Wilhelm and Elisabeth; b. Jan. 15; bap. July 21.

Juliana Elisabeth Besinger, d. Peter and Barbara; b. Sept. 20, 1777; bap. April —.

Catharina Schneider, d. Peter and Catharina; b. May 12; bap. July 26.

Heinrich Rueber, s. Ulrich and Catharina; b. Oct. 20, 1777; bap. Dec., 1777.

Joh. Jacob Densler, s. Jacob and Maria Eva; b. May 31; bap. Aug. 1. Jacob Krug, s. Jacob and Rebecca; b. July 28; bap. Aug. 3.

Heinrich Faennel, s. Phil. and Susanna; b. May 1; bap. Aug. 6.

Sebastian Eckert, s. Abraham and Anna Maria; b. March 25; bap. Aug. 8.

Catharina Tanger, d. Andreas and Catharina; b. July 8; bap. Aug. 8. Elizabeth Fissler, d. Ulrich and Magdalena; b. May 3; bap. Aug. 8. Johanna Dorothea Schweiker, d. Sebastian and Agnes Maria; b. May 31; bap. Aug. 11.

Catharina Etge, d. David and Anna Martha; b. December 2, 1777; bap. Aug. 18.

Anna Maria Moser, d. Michael and Anna Maria; b. July 26; bap. Aug. 19.

Rosina Schreiner, d. Joh. Nicolaus and Christina; b. June 29; bap. Aug. 23.

Johann Jacob Borrmann, s. Nicolaus and Christiana; b. March 22; bap. Aug. 23.

Christian Berndt, s. Philip and Barbara; b. May 29; bap. Aug. 23. Esther Gebel, d. Wilhelm and Barbara; b. March 11; bap. Aug. 31. Adam Eckel, s. Adam and Elizabeth; b. Aug. 25; bap. Aug. 28.

Adam Eckel, s. Adam and Elizabeth; b. Aug. 25; bap. Aug. 28. Johann Creiner, s. Andreas and Barbara; b. July 21; bap. Sept. 4.

Jacob Keiter, s. Daniel and Sibilla; b. Aug. 23; bap. Sept. 5.

Susanna Weber, d. Adam and Rosina; b. Aug. 26; bap. Sept. 5. Rebecca Pecht, d. Joseph and Christina; b. Aug. 1; bap. Sept. 14.

Anna Maria Batz, d. Barbara (father unknown), b. Feb. 1, 1770; bap. Sept. 14.

Catharina Keiss, d. Andreas and Catharina; b. Sept. 4; bap. Sept. 14.

Susanna Hensel, d. Christoph and Anna Maria; b. June 24; bap. Sept. 14.

Johann Georg Lazarus, s. Jacob and Anna; b. July 28; bap. Sept. 20. Elisabeth Fischer, d. Daniel and Maria Margaretha; b. Aug. 21; bap. Sept. 20.

Johann Braun, s. Christian and Elisabeth; b. Aug. 14; bap. Sept. 20.Susanna Bluemler, d. Gottlieb and Catharina; b. Dec. 5, 1777; bap. Sept. 20.

Maria Magdalena Rothacker, d. Joh. and Maria Magdalena; b. June 7; bap. Sept. 25.

Johann Spring, s. Theobald and Hanna; b. Feb. 4; bap. Sept. 25. Georg Christoph M'Cabweck (?), s. Wilhelm and Elisabeth; b. Aug. 13; bap. Sept. 26.

- Catharina Haeusele, d. Michael and Catharina; b. Sept. 14; bap. Oct. 18.
- Anna Barbara Schenk, d. Michael and Elisabeth; b. July 14; bap. Oct. 18.
- James Meldom, s. Henry and Anna; b. July 1; bap. Oct. 19.
- Johann Eichholtz, s. Leonard and Catharina; b. Oct. 15; bap. Oct. 20.
- Friederich Nagel, s. Joseph and Maria; b. Sept. 27; bap. Oct. 27.
- Margareta Griesinger, d. Georg and Elisabeth; b. Sept. 17; bap. Oct. 27.
- Susanna Holzworth, d. Ludwig and Phillipina; b. Oct. 20; bap. Oct. 28.
- Georg Luttmann, s. Georg and Margareta; b. Oct. 11; bap. Oct. 23. Catharina Schmidt, d. Johann and Maria; b. Aug. 27; bap. Oct. 27.
- Magdalena Grub, d. Georg and Magdalena; b. March 7, 1777; bap. Oct. 30.
- Catharina Schok, d. Thomas and Catharina; b. Sept. 21; bap. Oct. 21. Simon, s. James Wright and Elisabeth Klein; b. May 5; bap. Oct. 21. Magdalena Miller, d. Heinrich and Christina; b. Aug. 6; bap. Oct. 21.
- Georg Christoph Klein, s. Michael and Margareta; b. Feb. 4; bap. Oct. 21.
- Johann Jacob Geider, s. Joh. and Margareta; b. Sept. 6; bap. Oct. 21.
- Louisa Engel Brenner, d. Jacob and Catharina; b. June 21; bap. Oct. 21.
- Georg Boehm, s. Gabriel and Cathar. Elisabeth; b. Oct. 3; bap. Oct. 21.
- Conrad Roeger, s. Conrad and Sibilla; b. Sept. 1; bap. Oct. 21.
- Henry Manning, s. Johann and Barbara; b. July 20; bap. Oct. 21.
- Elisabeth Lockard, d. Thomas and Magdalena; b. October, 1772; bap. Oct. 21.
- Peter Albrecht, s. Johann and Barbara; b. Oct. 26; bap. Nov. 1.
- Joh. Michael Hess, s. Peter and Susanna; b. Feb. 11; bap. Nov. 5.
- Johann Pechtel, s. Johann and Barbara; b. June 16; bap. Nov. 6.
- Jacob Miller, s. Jacob and Barbara; b. Sept. 12; bap. Nov. 21.
- Georg Schreiner, s. Johann and Barbara; b. May 13; bap. Nov. 25. Johann Doebler, s. Christoph and Anna Maria; b. Nov. 8; bap.
  - Nov. 26.
- Elisabeth Schuler, d. Jacob and Begina; b. Nov. 11; bap. Nov. 28. Abraham Fenstermacher, s. Friedrich and Anna Margareta; b. Oct. 14; bap. Dec. 4.
- Johann Tochtermann, s. Fried. and Christina; b. Nov. 28; bap. Dec. 4.

Johann Geiger, s. Heinrich and Susanna; b. Nov. 15; bap. Dec. 5.
Joh. Heinrich Andreas, s. Johann and Catharina; b. Dec. 17, 1777;
bap. Dec. 19.

Georg Baner, s. Michael and Froena; b. Nov. 23; bap. Dec. 5. Georg, s. Catharina Dodt and George Kiesler; b. Dec. 14; bap. Dec. 20.

#### 1779.

Elisabeth Bertle, d. George Adam and Maria Magdalena; b. Sept. 12, 1778; bap. Jan. 3.

Johann Georg Brown, s. Abraham and Magdalena; b. Jan. 1; bap. Jan. 10.

Valentine Hoff, s. Georg and Justina; b. Jan. 7; bap. Jan. 17.

Elisabeth Creiner, d. John and Debora; b. Dec. 10, 1778; bap. Jan. 31. Johann Philip Hoffmann, s. Friederich and Anna Margareta; b. June 15, 1778; bap. Feb. 5.

Anna Maria Roemele, d. Johann and Regina; b. Feb. 6; bap. Feb. 15. Milly Ritter, d. Heinrich and Elisabeth; b. Oct. 1, 1777; bap. March 1.

Johann Tanenhauer, s. Jacob and Maria; b. Feb. 4; bap. March 6.
Barbara Stoll, d. Gottfried and Barbara; b. Jan. 21; bap. March 9.
Friederica Miller, d. Nicolaus and Sophia; b. Dec. 16, 1778; bap. Jan. 7.

Susanna Miller, d. Johann Rorer and Maria, Mennonites; 22 years old. Maria Miller, d. Peter and Susanna; 6 years old; bap. April 1.

Elisabeth Miller, d. Peter and Susanna; 2 years old; bap. April 1. Elisabeth Martin, d. Bernhard and Barbara; b. Feb. 8; bap. April 4. Anton Roth, s. Theobald and Magdalena; b. Oct. 12, 1778; bap. April 4.

Barbara Mayer, d. Louisa, the father a Hessian; b. Oct. 18, 1778; bap. April 4.

Johann Georg Johst, s. Conrad and Philippina; b. Dec. 3, 1778; bap. April 5.

Maria Barbara Steiner, d. Christoph and Catharina; b. Sept. 22, 1778; bap. April 5.

Johann Seib, s. Joh. and Elisabeth; b. March 3; bap. April 5. Henry Bayley, s. Enoch and Dorothea; b. Feb. 5; bap. Feb. 7.

Johann Rapp, s. Michael and Anna Margareta; b. Oct. 1, 1778; bap. April 25.

Georg Peter, s. Johann and Magdalena; b. April 23; bap. April 26. Catharina Ochler, d. Daniel and Margaretha; b. March 12; bap. May 2.

Johann Kurz, s. George and Eva; b. April 11; bap. May 2.

Johannes Marguart, s. Sebastian and Catharina; b. March 24.

Heinrich, s. Elizabeth N. N., the father Abraham Mayer, b. Jan. 10; bap. May 2.

Elizabeth Witmyer, d. Friedrich and Elizabeth; b. Feb. 24; bap. May 3.

Martin Frey, s. Michael and Dorothea; b. Feb. 5; bap. May 12.

Johann Hess, s. George and Elizabeth; b. Sept. 20, 1778; bap. May 24.

Anna Maria Hess, d. Nicolaus and Catharina; b. Feb. 2; bap. May 24.

Johann Jacob Apfel, s. Christian and Maria Magdalena; b. May 2; bap. May 24.

Elizabeth Scheuermann, d. Daniel and Dorothea; b. Feb, 12; bap. May 30.

Catharina Scheuermann, d. Daniel and Dorothea; b. Sept. 8, 1777; bap. Oct. 21, 1777.

Wilhelm Mayer, s. Wilhelm and Margareta; b. April 17; bap. May 30.

Maria Catharine Mann, d. Johann and Christina; b. Sept. 12, 1778; bap. May 27.

Friedrich Mann. s. Bernhard and Anna Maria; b. June 9, 1778; bap. May 27.

Georg Weiss, s. Georg and Margareta; b. May 9; bap. June 1.

Georg Hess, s. Philip and Maria; b. April 23; bap. June 5.

Mary Schmidt, d. Edward and Bridgy; b. April 27; bap. June 5.

Jacob Rathfon, s. Friedrich and Barbara; b. March 31; bap. April 11.

Anna Margareta Markerd, d. Samuel and Magdalena; b. Jan. 19; bap. June 10.

Anna Maria Hoerner, d. Michael and Barbara; b. Dec. 3, 1778; bap. June 10.

Michael Tiller, s. Johann and Magdalena; b. March 19; bap. May 12. Margareta Brines, d. William and Anna; b. Nov. 21, 1770: bap. June 8, 1779.

Mary Brines, d. William and Anna; b. April 4, 1774; bap. June 8, 1779.

Elisabeth Brines, d. William and Anna; b. April 14, 1772; bap. June 8, 1779.

Anna Magdalena Brines, d. William and Anna; b. March 26, 1778; bap. June 8, 1779.

Maria Barbara Klein, d. Philipp and Magdalena; b. June 14; bap. June 20.

Johann Naumann, s. Gottlieb and Margareta; b. May 17; bap. June 22.

Heinrich and Philipp Pflug (twins), s. Heinrich and Margareta; b. April 5; bap. June 20.

Catharina Martin, d. Adam and Dorothea; b. April 22; bap. June 20. Joh. Georg Bayermeister, s. Christoph and Anna Maria; b. Feb. 28; bap. June 20.

Isaac Derry, s. London and Judith, b. Feb. 20; bap. June 20.

Susanna Brozmann, d. Peter and Hanna; b. April 25; bap. June 20. Daniel Schweiser, s. Leonhardt and Elisabeth; b. June 5; bap. Aug. 1.

Michael Miller, s. Ludwig and Elisabeth; b. July 13; bap. Aug. 21. Catharina Gottschall, d. Peter and Anna Maria; b. July 21; bap. Aug. 21.

Louisa Brunner, d. Georg and Anna Maria; b. Aug. 1; bap. Aug. 21. Johann Jacob Heiss, s. Dietrich and Mary Magdalena; b. Aug. 10; bap. Aug. 21.

Maria Christina Rudisill, d. Michael and Catharine; b. July 17; bap. Aug. 21.

Johannes Eichholz, s. Leonard and Catharina; b. Sept. 21; bap. Sept. 30.

Heinrich Schwanzel, s. Friedrich and Eva; b. Aug. 17; bap. Aug. 22. Elisabeth Schlauch, d. Matthias and Mary; b. Aug. 12; bap. Aug. 20. Joh. Conrad Kurtz, s. Christian and Dorothea; b. Aug. 27; bap. Oct. 10.

Magdalena Klein, d. Michael and Anna Maria; b. Aug. 7; bap. Aug. 21.

Johan Martin Schreiner, s. Philipp and Susanna; b. July 4; bap. Oct. 10.

Barbara Bensinger, d. Mathias and Elisabeth; b. July 17; bap. Oct. 10.

Joh. Michael Hall, s. Johannes and Elisabeth; b. Aug. 30; bap. Oct. 10.

Johann Lehr, s. Christian and Maria; b. Aug. 23; bap. Oct. 10.

Johannes Brenneisen, s. Valentin and Salome; b. Sept. 5; bap. Oct. 10.

Maria Elisabeth Koehler, d. Andreas and Barbara; b. Oct. 23; bap. Nov. 7.

Elisabeth Eichelberger, d. Georg and Elisabeth; b. Nov. 3; bap. Nov. 28.

Catharina Fornwald, d. Johannes and Eva; b. Oct. 21; bap. Dec. 26. Michael Haeusele, s. Michael and Catharina; b. Dec. 25,; bap. Jan. 2, 1780.

Jacob Moser, s. Georg and Christina; b. October 16; bap. Nov. 4.

#### 1780.

- Joh. Heinrich Dörn, s. Joh. Heinrich and Elisabeth; b, Oct. 11, 1779; bap. Jan. 1.
- Heinrich Hubley, s. Friedrich and Anna Maria; b. Oct. 1, 1779; bap. Jan. 2.
- Johann Jacob Tochtermann, s. Fried and Christina; b. Dec. 24, 1779; bap. Jan. 1.
- Maria Helena Messerschmidt, d. Peter and Christine; b. Nov. 10, 1779; bap. Dec. 10, 1779.
- Michael Hambrecht, s. Georg and Anna Maria; b. Sept. 1, 1779; bap. Sept. 30, 1779.
- Daniel Neumann, s. Daniel and Maria; b. Oct. 23, 1779; bap. Nov. 7, 1779.
- Susanna Greisinger, d. Georg and Catharina; b. Dec. 11, 1779; bap. Dec. 26, 1779.
- Adam Rau, s. Peter and Charlotte; b. Dec. 20, 1779; bap. March 19. Anna Maria Keiler, d. Daniel and Sybilla; b. Jan. 20; bap. March 19. Lucas Cossart, s. Theophilus and wife; b. Feb. 26; bap. March 26.
- Elisabeth Stuber, d. Heinrich and Catharina; b. Feb. 28; bap. March 26.
- Christina Meier, d. Isaac and Barbara; b. Nov. 30, 1779; bap. March 26.
- Johann Peter Lehr, s. Philipp and Elizabeth; b. Aug. 15, 1779; bap. March 26.
- Joh. Philipp Niess, s. Peter and Catharina; b. Nov. 18, 1779; bap. March 26.
- Joh. Michael Sohn, s. Johann and Catharina; b. Aug. 30, 1779; bap. March 26.
- Salome Stauffer, d. Heinrich and Catharine; b. Dec. 20, 1779; bap. March 26.
- Jacob Schmidt, s. Theobald and Elisabeth; b. May —, 1778; bap. March 27.
- Elisabeth Schmidt, d. Theobald and Elisabeth; b. Feb. 26; bap. March 27.
- Anna Maria Holzwart, d. Ludwig and Philippina; b. Jan. 10; bap. March 27.
- Regina Metzger, d. Jonas and Susanna; b. Sept. 6, 1779; bap. April 3.
- Anna Maria Ruehl, d. Anton and Philippina; b. Nov. 12, 1778; bap. April 6.
- Ludwig Kuch, s. Joh. Michael and Catharina; b. March 19; bap. April 9.

John and Margaret Bradley (twins), s. and d. Thomas and Hanna; b. Jan. 29; bap. April 10.

Elisabeth Rickert, d. Leonard and Anna Maria; b. May 4, 1779, bap. April 15.

Georg Manzer, s. Andreas and Susanna; b. Feb. 26; bap. April 16.
Michael Bauer, s. Michael and Veronica; b. March 13; bap. April 16.
Maria Catharina Leitner, d. Michael and Margaret; b. Oct. 15, 1779; bap. April 23.

Johannes Soft, s. Jacob and Anna Maria; b. April 10; bap. April 23. Johannes Reischling, s. Johannes and Catharina; b. April 8; bap. April 30.

Anna Maria Hofstetter, d. Adam and Margaretha; b. March 14; bap. April 39.

Catharina Schmidt, d. Friederich and Elisabeth; b. Jan. 1; bap. April 30.

Friederich Rieber, s. Ulrich and Catharina; b. March 18; bap. May 5. Elisabeth Freidle, d. Christoph and Catharina; b. Dec. 11, 1779; bap. May 5.

Christian Kurz, s. Georg and Eva; b. April 2; bap. May 7.

Johannes Wagner, s. Georg and Anna Dorothea; b. Dec. 27, 1779; bap. May 7.

Elisabeth Philipps, d. Johannes and Catharina; b. Nov. 15, 1779; bap. May 7.

Elisabeth Brenzler, d. Rosina and Valentin Krug; b. Feb. 25; bap. May 10.

Maria Ross, d. James and Maria; b. April 12; bap. May 11.

Ann Fentz, d. George James and Mrs. Ally; b. July 3, 1760; bap. May 11.

Samuel Lefevre Schmidt, s. Johannes and Maria; 16 years old; bap. May 13.

Johannes Robinson Schmidt, s. Johannes and Maria; 16 years old; bap. May 13.

Maria Schmidt, d. Johannes and Maria; b. Feb. 22; bap. May 13.

Elisabeth Schindel, d. Jacob and Elisabeth; b. May 9; bap. May 14. Catharine Felberger, d. Heinrich and Susanna; b. Aug. 1779; bap. May 14.

Joh. Heinrich Ackermann, s. Georg and Catharina; b. May 2; bap. May 14.

Susanna Klein, d. Michael and Barbara; b, Dec. 19, 1779; bap. May 15.

Joseph Robinsky, s. Andreas and Maria; b. March 8; bap. May 15. Elisabeth Robinsky, d. Andreas and Maria; b. Feb. 4, 1778; bap. May 15.

- Eliasbeth Roth, d. Ludwig and Elisabeth; b. Jan. 4, 1779, bap. May 15.
- Johannes Fichtner, s. Martin and Catharina; b. May 5; bap. May 15. Elisabeth Toersch, d. Friedrich and Catharina; b. May 2; bap. May 15.
- Anna Margaret Ilger, d. Georg and Magdalena; b. May 1; bap. May 21.
- Anna Maria Lohrmann, d. Adam and Anna Maria; b. Aug. 6, 1779; bap. May 27.
- Catharina Eva Schreiner, d. Michael and Barbara; b. March 1; bap. May 28.
- Johannes Schaefer, s. Johannes and Susanna; b. Dec. 30, 1779; bap. May 28.
- Johannes Krüger, s. Joh. Henr. and Anna Maria; b. May 19; bap. May 28.
- Johann Georg Sauter, s. Michael and Sarah; b. June 8, 1779; bap. June 1.
- Hanna Traut, d. Paul and Anna Maria; b. Aug. 11, 1779; bap. June 3.
- Maria Drumm, d. Jacob and Margaretha; b. April 12; bap. June 3. Martin Korhersberger, s. Martin and Rosina, b. Nov. 1, 1779; bap. June 3.
- Susanna Brackomer, d. Henrich and Esther; b. Feb. 20; bap. June 3.
- Susanna Vanderschmidt, d. Valentin and Elisabeth; b. Aug. 24, 1779; bap. June 3.
- Maria Lambarter, d. Ulrich and Magdalena; b. Feb.—; bap. June 4. Apollonia Schmidt, d. Johannes and Catharine; b. Dec. 16, 1779; bap. June 8.
- Susanne Müller, d. Peter and Susanna; b. Nov. 23, 1779; bap. June 8. William Stephenson, s. Joseph and Elisabeth; b. June 6; bap. June 12.
- Susanna Motz, d. Jacob and Maria Barbara; b. Oct. 7, 1778; bap. June 14.
- Catharina Barbara Motz, d. Jacob and Maria Barbara; b. April 27, 1780; bap. June 14.
- Maria Catharina Schlott, d. Michael and Maria Catharina; b. May 17; bap. June 25.
- Joh. Michael, s. Joh. Michael Roger and widow Deborah Hart; b. April 15; bap. June 18.
- Anna Elisabeth Techmeyer, d. Ludwig and Susanna Barbara; b. June 18; bap. June 25.
- Johannes Zander, s. Daniel Ludwig and Elisabeth; b. March 26; bap. June 25.

Jacob Weidel, s. Friedrich and Susanna; b. June 8; bap. June 25. Philipp Leibe, s. Christian and Jamina; b. May 31; bap. June 25. Elisabeth Spreng, d. Theobald and Hanna; b. April 13; bap. June 25. Barbara Jung, d. Matthaeus and Catharina; b. June 13; bap. July 2. Heinrich Brehm, s. Philipp and Sabina; b. June 23; bap. July 2. Anna Barbara Müller, d. Andreas and Regina; b. Feb. 15; bap.

July 2.

Johannes Jeisser, s. Friedrich and Susanna; b. June 29; bap. July 4. Joh. Michael Schreiner, s. Martin and wife; b. June —; bap. July 4. Maria Catharina Albrecht, d. Elias and Catharina; b. Feb. 18, 1778; bap. July 8.

Anna Maria Albrecht, d. Elias and Catharina; b. Feb. 4; bap. July 8. Mary Haliburton, d. Laudan and Mary; b. June 22; bap. July 3.

Elisabeth Aschelman, b. Aug. 15, 1759; bap. July 10.

Friedrich Marguard, d. Sebastian and Catharina; b. July 5; bap. July 16.

Johan Heinrich Zimmermann, s. Heinrich and Susanna; b. July 2; bap. July 16.

Sarah Powel, d. Edward and Mary; b. June 2; bap. July 16.

Johannes Schwarz, s. Conrad and Anna Maria; b. July 4; bap. July 16.

Johann Peter Walter, s. Peter and Catharina; b. July 9; bap. July 23.

Michael Reinhardt, s. Michael and Maria; b. July 20; bap. July 30. George Besinger, d. Jacob and Dorothea; b. July, 1774; bap. Aug. 1.

Michael Besinger, s. Jacob and Dorothea; b. Nov. 1776; bap. Aug. 1.

Anna Maria Besinger, d. Jacob and Dorothea; b. Nov. 17, 1779; bap. Aug. 1.

Susanna Elisabeth Senger, d. Christian and Elisabeth; b. June 28; bap. Aug. 6.

Johann Adan Fass, s. Joh. Peter and Catharina; b. Dec. 9, 1779; bap. Aug. 6.

Susan Elisabeth Ofner, d. Johannes and Salome; b. July 31; bap. Aug. 10.

Elisabeth Nagel, d. Joseph and Maria; b. July 31; bap. Aug. 31.

Ludwig Dehnig, s. Ludwig and Margareta; b, Aug. 3; bap. Aug. 12.

Johannes Mann, s. Friedrich and Anna Maria; b. June 28; bap. Aug. 13.

Georg Peter Schneider, s. Johannes and Maria Barbara; b. July 29; bap. Aug. 13.

Johannes Truckmiller, s. Jacob and Elisabeth; b. Dec. 1779; bap. Aug. 14.

Anna Margareta Stahl, d. Jacob and Anna Margareta; b. July 30; bap. Aug. 20.

William Frickhoever, s. Christian and Mary; b. July 18; bap. Aug. 21.

Johannes Kautz, s. Bernhardt and Margareta; b. May 15; bap. Aug. 27.

Margareta Franciscus, d. Joh. and Anna; b. Aug. 20; bap. Aug. 27. John Hopson Krug, s. Jacob and Rebecca; b. Aug. 24; bap. Aug. 28. Elisabeth Weber, d. Adam and Rosina; b. Aug. 7; bap. Aug. 28. Michael Hill, s. Melchior and Justina; b. Aug. 17; bap. Sept. 4. Susanna Lindy, d. Jacob and Anna Maria; b. Aug. 13; bap. Sept. 9. Johannes Weinau, s. Heinrich and Barbara; b. Aug. 4; bap. Sept. 10. Adam Glaser, s. Daniel and Christine; b. Aug. 13; bap. Sept. 10. Sophia Elisabeth Jentz, d. Georg and Anna; b. Aug. 26; bap. Sept. 10.

Johannes Meyer, s. Friedrich and Anna; b. Sept. 3; bap. Sept. 13. Georg Frick, s. Friedrich and Sophia; b. Aug. 29; bap. Sept. 17. Jennet Bisseth, d. Robert and Margaret; b. Jan. —, 1778; bap. Sept. 25. Johann Georg Schmeling, s. Joh. Georg and Anna Maria; b. Sept. 27; bap. Oct. 1.

Susanna Lutz, d. Peter and Maria; b. Aug. 13; bap. Oct. 1.

Anna Maria Leible, d. Jacob and Magdalena; b. Aug. 15; bap.

Oct. 1

Susanna Rieger, d. Conrad and Sybilla; b. July 20; bap. Oct. 8. Georg, s. Barnet McCartney and Margaret Harp; b. Sept. 17; bap. Oct. 10.

Joh. Philipp Braun, s. Abraham and Magdalena; b. Oct. 5; bap. Oct. 15.

Christian Debler, s. Christoph and Anna Maria; b. Aug. 29; bap. Oct. 15.

Joh. Friedrich Mentzer, s. Friedrich and Catharina; b. Sept. 15; bap. Oct. 22.

John Greeson, s. Thomas and Mary; b. Jan. 9; bap. Oct. 24.
Elisabeth Lazarus, d. Jacob and Anna; b. Sept. 18; bap. Oct. 24.
Peter Kuhns, s. Michael and Margareta; b. Oct. 25; bap. Oct. 25.
Johann Arnold Hebelmann, s. Arnold and Eva Susanna; b. Aug. 15; bap. Oct. 28.

Johannes Jost, s. Georg and Elisabeth; b. Oct. 17; bap. Oct. 29. Jacob Albrecht, s. Johannes and Barbara; b. Oct. 10; bap. Oct. 30. Hanna Lindenberger, d. Georg and Hanna; b. Aug. 13; bap. Oct. 30. Sarah Hubley, s. Johannes and Maria; b. Sept. 21; bap. Oct. —.
Johannes Steiner, s. Georg and Elisabeth; b. Aug. 25; bap. Nov. 6.
Jacob Geiger, s. Heinrich and Susanna; b. Oct. 17; bap. Nov. 12.
Charlotte Hamilton, d. John and Elizabeth; b. Oct. 26; bap. Nov. 12.
Johannes Booth, s. Johannes and Christina; b. Oct. 21; bap. Nov. 12.
Barbara Weisenbach, d. Heinrich and Anna Maria; Oct. 30; bap.
Nov. 13.

Alexander Wernsel, and wife; b. Oct. 1777; bap. Nov. 19.

Esther Wirz, d. Wilhelm and Margaret; b. Oct. 23; bap. Nov. 19. Catharina Pickel, d. Peter and Margaret; b. April 30; bap. Nov. 21. Joh. Philipp Schreiner, s. Joh. Phil. and Susanna; b. Oct. 13; bap. Nov. 13.

Johann Schneider, s. Joseph and Elisabeth; b. July 18; bap. Nov. 23.

Joh. Peter Hess, s. Peter and Susanna; b. May 1; bap. Nov. 29.Cathar. Elisabeth Kline, d. Michael and Margareta; b. Oct. 22; bap. Dec. 6.

Friedrich Blumder, s. Gottlieb and Catharina; b. May 25; bap. Dec. 8.

John. Hamilton, s. Charles and Margaret; b. Dec. 5; bap. Dec. 8. Elisabeth Becht, d. Joseph and Christina; b. Oct. 28; bap. Dec. 9. Jacob Zorn, s. Christian and Eva; b. Nov. 26; bap. Dec. 10.

Johannes Miller Fisher, s. Johann and Eva Catharina; b. Nov. 13; bap. Dec. 10.

Georg Adam Bertel, s. Georg Adam and Magdalena; b. Oct. 18; bap. Dec. 20.

Elisabeth Valentin, d. Daniel and Elisabeth; b. June 23; bap. Dec. 20. Jacob Naumann, s. Gottlieb and Margareta; b. Nov. 23; bap. Dec. 24. Harriet Cuthbert; bap. 4 months before Dec. 26.

Samuel Brisbin, s. John and Eleonor Morrison; b. Aug. 20; bap Dec. 31.

## 1781.

Johan Heinrich Hofmann, s. Friedrich and Anna Margareta; b. Sept. 26, 1780; bap. Jan. 1.

Dorothea Weber, d. Johannes and Elisabeth; b. Jan. 2; bap. Jan. 5. Jacob Shindel, s. Georg and Elisabeth; b. Dec. 23, 1780; bap. Jan. 14. Margaretha Sauer, d. Philipp and Barbara; b. Dec. 21, 1780; bap. Feb. 9.

Georg Ohlweiler, s. Friedrich and Barbara; b. Sept. 14, 1780; bap. Feb. 9.

Michael Klein, s. Philip and Magdalena; b. Feb. 1; bap. Feb. 11. Elisabeth Schindel, d. Peter and Elisabeth; b. Feb. 4; bap. Feb. 11. Catharina Moser, d. Georg and Christina; b. Jan. 30; bap. Feb. 11. Philip Dieterich, s. Philip and wife; b. 1770; bap. Feb. 15.

Donald Stewart, s. Parker and Mary; b. Feb. 14; bap. Feb. 17.

Elisabeth Kohl, d. Nicolaus and Dorothea; b. Dec. 31, 1780; bap. Feb. 18.

Christian Fenstermacher, s. Fried. and Margaretha; b. Sept. 3, 1780; bap. Feb. 19.

Elisabeth Schaefer, d. Jacob and Barbara; b. Feb. 17; bap. Feb. 19. Elisabeth Raemle, d. Johannes and Regina; b. Feb. 9; bap. Feb. 25. Anna Maria Hildebrandt, d. Jacob and Barbara; b. Feb. 5; bap.

Feb. 25.

Barbara, d. Elisabeth Hildebrandt and a soldier; b. Feb. 5; bap. Feb. 25.

Catharina Mellinger, d. Friedrich and Anna; b. Sept. 20, 1780; bap. Feb. 25.

Johan Ludwig Hoeck, s. Ludwig and Elisabeth; b. Jan. 13; bap. Feb. 25.

Jacob Schmaus, s. Nicolaus and Elisabeth; b. Feb. 6; bap. March 5. Johannes Koehler, s. Andreas and Barbara; b. Feb. 22; bap. March 4. Caspar Bardt, s. Martin and Susanna; b. Jan. 27; bap. March 4.

Georg Michael Reinhardt, s. Michael and Margaretha; b. Feb. 4; bap. March 4.

Johann Jacob Maier, s. Wilhelm and Margaret; b. Jan. 5; bap. March 4.

Conrad Heinrich Keppele, s. Johannes and Rosina; b. March 7; bap. March 10.

Adam Yost, s. Conrad and Philippina; b. Feb. 26; bap. March 11. Catharina Schenk, d. Michael and Elisabeth; b. Feb. 9; bap. March 12.

Margaret Ward, d. John and Jane; b. Jan. 27; bap. March 14.

Rachel Garden, d. James and Hybee (2 blacks); b. July, 1780; bap. March 18.

Peter Museathus, s. Adam and Catharina; b. July 28, 1780; bap. March 18.

Susanna Schmidt, d. Matthaes and Juliana; b. Feb. 14; bap. March 18.

Catharina Schweicker, d. Sebastian and Agnes Maria; b. Feb. 14; bap. March 21.

Justina Klein, d. Michael and Anna Maria; b. March 1; bap. March 21.

Anna Maria Zehmer, d. Heinrich and Anna Maria; b. March 3; bap. April 1.

Jacob Pickel, s. Jacob and Barbara; b. Jan. 9; bap. April 5.

Maria Brechten; bap. April 10.

Barbara Dietrich, d. Phil. and Elisabeth; b. Oct., 1763; bap. April 11.

Henrich Dietrich, s. Phil. and Elisabeth; b. Feb. 10, 1765; bap. April 11.

Christine Dietrich, d. Phil. and Elisabeth; b. Feb. 7, 1767; bap. April 11.

James Gilbreath Murray, s. Lackey and Elisabeth; b. Feb. 12; bap. April 12.

Elisabeth Lotmann, d. Georg and Anna Margaret; b. Dec. 20, 1780; bap. April 16.

Martha Lotmann, d. Georg and Anna Margaret; bap. April 19.

Justina Margaret Hof, d. Georg and Justina Margaret; b. April 14; bap. April 19.

Johannes Messerschmidt, s. Jacob and Susanna; b. April 13; bap. April 22.

Heinrich Mayer, s. Heinrich and Anna Maria; b. April 16; bap. April 22.

Catharina Boehm, d. Gabriel and Elisabeth; b. Feb. 12; bap. April 22.

Johannes Lager, s. Georg and Juliana; b. Oct. 24; bap. April 22.

Abraham Rubly, s. Jacob and Maria; b. Jan. 11; bap. April 23.

Friederich and Jacob Shumann (twins), s. Georg and Catharina; b. Jan. 18; bap. April 23.

Magdalena Zimmer, d. Michael and Catharina; b. Feb. 7; bap. April 23.

Samuel Manning, s. John and Barbara; b. Sept., 1780; bap. April 23.

Abraham Malson, s. Thomas and Jean. (mulattoes); b. Sept. 11, 1780; bap. April 23.

Catharina Moser, d. Michael and Maria; b. April 1; bap. April 26. Wilhelm Hoerner, s. Michael and Barbara; b. April 20; bap. April 26.

Georg Hensel, s. Wilhelm and Maria; b. April 13; bap. April 27. Elisabeth Denger, d. Andreas and Catharina; b. March 13; bap.

April 29.

Christian Ebermann, s. Christian and Christine; b. Sept. 18, 1780; bap. April 29.

James Cunningham; bap. May 1.

Maria Magdalena, d. Margar. Ruscher and Joh. Schletter; b. April 1; bap. May 5.

Anna Maria Keller, d. Johannes and Maria; b. April 23; bap. May 3. Johannes Epple, s. Johannes and Catharina; b. April 15; bap. May 7.

Maria Catharina Lotmann, d. Jacob and Esther; b. March 6; bap. May 6.

Daniel and Maria Lorenz (twins), s. and d. Wilhelm and Anna Maria; b. May 31, 1772; bap. May 6.

Petrus and Johannes Hensel (twins), s. Christoph and Anna Maria; b. April 12; bap. May 6.

Catharine Leitner, d. Johannes and Margaret; b. April 17; bap. May 9.

Michael Neuschwender, s. Conrad and Sybilla; b. May 5; bap. May 11.

Catharina Rothacker, d. Johannes and Magdalena; b. July 27, 1780; bap. May 16.

Johannes Peter, s. Abraham and Maria Cathar.; b. Nov. 7, 1780; bap, May 16

Susanna Lehnherr, d. Georg and Elisabeth, b. May 6; bap. May 18. Anna Heckenschwieler, d. Jacob and Susanna; June 2, 1780; bap. May 20.

Maria Schittenhelm, d. Michael and Margaret; b. July —, 1780; bap. May 20.

Magdalena Rudisil, d. Melchior and Christine; b. May 2; bap. May 20.

Peter Miller, s. Peter and Maria Magdalena; b. May 18; bap. May 27. Georg and Elisabeth Marguart; bap. May 20.

Elisabeth Lehr, d. Christian and Maria; b. April 6; bap. May 27. Johannes Hohr, s. Jacob and Elisabeth; b. Jan. 10; bap. June —.

Daniel Plattenberger, s. Johann and wife; b. Feb. 11; bap. June 2. Maria Dorothea Hoeck, d. Bartholom. and Sophia; b. May 15; bap.

Anna Maria Stech, d. Phil. and Anna Maria; b. Feb.—; bap. June 3. Catharina Philipps, d. Johan and Catharina; b. Feb. 23; bap. June 3. Maria Elisabeth Lautenschlaeger, d. Heinrich and Elisabeth; b. Feb.—, 1779; bap. June 3.

Elisabeth Hehmet, d. Tobias and Catharina; b. May 7; bap. June 3. Maria Margaret Fischer, d. Georg and Anna Maria; b. Nov. 25, 1780; bap. June 3.

Heinrich Becker, s. David and Barbara; b. Aug.—, 1780; bap. June 4. John Johnson, s. Richard and Mary; b. May 28; bap. June 4.

David Manly, s. John and Margaret; b. Jan. 15; bap. June 4.

David Gall, s. Henrich and Catharina; b. Aug. 18; bap. June 4.

Elisabeth Oehler, d. Daniel and Maria Margar; b. April 16; bap. June 4.

Johanetta Nice, d. Ludwig and Maria; b. Dec. 5, 1776; bap. June 4. Elias Nice, s. Ludwig and Maria; b. Feb. 14, 1778; bap. June 4.

Johannes Nice, s. Ludwig and Maria; b. Dec. 25, 1779; bap. June 4. Cathar. Elisabeth Haehu, d. Heinrich and Elisabeth; b. May 27; bap. June 18.

Christian Friedrich Jeisser, s. Friedrich and Susanna; b. June 6; bap. June 24.

Barbara Kraemuier, d. Friedrich and Barbara. b. May 7; bap. June 24.

Anna Maria Krueger, d. Joh. Heiur. and Anna Maria; b. June 8; bap. June 24.

Johann Georg Vanderschmidt, s. Joh. and Rosina; b. Dec. 14, 1780; bap. July 1.

Johannes Wilson, s. Robert and Sophia; b. June 30; bap. July 8. Margareta Egins, d. Andrew and Anna; b. 1779; bap. 1779.

John Egins, s. Andrew and Anna; b. Sept., 1780; bap. July 8, 1781. Catharina Franz, d. Ludwig and Margareta; b. Feb. 2; bap. July 11. Joh. Peter Lehr, s. Philip and Elisabeth, b. Sept. 22, 1780; bap. July 11.

Joh. Gottlieb Gottschall, s Peter and Anna Maria; b. June 7; bap. July 25.

Sarah Thomson, d. Robert and Margaret; b. Jan. 25, 1780; bap. July 26.

Heinrich Stroh, s. Jost and Catharina; b. March 12; bap. July 29. Wilhelm Wily, s. Samuel and Elisabeth; b. Nov. 30, 1780: bap. Aug. 3.

Susan Phillipina Kessler, d. Georg and Elisabeth; b. Aug. 1; bap. Aug. 5.

Elisabeth Schmidt, d. Friederich and Elisabeth; b. May 21; bap. Aug. 5.

Jacob Widder, s. Georg and Anna; b. March 28, 1780; bap. Aug. 15.
Isabella Meldrom, d. Henr. and Diana; b. July 28, 1780; bap. Aug. 16.
Maria Salome Springer, d. Jacob and Barbara; b. June 15; bap. Aug. 19.

Georg Meier, s. Georg Ludwig and Barbara; b. Aug. 3; bap. Aug. 19. Catharina Holzwart, d. Ludwig and Susan Philippina; b. Aug. 6; bap. Aug. 26.

Johann Carl Stark, s. Johannes and Margaret; b. July 4; bap. Sept. 2. Salome Brotzmann, d. Peter and Hanna; b. Oct. 22; bap. Sept. 2.

Tobias, s. Tobias Moser and Anna Marg. Schreiner; b. Nov. —, 1780; bap. Sept. 9.

Soldiers; bap. Sept. 13.

Wilhelm, s. Philpp. Dehn and Hannah Lauk; b. Oct. 24, 1780; bap. Sept. 14.

Catharina Faringer, d. Jacob and Barbara; b. Aug. 8; bap. Sept. 19.

- Joh. Wilhelm Heiss, s. Dietrich and Maria Magdalena; b. Aug. 30; bap. Sept. 23.
- David Hubley, s. Bernhard and Anna Maria; b. Sept. 20; bap. Sept. 25.
- Johannes Mathiot, s. Christian and Anna Maria; b. Sept. 5; bap. Sept. 23.
- Wilhelm Knies, s. Christoph and Anna; b. Sept. 25; bap. Sept. 29. Heinrich Lorenz, s. Caspar and wife; bap. Sept. 25.
- Maria Catharina Kurz, d. George and Eva; b. Aug. 18; bap. Sept. 30.
- Georg Hubley, s. Friedrich and Anna Maria, b. July 11; bap. Sept. 30.
- Anna Knowlon, d. John and Elisabeth, b. Aug. 19; bap. Oct. 1. Johannes Eichholz, s. Georg and Anna; bap. Oct. 2.
- Maria Krug, d. Jacob and Rebecca; b. Sept. 15; bap. Oct. 2.
- Catharina Stuber, d. Heinrich and Catharine; b. Sept. 10; bap. Oct. 4.
- Elisabeth Selig, d. Johannes and Margaretha; b. Oct. 18, 1775; bap. Oct. 4.
- Jacob Selig, s. Johannes and Margaretha; b. Oct. 7, 1777; bap. Oct. 4.
- Friedrich Selig, s. Johannes and Margaretha; b. April 7, 1779; bap. Oct. 4.
- Susanna Weiss, d. Georg and Margaret; b. Aug. 11; bap. Oct. 12. Anna Maria Kipp., d. Johannes and Margaret; b. Sept. 12; bap.
- Oct. 13. Eva Catharina Schreiner, d. Michael and Elisabeth; b. Aug. 7; bap. Oct. 13.
- Martin Fichtner, s. Martin and Catharina; b. Sept. 24; bap. Oct. 14.
- Jacob Lotmann, s. Johannes and Maria; b. Sept. 18; bap. Oct. 14.
- Michael Frey, s. Michael and Dorothea; b. July 15; bap. Oct. 19.
- Georg. Schaefer, s. Georg. and Catharina; b. Oct. 8; bap. Oct. 21. Cathar. Margaret Baumann, d. Joh. Nichl. and Christiana Elisabeth; b. July 10, 1780; bap. Oct. 21.
- Johannes Niess, s. Peter and Catharina; b. July 14; bap. Oct. 21.
- Johannes Hagintogler, s. Isaac and Elisabeth, Reformed; b. June 4; bap. Oct. 21.
- Johannes Terre, s. Conrad and Elisabeth; b. Oct. 14; bap. Oct. 23. Catharina Weidel, d. Friedrich and Susanna; b. Oct. 6; bap. Oct. 28.
- Elisabeth Bonnet, d. Johann and Magdalina; b. Sept. 20; bap. Oct. 28.
- Regina Henrich, d. Georg. and Anna; b. Oct. 8; bap. Nov. 1.

Maria Barbara Brenner, d. Georg and Anna Maria; b. Sept. 22; bap. Nov. 2.

Maria Magdalena Lukohr, d. Johannes and Margareta; b. Oct. 14; bap. Nov. 4.

Johannes Greiner, s. Johannes and Debora; b. Oct. 16; bap. Nov. 11. Friedrich Ehrmann, s. Casper and Rosina; b. Oct. 31; bap. Nov. 11. Christina Loh, d. Georg and Christina; b. May 26; bap. Nov. 14.

Dorothea Kautz, d. Thomas and Gertraud; b. Oct. 29; bap. Nov. 18.

Anna Maria Neumann, d. Daniel and Maria; b. Oct. 30; bap.

Nov. 18.

Nicolaus Gaertner, s. Valentin and Appolonia; b. Oct. 2; bap. Nov. 18.

Charles Trumbull, s. Charles and Philippina; b. Oct. 30; bap. Nov. 20.

Elisabeth Kurz, d. Christian and Dorothea; b. Nov. 17; bap. Nov. 25.

John Gillard, s. John and Margaret; b. July 8; bap. Nov. 25.

Susanna Tochtermann, d. Fried. and Christine; b. Oct. 18; bap. Nov. 25.

Catharina Senn, d. Christian and Margaret; b. Sept. 30; bap. Nov. 27.

Elisabeth Messerschmidt, d. Peter and Christina; b. Nov. 11; bap. Dec. 2.

Rosina Elisabeth Loh, d. Georg and Christine; b. May 28, 1778; bap. Dec. 3.

Michael Jung, s. Mathaeus and Catharina; b. Nov. 29; bap. Dec. 3. Maria Magdalena Schneider, d. Peter and Catharina; b. Dec. 11, 1779; bap. Dec. 6.

Johan Heinrich Schneider, s. Peter and Catharina; b. Sept. 23, 1781; bap. Dec. 6.

James Braun, s. John and Maria; b. May 11; bap. Dec. 8.

Jeremias Stillwil, aged 30 years; bap. Dec. 8.

Anna Elisabeth Stillwil; bap. Dec. 8.

Jeremias Stillwil, s. Jeremias and Anna Elisabeth; bap. Dec. 8. Catharina Stillwil, d. Jeremias and Anna Elisabeth; bap. Dec. 8.

Jean Porterfield, d. Jesaia and Agnes; b. Nov. 24; bap. Dec. 11.

Joh. Ludwig Bart, s. Valentine and Margaret; b. Nov. 30; bap. Dec. 16.

Christian App, s Michael and Sophia; b. Nov. 17; bap. Dec. 16. Elisabeth Thieler, d. Leonhardt and Anna Maria; b. Nov. 1; bap. Dec. 19.

Anna Maria Lindy, d. Jacob and Anna Maria; b. Oct. 25; bap. Dec. 22.

Jacob Maenzer, s. Andreas and Susanna; b. Oct. 28; bap. Dec. 23.

Heinrich Keiler, s. Daniel and Sybilla; b. Nov. 10; bap. Dec. 30.

Elisabeth Weidel, d. Johannes and Anna Maria; b. Nov. 15; bap. Dec. 30.

Elisabeth Pflug, d. Heinrich and Anna Margareta; b. Dec. 4, 1780; bap. six weeks before Christmas.

## 1782.

Michael Roberts, s. Joh. and Catharina; b. Dec. 28, 1781; bap. Jan. 3.

Anna Bisseth, d. Robert and Margaret; b. Oct. 15, 1780; bap. Jan. 9. Catharina Bigy, d. Franciscus and Eva; b. Dec. 23, 1781; bap. Jan. 6. Elisabeth Reishling, d. Johannes and Maria Cathar.; b. Jan. 8; bap. Jan. 10.

Carl Heinrich Eichholz, s. Leonhard and Catharina; b. Dec. 14, 1781; bap. Jan. 13.

Jane, wife of Thomas Turner, née Hendricks; b. March 22, 1760; bap. Jan. 19.

Jane Turner, d. Thomas and Jane; b. Jan. 14; bap. Jan. 19.

Catharina Bitner, d. Adam and Christine; b. Jan. 1; bap. Jan. 21. Georg Bitner, s. Adam and Christine; b. Oct. 19, 1780; bap. Jan. 21. Susanna Greenly, d. James and Margar.; b. April 30, 1781; bap. Jan. 21.

Anna Maria Koehler, d. Michael and Elisabeth; b. Feb. 3, 1781; bap. Jan. 21.

Laudon Haliburton, s. Laudon and Mary; b. Dec. 26, 1781; bap. Jan. 22.

Johannes Dörn, s. Heinrich and Elisabeth; b. Dec. 28, 1781; bap. Jan. 27.

Elisabeth Sprackel, d. Thomas and Barbara, née Betz; b. Jan. 7; bap. Jan. 27.

Susanna Schreiner, d. Michael and Barbara; b. Jan. 13; bap. Feb. 1. Johannes Gramm, s. Wilhelm and Elisabeth, widow Leopold; b. Jan. 5; bap. Feb. 3.

Catharina Appel, d. Christian and Magdalena; b. Jan. 19; bap. Feb. 3.

Francisca Catharina Schlauch, d. Matthias and Maria; b. Oct. 14; bap. Feb. 4.

Juliana Elisabeth Zanzinger, d. Paul and Esther; b. Aug. 26; bap. Feb. 6.

Joseph Stevenson, s. Joseph and Elisabeth; b. Sept. 22; bap. Feb. 9. Johannes Colman Seitz, s. Andreas and Catharina; b. Jan. 9; bap. Feb. 10.

William Collins, s. Robert and Anne; b. Feb. 6; bap. Feb. 18.
Johanna Haeusele, d. Michael and Catharina; b. Feb. 2; bap. Feb. 24.
Johannes Sauter, s. Michael and Sara; b. Nov. 13, 1781; bap. Feb. 24.
Colman Hergut, s. Heinrich and Catharina; b. Dec., 1781; bap.
March 3.

Mary Bartram, d. John and Mary; b. Feb. 7; bap. March 3.

Johannes Mettot, s. Jacob and Anna Mar.; b. Feb. 24; bap. March 3. Jacob Neu, s. Ludwig and Mary; bap. March 3.

Johann Georg Brenneisen, s. Valentin and Salome; b. Feb. 9; bap. March 3.

Catharina Etter, d. Daniel and Maria Magd.; b. Feb. 9; bap. March 3. Ann Webster, d. Capt. John and Eleonor; b. June 21, 1779; bap. March 5.

Mary Webster, d. Capt. John and Eleonor; b. Jan. 28; bap. March 5. Catharina Nagel, d. Joseph and Maria; b. Jan. 27; bap. March 10. Catharina Bart, d. Lorenz and Juliana; b. Feb. 24; bap. March 17.

Mary McColm, d. Malcom and Jean.; b. Feb. 15; bap. March 18.

Hanna Eckel, d. Caspar and Catharina; b. March 11; bap. March 20.Margareta Schmidt, d. Johannes and Margaret; b. Dec. 5, 1781; bap. March 23.

Anna Elizabeth Leibpa, d. Christian and Christine; b. March 6; bap. March 24.

James Frener, s. James and Eva; b. Jan. 20; bap. March 24.

Hanna Brenneisen, d. Conrad and Maria Elisabeth; b. Jan. 2; bap. March 24.

Johan Philipp Klein, s. Philipp and Magdalena; b. March 25; bap. March 26.

Isaac Kuhns, s. Mennonite parents; bap. March 29.

Johannes Hirsch, s. Conrad Hirsch; bap. March 29, 18 years old.

Barbara Meier, d. Hans and Barbara; b. Dec. 11, 1781; bap. March 31.

Christina Margar. Platz, d. Adam and Margar.; b. Feb. 24; bap. April 1.

Joh. Nicolaus Münich, s. Philip and Elisabeth; b. March 27; bap. April 7.

Jacob Schwenzel, s. Friedrich and Eva; b. March 15; bap. April 7.Wilhelm Beyer, s. Friedrich and Magdalena; b. March 25; bap. April 11.

Catharina Lambarter, d. Ulrich and Catharina; b. Feb. 9; bap. April 13.

Joh. Conrad Sohn, s. Johannes and Catharina; b. Dec. 20, 1781; bap. April 14.

Elisabeth Peter, d. Abraham and Catharina; b. Jan. 21; bap. April 21.

Patton Ross, s. Georg and Mary; b. March 13, 1778; bap. April 21. William Bird Ross, s. Georg and Mary; b. April 6; bap. April 21. Johannes Steinmeier, s. Sebastian and Sarah; b. Aug. 5, 1779; bap. April 28.

Barbara Ohlmeier, d. Johannes and Anna Maria: b. Dec. 12, 1781;

bap. May 5.

Michael Klein, s. Michael and Anna Maria; b. April 25; bap. May 5. Heinrich Ofner, s. Johannes and Salome; b. April —; bap. May 5. Susanna, d. Cato and Sukey (slaves); b. Sept. 12, 1781; bap. May 5. James Morton, s. Joseph and Bridget; b. April 30; bap. May 7. Anna Hess, d. Joh. Nicol. and Eva Catharina; b. March 7; bap.

May 8.

Sara, d. John Light and Catharine Bridges; b. Feb. 18; bap. May 11. Elisabeth Swinney, d. Miles and Elisabeth; b. March 24; bap. May 11. Joseph Kindsch, s. Jacob and Anna Barbara; b. March 8; bap. May 12. John Grau, s. John and Anne; b. April 4; bap. May 12.

Georg Ludwig Hubly, s. Johannes and Maria; b. April 27; bap.

May 17.

Joh. Christoph. Knerenschild, s. Christoph and Elisabeth; b. April—; bap. May 19.

Heinrich Augustus Philipp Muhlenberg, s. Henrich, pastor, and Maria Catharina; b. May 13; b. May 26.

Maria Catharina Muhlenberg, d. Henr. and Maria Catharina; b. Sept. 2, 1776; bap. Sept. 23, 1776.

Susana Elisabeth Muhlenberg, d. Henr. and Maria Catharina; b. Oct. 26, 1779; bap. Nov. 16, 1779.

Daniel McCoy, s. Alexander and Margaret; b. May 23; bap. May 29. Barbara Schweiker, d. Martin and Christine; b. March 25; bap. June 2.

Georg Henrich, s. Christian and Regina; b. March 25, 1781; bap. June 2.

Elisabeth Kennedy, d. William and Sara; b. Sept. 22, 1778; bap. June 3.

Anna Elisabeth Kennedy, d. William and Sara; b. Dec. 18, 1781; bap June 3.

Maria Catharina Kuch, d. Joh. Michael and Catharina; b. May 6;

Catharina Weber, d. Johannes and Anna Elisab.; b. May 14; bap. June 9.

Catharina Lohrmann, d. Adam and Anna Maria; b. Jan. 12; bap. June 12.

Jacob Schneider, s. Jacob and Anna Elisabeth; b. April 20; bap. June 12.

Catharina Musculus, d. Adam and Catharina; b. June 2; bap. June 13.

Joh. Jacob Greiner, s. And. and Maria Barbara; b. March 28, 1781; bap. June 13.

Susan Barbara Bart, d. Mathias and Sus. Margaret; b. March 30; bap. June 16.

Georg Goerlitz, s. Joh. Peter and Christine; b. April 12; bap. June 16.

Johannes Etter, s. Heinrich and Catharina; b. Jan.; bap. April 17. Christian Hasselbach, s. Henrich and wife; b. June 18; bap. June 21. Georg Michael Wagner, s. Georg and Anua Dorothea; b. Nov. 21, 1781; bap. June 22.

Wilhelm Naumann, s. Gottlieb and Anna Marg.; b. April 15; bap. June 23.

Jacob Griesenger, s. Georg and Catharina; b. June 1; bap. June 23.

Anna Maria Messerschmidt, d. Georg and wife; b. June 9; bap.

June 23.

Peter Rau, s. Peter and Charlotta; b. July 1; bap. July 2.

Barbara Dambach, d. Adam and Susanna (a Mennonite); b. Nov. 15, 1780; bap. July 12.

Susanna Dambach, d. Adam and Susanna (a Mennonite); b. April 9; bap. July 12.

Anna Maria Fentz, d. Georg Martin and Anna; b. July 7; bap. July 13.

Henrietta Breitenhart, d. Christoph and Magdalena; b. June 22; bap. July 14.

Luke Lamb, s. Luke and Anna; b. July 5; bap. July 14.

Joh. Heinrich Rusing, s. Bernhard and Susanna; b. April 6; bap. July 21.

Johannes Schmidt, s. Theobald and Elisabeth; b. March 10; bap. July 21.

Catharina Raymeyer, d. Ludwig and Anna; b. March 18; bap. July 21.

Anna Maria Raymeier, d. Ludwig and Anna; b. Feb. 19, 1778; bap. July 21.

Catharina Fass, d. Peter and Catharina; b. May 12; bap. July 21.

Anna Maria Jeiter, d. Johannes and Maria Margar.; b. May, 1781; bap. July 24.

Johann Christian Wolf, s. Joh. Christian and Anna; b. July 23; bap. July 26.

Adam Hambrecht, s. Georg and Anna Maria; b. June 3; bap. July 27.

Anna Maria Steinmeier, d. Sebastian and Sara; b. April 29; bap. July 27.

Johannes Tintemann, s. Henrich and Elisabeth; b. June 12; bap. July 28.

David, s. Thomas and Grace (negroes), b. Feb. 24; bap. July 28.

Philipp Rudesily, s. Michael and Catharina; b. April 7; bap. April 30.

Catharina Singlof, d. Henr. and Maria; b. March 7; bap. Aug. 1. Catharina Techtmeyer, d. Ludwig and Sus. Barbara; b. Aug. 1;

bap, Aug. 4.

Heinrich Muendel, s. Valentin and Maria; b. Oct. 8, 1781; bap.

Aug. 4. Catharina Ackermann, d. Paul and Anna Maria; b. Feb. 27; bap. Aug. 11.

Jacob Deiber, s. Jacob and Catharina; b. Aug. 3; bap. Aug. 11.

George Sacket, s. Peter and Rachel (negro); b. June 7; bap. Aug. 11.

Richard, s. James Richard and Mary Euibly; b. July 22; bap. Aug. 12.

Anna Alisabeth Williams, d. Georg and Anna; b. Dec. 2, 1781; bap. Aug. 14.

Anna Margareta Heger, d. Franz and Anna Margaret; b. Aug. 2; bap. Aug. 15.

Johannes Vanderschmidt, s. Johannes and Elisabeth; b. Dec. 15, 1781; bap. Aug. 18.

Anna Maria Stoft, d. Jacob and Anna Maria; b. Aug. 10; bap. Aug. 21.

Elisabeth Schmidt, d. Peter and Catharina; b. Dec. 20, 1781; bap. Aug. 25.

Maria Spring, d. Dewald and Hanna; b. June 20; bap. Aug. 25.

Susanna Scheib, d. Mathias and Maria Cathar.; b. April 23; bap. Aug. 25.

Georg Schwarz, s. Conrad and Anna Maria; b. Aug. 15; bap. Aug. 25. Christina Hildebrandt, d. Jacob and Barbara; b. July 29; bap. Aug. 25.

Anna Maria Koehler, d. Jacob and Elisabeth; b. Aug. 16; bap. Sept. 1.

Catharina Steffe, d. Wilhelm and Margaret; b. June 30; bap. Sept. 1. Christ. Labetsweiler, s. Christ. and Susanna; b. July 3; bap. Sept. 1.

Maria Geiss, d. Johannes and Maria; b. April 5; bap. Sept. 1. John Carlton, s. Lenty and Catharine; b. Aug. 19; bap. Sept. 1.

Catharina Boehler, d. Jacob and Elizabeth; b. Aug. 10; bap. Sept. 7.

Joseph Stewart, s. Daniel and wife; b. Aug. 21; bap. Sept. 7.

Martin Leible, s. Jacob and Catharina; b. May 30; bap. Sept. 8.

Elisabeth Steiner, d. Joh. Georg and Elisabeth; b. July 18; bap. Sept 8.

Jaspar Yeates and wife; bap. Sept. 8.

Catharina Kehn, d. James and Catharina; bap. Sept. 12.

Maria Reiss, d. Georg and Rachel; b. June 1; bap. Sept. 13.

Anna Catharina Bumford, d. Benjamin and Catharina; b. Sept. 7; bap. Sept. 14.

Georg Weber, s. Christoph and Margar.; b. Aug. 6; bap. Sept. 15. William McMullin, s. Michael and Regina; b. Aug. 16; bap. Sept. 15. Philipp Schneider, s. Gorge and Anna Marg.; b. Aug. 18; bap. Sept. 17.

Elisabeth Schulze, d. Ludwig and Anna Cathar.; b. Sept. 23, 1775; bap. Sept. 17.

Adam Kuhns, s. Isaac and and Susanna; bap. Sept. 22.

Mary McCarnt, d. Peter and Jeannet; b. Sept. 19; bap. Sept. 22.

Elisabeth McMullin, d. Henry and Esther; b. Sept. 15; bap. Sept. 29. Heinrich Marguart, s. Sebastian and Catharina; b. Sept. 17; bap. Oct. 3.

Anna Maria Fackler, d. Georg and Catharina; b. Feb. 20; bap. Sept. 26.

Mary Brown, d. Cæsar (negro) and Maria; b. Sept. 1; bap. Oct. 6. Catharina McDougal, d. Alexander and Margaret; b. Sept. 25; bap. Oct. 8.

Edward Bennet, s. Henry and Elisabeth; b. Aug. 27, 1781; bap. Oct. 8.

Catharina Salome Jost, d. Georg and Elisabeth; b. Sept. 14; bap. Oct. 8.

Johannes Work, s. Johannes and Catharina; b. Feb. 28; bap. Oct. 8. Christian Wirz, s. Wilhelm and Margaret; b. Oct. 8; bap. Oct. 10. Salome Schütz, d. Conrad and Barbara; b. Sept. 13; bap. Oct. 12. Heinrich Huck, s. Heinrich and Magdalena; b. May 6; bap. Oct. 13. Joh. Jacob Fischer, s. Johannes and Eva Catharina; b. Sept. 25; bap. Oct. 16.

Joh. Jacob Baer, s. Jacob and Susanna Louisa; b. Sept. 24; bap. Oct. 17.

Johannes Gottschall, s. Michael and Catharina; b. Sept. 23; bap. Oct. 20.

Susanna Beck, d. Georg and wife; b. Aug. 27; bap. Oct. 19.
James Duffy, s. Peter and Elisabeth; b. Oct. 6; bap. Oct. 20.
Christine Streher, d. Peter and Christina; b. July 16; bap. Oct. 21.
Jacob Schindel, s. Jacob and Elisabeth; b. Oct. 16; bap. Oct. 22.
John McDove, s. James and Elisabeth; b. Oct. 21; bap. Oct. 23.
Mary McDill, d. Isaac and Catharina; b. March 29; bap. Oct. 23.
Johannes Scherzer, s. Christoph and Cathar; b. May 12; bap.

Oct. 25.

Catharina Spaeter, d. Jacob and Margaret; b. Sept. 16; bap. Oct. 25.

Eleanor McGruger, d. Daniel and Mary; b. Oct. 21; bap. Oct. 25.

Catharina McCoy, d. Alexander and Margaret; b. Oct. 9; bap. Oct. 26.

Rebecca Neu, d. Johannes and Maria Magdalena; b. Sept. 26; bap. Oct. 27.

Susanna Klug, d. Gottfried and Anna Maria; b. Sept. 5; bap. Oct. 27.

Joh. Georg Hof, s. Georg and Justina Mary; b. Oct. 29; bap. Nov. 2.

Johann Adam Bertle, s. Georg Ad. and Magdalena; b June 11 bap. November 2.

Heiss-Friedrich and Christina; b. Oct. 14; bap. Nov. 3.

Georg Mann, s. Friedrich and Anna Maria; b. Oct. 17; bap. Nov. 3. Jacob Reinhart, s. Michael and Anna Maria; b. Oct. 23; bap. Nov. 3.

Donnet McDonnel, s. John and Mary; b. Oct. 25; bap. Nov. 3.

Hanna Garden d. James (negro), and wife Phiby; b. Aug. 3; bap. Nov. 3.

William Garden s. James (negro), and wife Phiby; b. Feb. 20, 1776; bap. Nov. 3.

Elisabeth Garden d. James (negro), and wife Phiby; b. Aug., 1781; bap. Nov. 3.

Anna Maria Miller, d. Andreas and Regina; b. Feb. 16; bap. Nov. 5. Margaret Wily, d. Samuel and Elisabeth; b. Oct. 30; bap. Nov. 8.

Conrad Ort, s. Matthaeus and Catharina; b. Sept. 1; bap. Nov. 10.

Anne Bennet, d. Georg and Elisabeth; b. Sept. 1, 1781; bap. Nov. 3. Catharina Kohl, d. Nicholas and Elis. Dorothea; b. Oct. 22; bap. Nov. 10.

Johannes Weber, s. Philipp and Anna; b. July, 1781; bap. Nov. 10. Charles, s. William (negro) and Betsey; b. Oct. 4; bap. Nov. 10.

Lob. Friedrich Duore, s. Friedrich and Christian; b. March 20; bap.

Joh. Friedrich Duerr, s. Friedrich and Christine; b. March 20; bap. Nov. 12.

Susanna, d. Jacob Eckmann and Catharina Wehn; b. June, 1781; bap. Nov. 13.

Rachel, d. Judith, negro of John Hubly; b. Nov. 4; bap. Nov. 13.
Ann Margaret Lohr, d. Michael and Catharina; b. May 12; bap.
Nov. 15.

Jacob Frick, s. Johannes and Elisabeth; b. Nov. 12; bap. Nov. 17.
James Garner, s. William and Susanna; b. Nov. 10; bap. Nov. 19.
Sophia Elisabeth Schindel, d. Georg and Elisabeth; b. Oct. 22; bap. Nov. 24.

Johannes Bauer, s. Michael and Veronica; b. Oct. 30; bap. Nov. 25.
Anna Maria Beyermeister, d. Christoph and Anna Maria; b. Jnne 10;
bap. Nov. 24.

Sara Ervin, d. William and Mary; b. Nov. 24; bap. Nov. 26. Rebecca Tuckouss, d. Henry and Rebecca; b. May 23; bap. Nov. 26. Jacob Schindel, s. Peter and Elisabeth; b. Nov. 25; bap. Nov. 27. Adam Schlott, s. Michael and Catharina; b. Aug. 14; bap. Dec. 1. Joh. Heinrich Peter, s. Johann and Anna Maria; b. July 19; bap. Dec. 1.

Johannes Jentzer, s. Johannes and Maria; b. Oct. 12; bap. Dec. 2. James Doyle, s. Thomas and wife; b. Nov. 29; bap. Dec. 9. David Etgin, s. David and Anna Martha; b. April 30; bap. Dec. 12. Anna Maria Braun, d. Abraham and Magdalena; b. Nov. 9; bap. Dec. 15.

Susanna Geisser, d. Friedrich and Susanna; b. Nov. 25; bap. Dec. 15.
Christian Zorn, s. Christian and Eva; b. Nov. 29; bap. Dec. 15.
Johann Peter Weinau, s. Heinrich and Barbara; b. Nov. 27; bap. Dec. 25.

John Bougal, s. John and Mary; b. Dec. 18; bap. Dec. 26.
Jeannet Hall, d. Alexander and Elisabeth; b. Nov. 26; bap. Dec. 26.
Elisabeth Faulkner, d. Thomas and Jean; b. Dec. 4; bap. Dec. 28.
Jacob Triffenbach, s. Johannes and Maria; b. Dec. 29, 1781; bap.
Dec. 29.

Georg Ludwig Toersch, s. Friedrich and Catharina; b. Nov. 10; bap. Dec. 29.

# 1783.

Johannes Burg, s. Johannes and Barbara; b. Jan. 1; bap. Jan. 5. William Smith, s. Jacob and Elisabeth; b. Dec. 29, 1782; bap. Jan. 5.

Robert Alexander Muench, s. William and Christine; b. Dec. 27, 1782; bap. Jan. 5.

Susanna Bennet Clark, d. Thomas and Jean.; b. Dec. 29, 1782; bap. Jan. 6.

Elisabeth Keller, d. Adam and Anna Maria; b. Dec. 26, 1782; bap. Jan. 6.

Sara Robinson, d. Joseph and Elisabeth; b. Dec. 25, 1782; bap. Jan. 7.
Margaret Mueller, d. Johannes and Hanna; b. Dec. 2, 1782; bap.
Jan. 12.

John Manson, s. Andrew and Johanette; b. Jan. 7; bap. Jan. 17.Johannes Glaser, s. Daniel and Christine; b. October 14, 1782; bap. Jan. 18.

Anna Ward, d. John and Jean.; b. Jan. 4; bap. Jan. 18.

Jacob Wilson, s. Robert and Sophia; b. Jan. 4; bap. Jan. 19.

Johannes Knies, s. Christoph and Augustina Anna; b. Jan. 4; bap. Jan. 19.

Samuel Thomson, s. John and Johanette; b. Jan. 11; bap. Jan. 21. Margaretha Keiler, d. Daniel and Sybilla; b. Dec. 4, 1782; bap. Jan. 26.

Joh. Jacob Zimmermann, s. Joh. Heinr. and Susanna; b. Jan. 13; bap. Jan. 26.

James McCiusey, s. John and Margar. b. Jan. 22; bap. Jan. 26.

Georg Butler, s. Ephraim and Justina; b. Jan. 19; bap. Jan. 26.

Philet Baxter, s. William and Mary; b. Jan. 14; bap. Jan. 26.

Anna Harriet Zanzinger, d. Paulus and wife; bap. Feb. 2.

Thomas Roberts, s. Johann and Catharina; b. Jan. 31; bap. Feb. 9. James Cunningham, s. Cornelius and Anne; b. Jan. 29; bap. Feb. 10. Christine Beurot, d. Friedrich and Christine; b. Feb. 16; bap. Feb. 22.

Johannes Brotzmann, s. Peter and Hanna; b. July 13, 1782; bap. Feb. 23.

Peter Kurz, s. Georg and Eva; b. Feb. 22; bap. March 1.

Isaac Hubly, s. Bernhard and Anna Maria; b. Feb. 26; bap. March 2.
Anna Maria Frick, d. Friedrich and Sophia; b. Feb. 1; bap. March 2.
Susanna Schreiner, d. Philipp and Susanna; b. Nov. 4, 1782; bap. March 5.

William Egens, s. William and Margaret; b. Feb. 23; bap. March 7. Susanna Leitner, d. Michael and Margaret; b. Oct. 31, 1782; bap. March 9.

Georg and Christoph Illing (twins), s. Christoph Elias and Magdalena; b. March 2; bap. March 9.

Anna Margareta Lottmann, d. Georg and Anna Margar.; b. Oct. 3; bap. March 9.

Francis Clarke, s. William and wife; b. Feb. 28; bap. March 13.

Mary Brewer, d. John and Catharina; b. March 5; bap. March 15.

Susanna Metzger, d. Jonas and Eva; b. Feb. 4; bap. March 16.

Catharina Schaefer, d. David and Dorothea; b. April 1, 1782; bap. March 16.

Catharina Kessler, d. Georg and Elisabeth; b. March 8; bap. March 16.

Catharine Sinclair, d. John and Sophia; b. March 12; bap. March 19. Charlotte Heinitz, d. Carl and Sophia; b. March; bap. March 23.

Sophia Marguart, d. Georg and Margaret; b. March 6; bap. March 23.

Johannes Kellermann, s. Frederick and Margar.; b. Dec. 3, 1782; bap. March 23.

Catharina Eppele, d. Johannes and Cathar.; bap. March 23.
Friedrich Hambrecht, s. Johannes and Susanna (Reformed); b. Oct.

26, 1782; bap. March 23.

Elisabeth Lodge, d. Joseph and Judith; b. March 19; bap. March 25. James Grau, s. Thomas and Anne; b. March 28; bap. March 29.

Eva Singer, d. Christian and Elisabeth; b. Feb. 14; b. March 29.

Heinrich Seitenstick, s. Heinrich and Dorothea; b. Dec. 27; bap. March 29.

Johannes Luederson, s. Carl and Elisabeth; b. March 23; bap. March 30.

James Christie, s. James and Jeanne; b. March 17; bap. March 30.
George Lehry (Cont. sold.), s. William and Anne; b. Jan. 17; bap.
March 30.

John Jacob Mathiot, s. Johannes and Susanna; b. March 11; bap. April 6.

Anne Trumbull, d. Charles and Philippine; b. Feb. 28; bap. March 30.

Eleanor McDongal, d. Finly and Mary; b. April 9; bap. April 12. Jacob Müller, s. Franz and Catharina; b. Feb. 17; bap. April 13.

Elisabeth Jeff, d. Robert (soldier) and Agnes; b. Jan. 6; bap. April 13.

John Charret, s. Andrew and Sarah; b. Jan. 10; bap. April 13. Charles Morris, s. John and Mary; b. June 29, 1781; bap. April 13. James Morris, s. John and Mary; b. Feb. 28; bap. April 13.

Johannes McCarmie, 18 years old; bap. April 16.

Joseph McCarmie, 16 years old; bap. April 16.

Johannes Raup, s. Jonas and Appollonia; b. July 14, 1782; bap. April 17.

Tobias Stehme, 21 years old; bap. April 17.

Maria Triffenbach, d. John T. and wife, 24 years old; bap. April 17. Benjamin Wade, a mulatto; bap. April 17.

Elisabeth Fenstermacher, d. Friedrich and Anna Marg.; b. Dec. 20, 1782; bap. April 18.

Mary Singer, d. Joseph and Isabella; b. March 21; bap. April 19. Barbara Spickler, d. Michael and Barbara; b. Feb. 12; bap. April 20.

William Mann, s. John and Sarah; b. Feb. 11; bap. April 20. Anna Maria Hubly, d. Friedrich and Maria; b. April 7; bap. April

Anna Magar. Kitsch, d. Martin and Catharina; b. Jan. 11; bap. April 20.

Magdelena Plattenberger, d. Johannes and Anna Maria; b. April 1; bap. April 21.

Elisabeth Veit, d. Peter and Magdalena (Reformed); b. March 6, bap. April 21.

Georg. Kapp, s. Martin and Anna Maria; b. March 3; bap. April 21. Elisabeth Hamerston, d. Daniel and Barbara; b. Feb. 8; bap. April 21.

Abraham Rickert, s. Leonhard and Anna Maria; b. Oct. 9; bap. April 22.

Maria Elisabeth Peitzer, d. Joh. Gottfried and Catharine Wagner; b. April 21; bap. April 24.

John McCinsey, s. John and Anne; b. April 20; bap. April 24.

Catharina Kraemeyer, d. Friedr. and Eva Barbara; b. Jan. 13; bap. April 27.

Barbara Springer, d. Jacob and Barbara; b. Feb. 9; bap. April 27.

Magdalena Schulz, d. Jacob and Barbara; b. April 1; bap. April 27. Anna Maria and Eva Hahn (twins), d. Johannes and Elisabeth; b.

April 25; bap. April 30.

Joseph Nagel, s. Joseph and Maria; b. March 30; bap. May 4.

Ludwig Meier, s. Geo. Ludwig and Maria Barbara; bap. May 4.

Heinrich Bridge, s. Valentin and Anna Maria; b. Dec. 11, 1782; bap. May 4.

Joh. Rudolph Stamm, s. Joh. and Margaret; b. Aug. 12, 1782; bap. May 4.

John Martin, s. Oliver and Elisabeth; b. Dec. 22; bap. May 14.

Michael Buch, s. Peter and Cathar.; b. Oct. 12, 1782; bap. May 14.

Joh. Friedrich and Anna Margaret Arnold (twins), s. and d. Philip and Anna Marg.; b. Jan. 15; bap. May 15.

Johannes Rothacker, s. Johannes and Magdalena; b. Jan. 4; bap. May 17.

Andreas Koehler, s. Andreas and Barbara; b. April 17; bap. May 18.

Christian Luck, s. Georg and Elisabeth; b. Dec. 12, 1782; bap. May 18.

Elisabeth Nestelroth, d. Christian and Margar.; b. Nov. 14; bap. May 18.

Martin, s. Catharina Jung and Martin Weybrecht; b. April 13; bap. May 18.

Margaret Galacher, d. Philipp and Rebecca; b. June 23, 1782; bap. May 20.

James Stewart Alsop, s. John and Jean; b. Jan. 12, 1781; bap. May 24.

Johannes Oehler, s. Daniel and Maria Marg.; b. Feb. 8; bap. May 25.

Valentine Vanderschmidt, s. Johannes and Rosina; b. Nov. 2; bap. May 25.

Catharina Raup, d. Jacob and Dorothea; b. Jan. 14; bap. May 25.
Heinrich Geiss, s. Simon and Eva Margar.; b. Nov. 15; bap. May 25.
Anna Maria Ottman, d. Peter and Anna Maria; b. Oct. 24; bap. May 25.

Johann Georg Henninger, s Joh. Geo. and Maria Dorothea; b. April. 25; bap. May 26.

Christine Burmann, d. Nicolaus and Christine; b. Dec. 23; bap. May 27.

Georg Nicolaus Brant, s. Simon and Margaret; b. June 20, 1782; bap. May 31.

Elisabeth Schneider, d. Michael and Catharina; b. March 1; bap. May 31.

Heinrich Zehmer, s. Heinrich and Anna Maria; b. May 27; bap. June 3.

Elisabeth Hensel, d. Wilhelm and Maria; b. June 1; bap. June 6. Johannes Meier, s. Isaac and Barbara; b. April 12; bap. June 8.

Anna Maria Pflug, d. Heinrich and Margaret; b. Jan. 24; bap. June 8.

Johannes Klein, s. Michael and Barbara; b. May 3; bap. June 8.

Margaret Hofstetter, d. Adam and Margaret; b. April 16; bap.

June 8.

Jacob Müller, s. Peter and Maria Magdalena; b. June 2; bap. June 8.

Jacob Schmidt, s. Matthaeus and Juliana; b. April 19; bap. June 9. Johannes Friedle, s. Christoph and Catharina; b. Nov. 25; bap. June 9.

Jacob Widder, s. Jac. and Hanna; b. May 26, 1782; bap. June 10. Elisabeth Meldron, d. Henry and Diana; b. Dec. 22; bap. June 12.

Elisabeth Rees, d. James and Elisabeth; b. Aug. 20, 1781; bap. June 13.

Susanna Markert, d. Samuel and Magdalena; b. March 31; bap. June 20.

Friedrich Greiner, s. Andreas and Barbara; b. June 15; bap. June 20. Susanna Haehn, d. Heinrich and Elisabeth; b. June 3; bap. June 22. Jacob Scheurich, s. Math. and Catharina; b. Nov. 24, 1782; bap. June 22.

Jacob Moser, s. Georg and Christine; b. May 31; bap. June 22. Catharina Schneider, d. Philipp and Christine; b. Feb. 17; bap. June 28.

—— Krueger, —. Heinrich and Anna Maria; b. June 25; bap. July 6.

Andreas Denger, s. Andreas and Catharina; b. June 4; bap. July 6. Margaret Fischer, d. Ulrich and Magdalena; b. Nov. 23, 1782; bap. July 19.

Johannes Raemle, s. Johannes and Regina; b. June 12; bap. July 20. Georg Rathvon, s. Jacob and Elisabeth; b. May 21; bap. July 20.

Heinrich Mueller, s. Heinrich and Magdalena; b. Dec. 21; bap. July 20.

Johannes Philips, s. Johannes and Cathar.; b. Dec. 17; bap. July 20. Johannes Rummel, s. Peter and Elisabeth; b. March 11; bap. July 20.

Anna Maria Schuck, d. Thomas and Cathar.; b. March 3; bap. July 20.

Elisabeth Weidle, d. Friedrich and Susana; b. July 24; bap. July 25. Georg Franz, s. Ludwig and Margar.; b. April 8; bap. July 31.

Juliana Schuler, d. Jacob and Dorothea Regina; b. July 28; bap. Aug. 2.

J. Georg Maennich, s. Georg and Christina; b. July 29; bap. Aug. 3. Joh. Jacob Buth, s. John and Christine; b. June 25; bap. Aug. 3.

Hanna, d. Hagar and Purslet; b. Dec. 18, 1782; bap. Aug. 3.

Maria, d. Hanna and Millwood; b. Dec., 1782; bap. Aug. 3.

Charlotte, d. Mary and Jacob (a negro); b. Jan. 20; bap. Aug. 3.

Sarah Krug, d. Valentine and Eva; b. June 25; bap. Aug. 5.

Leon Eichholtz, s. Leonard and Catharina; b. July 30; bap. Ang. 9. Philip Liepbe, s. Christian and Christine; b. July 9; bap. Aug. 10.

Sophia Elisabeth Gall, d. Heinrich and Catharine; b. May 7; bap. Aug. 10.

Dorothea Hasselbach, d. Heinrich and Barbara; b. Aug. 10; bap. Aug 17.

Daniel Martin, s. Daniel and Jean; b. Aug. 4; bap. Aug. 18.

Jacob Lindy, s. Jacob and Anna Maria; b. July 12; bap. Aug. 23.

Catharina Dimsy, d. Samson and Mary; b. Aug, 20, 1782; bap. Aug, 29.

Christian Geiger, s. Heinrich and Susanna; b. Aug. 18; bap. Aug. 29.

Magdalena Gottshall, d. Peter and Anna Maria; b. Aug. 17; bap. Aug. 29.

Georg Martin, s. Jacob and Maria Eva.; b. April 19; bap. Aug. 31. Jacob Franciscus, s. Joh. and Anna; b. Aug. 21; bap. Sept. 7.

Joh. Georg Houk, s. Barthol. and Sophia; b. Aug. 28; bap. Sep. 7.Joh. Adam Zollinger, s. Adam and Annia Maria; b. Sept. 2; bap. Sept. 7.

Jacob Lehnherr, s. Georg and Elisabeth; b. Sept. 17; bap. Sep. 28. Christine Volk, d. Wilhelm and Barbara; b. Aug. 25; bap. Oct. 4. Christine Debler, d. Christoph and Anna Maria; b. Oct. 5; bap. Oct. 11.

Johann Jacob Lehr, s. Christian and Maria; b. Aug. 15; bap. Oct. 12.

Heinrich Sohn, s. Johannes and Catharina; b. Aug. 31; bap. Oct. 12. Michael Diffenderfer, s. David and Margar.; b. Aug. 4; bap. Oct. 12. William Gillard, s. John and Margar.; b. Aug. 13; bap. Oct. 12.

Eva Mainzer, d. Andreas and Susanna; b. Oct. 4; bap. Oct. 18.

Magdalena, d. John Patton Robin and Gertraud Dennig; b. Sept. 30; bap. Oct. 18.

Margaret Murray, d. Johan and Susanna; b. Dec. 20, 1782; bap. Oct. 19.

Susanna Rubby, d. Jacob and Maria; b. May 17; bap. Oct. 22.

Wilhelm Manning, s, John and Barbara; b. March 13; bap. Oct. 22. Johannes Butner, s. Adam and Christine; b. Oct. 4; bap. Oct. 22. Joh. Freidrich Ganter, s. Joh. Martin and Eva Maria; b. Aug. 12; 1782; bap. Oct. 22.

Johann Rieber, s. Ulrich and Catharina; b. Nov. 6, 1782; bap. Oct. 22.

Elisabeth, d. Elisabeth Rieber and Henr. Mantebach; b. Aug. 26, 1781; bap. Oct. 22.

Joseph Koehler, s. Michael and Elisabeth; b. Feb. 23, 1782; bap. Oct. 22.

Johannes Zimmermann, s. Friedrich and Barbara; b. Nov. 22, 1779; bap. Oct. 22.

David Zimmermann, s. Friedrich and Barbara; b. Jan. 27, 1781; bap. Oct. 22.

Susanna Zimmermann, d. Friedrich and Barbara; b. Oct. 3, 1783; bap. Oct. 22.

Anna Friedle, d. Christoph and Cathar.; b. Feb., 1780; bap. Oct. 22. Elisabeth Andreas, d. Joh. and Catharina; b. Dec. 17, 1780; bap. Oct. 22.

Margaret Niess, d. Peter and Cathar.; b. Oct. 2; bap. Oct. 25.

Joh. Jacob Schott, s Peter and Christine; b. Jan. 13; bap. Oct. 26.
Sophia Weidel, d. Johannes and Anna Maria; b. Oct. 3; bap. Oct. 26.
Elisabeth Volz, d. Bernhard and Barbara; b. June 22; bap. Oct. 28.
Joh. Jacob Fossler, s. Joh. and Anna Maria; b. Aug. 22, 1782; bap. Nov. 3.

John Huy, s. James and Elisabeth; b. May 20; bap. Nov. 4.

Elisabeth Müller, d. Nicolaus and Sophia Cathar.; b. Oct. 28; Nov. 9. Eva Catharina Wily, d. Samuel and Elisabeth; b. Oct. 9; bap. Nov. 10.

Catharina Fichtner, d. Martin and Catharina; b. Oct. 24; bap. Nov. 18.

Catharina Neumann, d. Daniel and Maria; b. Nov. 8; bap. Nov. 16. Anna App, d. Michael and Sophia; b. Oct. 25; bap. Nov. 23.

Susanna Faringer, d. Jacob and Barbara; b. Oct. 12; bap. Nov. 23.

Catharina Barbara Schober, d. Franz and Maria Magdalena; b. Nov. 24; bap. Nov. 25.

Georg, s. Elisabeth Maurer, née Rau, and Eckard Leon; b. Nov. 25; bap. Nov. 26.

Philip Jacob Albrecht, s. Elias and Catharina; b. Oct. 28, 1781; bap. Nov. 26.

Jacob Schlatter, s. Joh. Jacob and Anna Maria; b. Nov. 16; bap. Nov. 30.

Elisabeth Triffenbach, d. Joh. and Maria; b. Sept. 24; bap. Dec. 14. Joseph Barton Long, s. David and Nancy (Presbyterian); b. Dec., 1782; bap. Dec. 14.

Catharina Schindel, d. Jacob and Elisabeth; b. Nov. 25; bap. Dec. 14.

Maria Sophia Cath. Bettenhausen, d. Caspar and Sophia; b. Feb. 23, 1782; bap. Dec. 16.

Daniel Peter, s, Abraham and Cathar.; b. August 24; bap. Dec. 20. Catharina Heck, d. Ludwig and Elisabeth; b. Oct. 15; bap. Nov. 20.

## 1784.

Margaretha Mann, d. Friedrich and Anna Maria; b. Dec. 5, 1783; bap. Jan. 1.

Johan Michael Schneider, s. Johannes and Catharina; b. March 24, 1783; bap. Jan. 2.

Elisabeth Kuch, d. Joh. Michael and Catharina; b. Dec. 31; bap. Jan. 3.

Georg Ofner, s. Johannes and Salome; b. Dec. 10; bap. Jan. 4.

Sabina Hubly, d. Johannes and Maria; b. Dec. 28; bap. Jan. 5.

Catharina Pflüger, d. Johannes and Elisabeth; b. April 4, 1778; bap. Jan. 7.

Margaret Ford, d. Christoph and Jean.; b. July 18, 1781; bap. Jan. 7.

Elisabeth Holzwart, d. Ludwig and Philippina; b. Nov. 17; bap. Jan. 11.

Anna Maria Gottschall, d. Michael and Cathar.; b. Dec. 10; bap. Jan. 11.

Johannes Theurer, s. Immanuel and Sophia; b. Oct. 4; bap. Jan. 12. Elisabeth Haeusele, d. Michael and Cathar.; b. Jan. 10; bap. Jan. 13.

Andreas Kurz, s. George and Eva; b. Jan. 17; bap. Jan. 24.

Georg Grau, s. John and Susanna; b. Feb. 2; bap. Feb. 3. Johannes Weber, s. Johannes and Anna; b. Jan. 25; bap. Feb. 8.

Susanna Christine Schindel, d. Georg and Elisabeth; b. Dec. 25; bap. Feb. 13.

Johannes Braun, s. Johannes and Dorothea; b. Feb. 13; bap. Feb. 15.

Jean. Robinson, d. John and Mary; b. Jan. 17; bap. Feb. 15.

Wilhelm Muenich, s. Philipp and Elisabeth; b. Jan. 16; bap. Feb. 15.

Joh. Nicolaus Kirchner, s. Johann and Magdalena; b. July 24, 1783; bap. Feb. 23.

John Maegill, s. Isaac and Catharina; b. Jan. 8; bap. Feb. 19.

Johannes Stehme, s. Tobias and Catharina; b. Jan. 15; bap. Feb. 21. Maria Eva Pots, d. Johannes and Christine; b. Dec. 5; bap. Feb. 21. Elisabeth Benedict, d. Leon and Cathar.; b. Jan. 18; bap. Feb. 29.

Heinrich Jeremias Stuber, s. D. Henr. and Catharina; b. Jan. 26; bap. Jan. 29.

Johann Philipp Klein, s. Philip and Magdalena; b. Feb. 11; bap. Feb. 21.

Joh. Jacob Hof, s. Georg and Justina; b. Feb. 4; bap. March 7.

Maria Barbara Kraeuter, d. David and Cathar.; b. March-9; bap. March 11.

Heinrich Jost, s. Conrad and Philippina; b. March 9; bap. March 13.

Elisabeth Beurot, d. Friedrich and Christine; b. Jan. 18; bap. March 25.

Johannes Kautz, s. Thomas and Gertraud; b. Jan. 3; bap. March 15.

Elisabeth Ehrmann, d. Caspar and Rosina; b. March 12; bap. March 16.

Maria Elisabeth Sin, d. Christian and Margar.; b. Jan. 20; bap. March 20.

Catharina Weber, d. Adam and Rosina; b. March 24; bap. March 31. Johannes Keller, s. Freidrich and Elizabeth; b. March 18; bap. April 6.

Anna Maria Spracket, d. Thomas and Barbara; b. Feb. 8; bap. April 7.

Anna Maria Decker, d. David and Barbara; b. March 28, 1783; bap. April 11.

Catharina Lutz, d. Andreas and Catharina; b. April 4; bap. April 12. Maria Bigy, d. Franz and Eva; b. March 27; bap. April 12.

Michael Hess, s. Wilhelm and Anna Maria; b. Jan. 23; bap. April 13.

Anna Maria Breitenherd, d. Christoph and Eva Madalena; b. March 23; bap. April 16.

Abraham Gebel, s. Wilhelm and Barbara; b. Aug. 11, 1783, bap. April 16.

Elisabeth Gray, d. Alexander and Hanna; b. Nov., 1782; bap. April 17.

Elisabeth Ellington, d. John and Mary; b. Jan. 12; bap. April 18.

Catharina Giesinger, d. Wendel and Elisabeth; b, Feb. 28, 1775; bap. April 18.

Friedrich Mainzer, s. Friedrich and Catharina; b. Oct. 20; bap. April 18.

Susanna Kuhns, d. Isaac and Susanna; b. April 1; bap. April 18. Joh. Philipp Immanuel Muhlenberg, s. Gotthilf Henrich and Maria Catharina; b. March 31; bap. April 18.

George Rowlison, s. Robert and Anna; b. March 11; bap. April 19. Elisabeth Stahl, d. Jacob and Anna Margar.; b. April 21; bap. April 22.

Elisabeth Greiner, d. Johannes and Deborah; b. April 14; bap. April 22.

Joh. Adam Jung, s. Jacob and Barbara; b. Dec. 4, 1782; bap. April 25.

Anna Elisabeth Ludwig, d. Conrad and Sophia, b. Aug 29; bap. April 25.

Balthasar Trager, s. Adam and Salome; b. April 28, 1783; bap. April 25.

Barbara Walsh, d. Georg and Anna Maria; b. July 8; bap. April 25. Salome Kinn, d. Jacob and Barbara; b. Feb. 5; bap. April 25.

Elisabeth Müller, d. Joh. Volbrecht and Hanna; b. April 19; bap. April 27.

Johannes Heissinger, s. Johannes and Catharina; b. Nov. 10; bap. April 26.

Barbara Weller, d. Joh. and Maria; b. Jan. 6; bap. April 26.

Peter Booth, s. Geo. Adam and Magdalena; b. Jan. 22; bap. May 2. Elisabeth Reischling, d. Johannes and Maria Cathar.; b. April 13; bap. May 2.

Michael Knies, s. Christoph and Anna Justina; b. April 20; bap. May 9.

Maria Margar. Bart, d. Martin and Susanna; b. Dec. 29; bap. May 15. Anna Maria Heger, d. Franz and Eva Margaret; b. April 25; bap. May 15.

Jacob Reiner, s. Michael and Magdalena; b. Nov. 17, 1783; bap. May 29.

Anna Catharina, d. Joh. Meister and Anna Gertrud Hartmann; b. Dec. 5, 1783; bap. May 29.

Sophia Kindsch, d. Jacob and Barbara; b. March 7; bap. May 30. Maria Eva Mann, d. William and Christine; b. Feb. 27; bap. May 31.

Maria Hensel, d. Wilhelm and Maria; b. May 23; bap. May 31.

Catharina Heger, d. Christoph and wife; b. May 10; bap. May 31. Sarah Cowick, d. James and Cathar.; b. Jan. 16; bap. June 6.

Daniel Vonderschmidt, s. Val. and Elisabeth; b. Aug. 27, 1783; bap. June 6.

Maria Gallatin, d. Daniel and Elisabeth; b. Oct. 28, 1782; bap. June 7.

Catharina Musculus, d. Adam and Catharina; b. June 1; bap. June 7.

Rebecca Moser, d. Michael and Maria Barbara; b. May 14; bap. June 11.

Joseph Gaertner, s. Valentin and Apollonia; b. Nov. 23; bap. May 31.
Elisabeth Martin, d. Adam and Dorothea; b. Sept. 26; bap. June 12.
Anna Elisabeth Goerlitz, d. Johann and Magdalena; b. April 7; bap. June 13.

Georg Leitner, s. Joh. and Margar.; b. Aug., 1782; bap. June 15. Michael Leitner, s. Joh. and Marg.; b. Dec., 1783; bap. June 15. Samuel Beyer, s. Friedrich and Magdalena; b. May 3; bap. June 15. Elisabeth Toy, d. John and Eva; b. Nov.. 1783; bap. June 19. Sophia Heiuitsh, d. Carl and Sophia; b. June 7; bap. June 20. Anna Catharina Gebel, d. Heinrich and Susanna; b. Aug., 1783; bap. June 26.

Rosina Schreiner, d. Philip and Susanna; b. April 22; bap. June 26. Johannes Naumann, s. Gottlieb and Marg.; b. May 24. bap. June 27. Margaret Davis, d. Isaac and Eva; b. June 24; bap. June 29. James Davis, s. Isaac and Eva; b. Sept. 1, 1782; bap. June 29:

Sara Crafford, d. John and Anne; b. Oct. 14, 1782; bap. June 29. Joh. Gerhard Fischer, s. Johannes and Margaret; b. June 16; bap.

Peter Klein, s. Michael and Anna Maria; b. June 30; bap. July 11. James Larkins, s. James and Elisabeth; b. June 30; bap. July 11. Georg Friedrich Knerenschild, s. Christoph and Elisabeth; b. July

11; bap. July 14.

Heinrich Philips, s. Joh. and Catharina; h. Dec. 28; bap. July 17. Samuel Dugan, s. Charles and Catharina; b. April 30; bap. July 21. Immanuel Breneisen, s. Valentin and Salome; b. June 26; bap. July 21.

Sophia Schweisgut, d. And. and Susanna; b. May 19; bap. July 22. Jacob Mehling, s. Joh. and Magdalena; b. July 7; bap. July 25. Johannes Kautz. s. Friedrich and Anna Maria; b. April 20; bap. Aug. 1.

Elisabeth, d. Elisabeth Roland and John Ron; b. July 1, 1781; bap. July 29.

Joseph Urban, s. Ludwig and Veronica; b. March 30; bap. July 29.
Johannes Dunkel, s. Georg and Barbara; b. April 10, 1780; bap. July 29.

- Anna Dunkel, d. George and Barbara; b. Nov. 14, 1783; bap. July 29.
- Anna Epple, d. Conrad and Elisabeth; b. 1783; bap. July 29.
- Joseph Christ, s. Johannes and Rachel; b. May 18; bap. July 29.
- Heinrich Otto, s. Christian and Magdalena; b. Nov. 5; bap. July 29.
- Elisabeth Logan, d. John and Barbara; b. March 4, 1779; bap. July 29.
- Maria Logan, d. John and Barbara; b. Aug. 14, 1781; bap. July 29. Johannes Logan, s. John and Barbara; b. Aug. 16, 1783; bap. July 29.
- Elisabeth Trumpeller, d. Peter and Sabina; b. May 4; bap. July 29. Elisabeth Stech, d. Philip and Anna Maria; b. Dec. 15, 1783; bap.
- Elisabeth Stech, d. Philip and Anna Maria; b. Dec. 15, 1783; bap July 29.
- Johannes Nesselroth, s. Christian and Margaret; b. Jan. 28; bap. July 29.
- Johannes Hebel, s. Johannes and Maria; b. Feb. 9, 1781; bap. July 29.
- Elisabeth Hebel, d. Johannes and Maria; b. Oct. 15, 1783; bap. July 29.
- Susanna McDonnel, d. James and Elisabeth; b. March 28, 1774; bap. July 29.
- Elisabeth McDonnel, s. James and Elisabeth; b. June 24, 1775; bap. July 29.
- Margaret McDonnel, d. James and Elisabeth; b. Aug. 13, 1780; bap. July 29.
- Hanna McDonnel, d. James and Elisabeth; b. Jan. 13, 1784; bap. July 29.
- Catharina Griessinger, d. Georg and Catharina; b. June 26; bap. Aug. 1.
- Anna Maria Marguart, d. Sebastian and Cathar.; b. July 14; bap. Aug. 3.
- Catharina Toersch, d. Friedr. and Catharina; b. April 27; bap. Aug. 10.
- Elisabeth Schreiner, d. Michael and Elisabeth; b. April 21; bap. Aug. 14.
- Margaret Liebe, d. Feiedr. and Anna Maria; b. Aug. 1; bap. Aug. 15. Catharina Bortzmann, d. Peter and Hanna; b. Jan. 23; bap. Aug. 15.
- Catharina Grasmacher, d. Adam and Catharina; b. Dec. 4, 1783; bap. Aug. 16.
- Thomas Loggar, s. Charlas and Mary; b. May 3, 1783; bap. Aug 25. Elisabeth Burk, d. Rudolph and Maria; b. Jan. 19; bap. Aug. 27.
- Adam Zollinger, s. Adam and Anna Maria; b. Aug. 17; bap. Sept. 5.

  Joh. Jacob Weiss, s. Georg and Anna Margaret; b. Aug. 7; bap. Sept. 5.

Salome Weidele, d. Friedr. and Susanna; b. Aug. 15; bap. Sept. 7.
Michael Schmaus, s. Nicolaus and wife; b. Aug. 15; bap. Sept. 10.
Anna Maria Scheurig, d. Math. and Catharina; b. July 12; bap. Sept. 11.

Matthaeus Kohl, s. Nicolaus and Dorothea; bap. Aug. 20; bap. Sept. 12.

Joh. Cornelius Metzger, s. Jonas and Eva; b. July 3; bap. Sept. 12.Henrich Bryan, s. Charles (Catholic) and Catharina; b. Aug. 2; bap. Sept. 18.

Friedrich Doern, s. Heinrich and Elisabeth; b. Aug. 21; bap. Sept. 18.

Anna Maria Hambrecht, d. Georg and Anna Maria; b. Sept. 19; bap. Sept. 27.

Barbara Haubentobler, d. Nicol. and Elisabeth; b. Feb. 6; bap. bap. Sept. 28.

Jacob Haubentobler, s. Joh. and Catharina; b. Aug. 8; bap. Sept. 28.

Anna Maria Haubentobler, d. Isaac and Elisabeth; b. Sept. 6; bap. Sept. 28.

Jacob Fritz, s. Ludwig and Catharina; b. Sept. 17; bap. Sept. 29.Maria Schumann, d. Georg and Catharina; b. June 30; bap. Sept. 30.

Benjamin Frener, s. James and Eva; b. May 17; bap. Oct. 10. Maria Schneider, d. Joseph and Elisabeth; b. Feb. 11; bap. Oct. 2. Joh. Adam Fornwald, s. Johannes and Eva; b. Sept. 28; bap. Oct. 12.

Barbara Schmidt, d. Johannes and Maria; b. July 9; bap. Oct. 16. Jacob Liebpe, s. Christian and Christine; b. Sept. 9; bap. Oct. 17. Barbara Gracko, d. Peter and Elisabeth; b. Aug. 5; bap. Oct. 17. Johannes Belzer, s. Anton and Anna Maria; b. April; bap. Oct. 20. Salome Lutz, d. Johannes and Margaret; b. May 6; bap. Oct. 20. Susanna Rosina Appel, d. Christian and Magdalena; b. Sept. 12; bap. Oct. 21.

Sara Widder, d. Georg and Cathar.; b. March 15; bap. Oct. 27. Elisabeth Bauer, d. Michael and Veronica; b. Sept. 12, 1783; bap.

July 30.

Catharina Burk, d. Johannes and Barbara; b. Oct. 13; bap. Oct. 29. Christine Hartmann, d. Christian and Susanna (Reformed); 14 weeks old; bap. Oct. 31.

Martin Rudisily, s. Michael and Catharina; b. Aug. 3; bap. Nov. 1. Johann Georg Lohr, s. Michael and Cath.; b. Sept. 24, 1783; bap. Nov. 5.

Jacob Schreiner, s. Michael and Barbara; b. Feb. 3; bap. Oct. 28.

Elisabeth Mellinger, d. Friedr. and Anna; b. Oct. 31; bap. Nov. 5. Anna Maria Bass, d. Lorenz and Juliana; b. Nov. 1; bap. Nov. 9. Johannes Bender, s. David and Margaret. (Reformed); b. Sept. 11, 1783; bap. Nov. 12.

William Thomas Swan, s. Joshua and Anna; b. Nov. 5; bap. Nov. 21.

Anna Maria Keiler, d. Daniel and Sybilla; b. Nov. 20; bap. Nov. 24. Eva Elisabeth Schlott, d. Michael and Maria Cathar.; b. Sept. 19; bap. Nov. 28.

Eva Becht, d. Joseph and Christine; b. Nov. 1; bap. Nov. 29.

Anna Hubly, d. Bernhard and Anna; b. Nov. 29; bap. Dec. 1.

Andreas Keiss, s. Andreas and Catharina; b. Nov. 18, bap. Dec. 5.

Anna Barbara Wagner, d. Michael and Maria Barbara; b. Nov. 21; bap. Dec. 5.

Eva Eichholz, d. Georg and Anna; b. Oct. 11; bap. Dec. 5.

Jacob Schreiber, s. Johannes and Christine; b. Dec. 2; bap. Dec. 9.

Eva Margareta Schuler, d. Jacob and Regina Dorotha; b. Nov. 23; bap. Dec. 11.

Adam Schlatter, s. Jacob and Anna Maria; b. Dec. 9; bap. Dec. 12.

John Burns, s. Patrick and Anna; b. Dec. 5, 1780; bap. Dec. 10.

John Cochran, s. Samuel and Barbara; b. Oct. 27; bap. Dec. 10.

Georg Conrad Schwarz, s. Conrad and Anna Maria; b. Dec. 6; bap. Dec. 19.

Adam Koehler, s. Andreas and Barbara; b. Dec. 7; bap. Dec. 19. Catharina Tochtermann, d. Friedrich and Christine; b. March 17; bap. Dec. 19.

Johannes Frick, s. Johannes and Elisabeth; b. Dec. 6; bap. Dec. Georg Messerschmidt, s. Georg and Elisabeth; b. Dec. 16; bap. Dec. 29.

Johannes Mathiot, s. Johannes and Susanna; b. Dec. 26; bap. Dec. 29.

#### 1785.

Elisabeth Hambrecht, d. Johannes and Susanna; b. Nov. 5, 1784; bap. Jan. 1.

Peter Scheller, s. Johannes and Rosina; b. Dec. 26, 1784; bap. Jan. 9.

Christian Plattenberger, s. Johannes and Maria; b, Jan. 4; bap. Jan. 10.

Rosina Catharina Peitzner, d. Joh. and Gottfried and Catharina; b. Jan. 8; bap. Jan. 11.

Johann Jacob Schulz, s. Jacob and Maria Barbara; b. Nov. 27; bap. Jan. 16.

Heinrich Janneway, s. Jacob and Magdalena; b. Jan. 17; bap. Jan. 19.

Maria Wood, d. Michael and Elisabeth; b. Aug. 9, 1784; bap. Jan. 27.

Conrad Eppele, s. Conrad and Hanna; b. Jan. 11; bap. Jan. 27.

Johann Jacob Techtmeyer, s. Ludwig and Susanna Barbara; b. Jan. 23; bap. Jan. 30.

Christina Kessler, d. Georg and Elisabeth; b. Jan. 23; bap. Jan. 30. Maria, d. Herman Lorsbach and Elisab. Spitznagel; b. Jan. 15; bap. Jan. 29.

Regina Tod, d. Johannes and Catharina; b. Dec. 30, 1784; bap. Feb. 6.

Johan Thomas Tod, s. Johannes and Catharina; b. Sept. 11, 1782; bap. Feb. 6.

Anna Catharina Lutman, d. Georg and Anna Margaret; b. Jan. 26; bap. Feb. 13.

Barbara Gottschall, d. Ludwig and Barbara; b. Jan. 28; bap. Feb. 27.

Joh. Friedrich Schütz, s. Conrad and Barbara; b. Jan. 22; bap. Feb. 27.

Matthaeus Schmidt, s. Matthaeus and Juliana; b. Feb. 12; bap. Feb. 15.

Elisabeth Klehr, d. Friedrich and Elisabeth; b. Nov. 30; bap. March 22.

Johannes Schmidt, s. Peter and wife; b. Dec. 31, 1759; bap. March 23.

Mrs. Elisabeth Kieglerin, bap. March 23,

Georg Mdgel, s. Joseph and Maria; b. March 12; bap. March 27.

Johannes Kraemer, s. Justus and Anna Maria; b. March 15; bap. March 28.

Catharina Hubly, d. Friedrich and Anna Maria; b. March 8; bap. March 28.

Barbara Mengs, d. Georg and Hanna; b. Dec. 29, 1782; bap March 20.

Hanna Mengs, d. Georg and Hanna; b. Oct. 5, 1780; bap. March 20. Jacob Mengs, s. Georg and Hanna; b. March 10, 1785; bap. March 20.

Maria Mose, d. Christian and Eleonora; b. March 4; bap. March 29. Jacob Leiby, s. Jacob and Catharina; b. Aug., 1784; bap. March 29.

Anna Catharina Pflug, d. Heinrich and Margaret; b. Nov. 27, 1784; bap. March 29.

Jacob Steffy, s. Wilhelm and Margar.; b. Dec. 14, 1784; bap. March 29.

Michael Müller, s. Peter and Maria Magdalena; b. April 1; bap. April 10.

Friedrich Zimmermann, s. Friedrich and Barbara; b. May 27, 1784; bap. April 15.

Barbara Veit, d. Peter and Magdalena; b. Nov. 15; bap. April 15.

Hanna Schaefer, d. David and Dorothea; bap. April 17.

Daniel Lindner, s. Hetman and Catharina; b. May 14, 1784; bap. April 17.

Johannes Biederman, s. Balzer and Anna Margar.; b. July 7, 1784; bap. April 17.

Elisabeth Raub, d. Jacob and Dorothea; b. Jan. 21, 1784; bap. April 17.

Catharina Racky, d. Wilhelm and Margaret; b. Dec. 6; bap. April 17. Johann Carl Klug, s. Gottfried and Maria; b. Nov. 20; bap. April 24. Christian Miller, s. Franz and Catharina; b. Nov. 17; bap. April 24. Sara Matrona Hubly, d. Johann and Maria; b. March 20; bap. April 24.

Susanna Grace, d. John and Susanna; b. March 28; bap. April 25.

Mathias Moser, s. Georg and Christina; b. April 2; bap. May 1.

Margaret Gerlitz, d. James and Elisabeth ; b. March 5; bap. May 3. Catharina Müller, d. Peter and Susanna ; b. Jan. 18; bap. May 5.

Joh. Michael Lazarus, s. Friedrich and Regina Elisabeth; b. Nov. 27, 1884; bap. May 6.

Adam Schneider, s. Adam and Maria Barbara; b. March 9, 1783; bap. May 8.

Simon and Abraham Schneider (twins ), s. Adam and Maria Barbara; b. June 12, 1784; bap. May 8.

David Drumm, s. Jacob and Maria Margaret; b. Dec. 13, 1784; bap. May 8.

Maria Kuhn, d. Conrad and Maria Elisabeth; b. Oct. 15; bap. May 8. Barbara Bachman, d. George and Elisabeth; b. March 17; bap. May 8.

Johannes Burman, s. Nicholas and Christina; b. Dec. 11; bap. May 14.

Georg Dietrich, s Michael and Elisabeth; b. April 24; bap. May 15. Johannes Heinkel, s. Jost and Catharina; b. Jan. 29; bap. May 15. Isaac Meier, s. Isaac and Barbara; b. Feb. 17; bap. May 15.

Elisabeth Schneider, d. Philip and Christina; b. Dec. 9; bap. May 15. Catharina Mann, d. Friedrich and Anna Maria; b. April 21; bap. May 16.

Catharina Hofstetter, d. Adam and Margaret; b. Dec. 18; bap. May 29.

Jacob Weber, s. Christoph and Margar.; b. April 11; bap. June 1. Georg Wirt, s. Martin and Catharina; b. Dec. 7, 1783; bap. June 2. Anna Margaret Zorn, d. Christian and Eva; b. April 22; bap. June 2.

Joh. Georg Volk, s. Georg and Catharina; b. April 23; bap. June 5. Catharina Rathvon, d. Jacob and Elisabeth; b. Jan. 21; bap. June 12.

Philippina Robinsky, d. Andreas and Maria; b. Nov. 5, 1784; bap. June 12.

Anna Ottmann, d. Peter and Anna Maria; b. March 3, 1784; bap.

Georg Ottmann, s. Peter and Anna Maria; b. April 25, 1785; bap. June 12.

Elisabeth Schott, d. Peter and Christina; b. Oct. 21, 1784; bap. June 12.

Adam Müller, s. Jacob and Margaret; b. April 2, 1784; bap. June 12. David Müller, s. Jacob and Margaret; b. June 20, 1781; bap. June 12. Elisabeth Schaefer, d. Conrad and Barbara; b. Dec. 4, 1782; bap.

Elisabeth Seidensticker, d. Heinrich and Dorothea; b. Jan. 9; bap. June 25.

Elisabeth Heinkel, d. Wilhelm and Elisabeth; b. May 14; bap. June 27.

Elisabeth Brooks, d. Joseph and Mary; b. Jan. 10; bap. July 2. Johannes Brady, s. Robert and Catharine; b. July 21, 1784; bap.

July 3. Philipp Hess, s. Joh. Nicol. and wife; b. Dec. 25, 1776; bap. July 4. Elisabeth Hess, d. Joh. Nicol. and wife; b. Feb., 1784; bap. July 4.

Michael Hess, s. Joh. Nicol. and wife; b. June 5; bap. July 4. Johannes Lein, s. Jacob and Barbara; b. Jan. 2; bap. July 4.

Jacob Lein, s. Johannes and Sara; b. May 5; bap. July 4.

Johannes Weidele, s. Christian and Rosina; b. July 8; bap. July 16. Catharina Kellermann, d. Friedrich and Cathar.; b. March 9; bap. July 17.

Elisabeth Weber, d. Johannes and Elisabeth; b. April 7; bap. July 17.

Salome Lambarter, d. Ulrich and Magdalena; bap. July 23.

Maria Margaret Besinger, d. Peter and Barbara; b. June 28; bap. July 24.

Heinrich and Christian Eichholz (twins), s. Leonhard and Catharina; b. July 26; bap. July 31.

Barbara Fissler, d. Ulrich and Magdalena; b. Aug. 19, 1784; bap. Aug. 1.

Elisabeth Nass, d. George and Elisabeth; b. June 7; bap. Aug. 7. Elisabeth Gordon, d. John and Margar.; b. June 1; bap. Aug. 7. Johannes Oberdorf, s. Andreas and Elisabeth; b. May 27, 1784; bap.

Aug. 7.

Elisabeth Eppele, d. Johannes and Catharina; b. Dec. 22; bap. Aug. 11.

Heinrich Willis, s. William and Elisabeth; b. April, 1778; bap Aug. 11.

Elisabeth Mainzer, d. Friedrich and Catharina; b. June 22; bap. Ang. 13.

Georg Fenstermacher, s. Freidrich and Margaret; b. April 28; bap. Aug. 16.

Wilhelm Willis, s. William and Elisabeth; b. Oct., 1779; bap. Aug. 11.

Elisabeth Willis, d. William and Elisabeth; b. March 11, 1783; bap. Aug. 11.

Dorothea Kurz, d. Christian and Dorothea; b. Aug. 13; bap. Aug. 20.

Valentine Galosky, s. Henrich and Barbara; b. Aug. 10; bap. Aug. 21. Georg Ludwig Meier, s. Christoph and Susanna; b. Aug. 7; bap. Aug. 27.

Catharina Knoll; d. Jacob and Catharina; b. Aug. 26; bap. Sept. 2. Christoph Meier, s. Matthaeus and Catharina; b. Sept. 5; bap. Sept. 6.

Heinrich Schweickert, s. Sebastian and Maria; b. March 30; bap. Sept. 6.

Daniel Kapp; s. Martin and Anna; b. May 30; bap. Sept. 7.

Elisabeth Luck, d. Georg and Elisabeth; b. Sept. 13, 1784; bap. Sept. 10.

Joh. Heinrich Lautenschlager, s. Heinrich aud Elisabeth; b. Feb. 15; bap. Sept. 10.

Jean, Sacket, d. Peter and Rachel; July 10; bap. Sept. 10.

Susanna Haubentobler, d. Joseph and Eva; b. Aug. 9; bap. Sept. 20.

Daniel Keiler, s. Daniel and Sybilla; b. Sept. 24; bap. Sept. 24.

Johannes Trayer, s. Adam and Salome; b. June 21; bap. Oct. 2.

Magdalena Zimmermann, d. Georg. and Elisabeth; b. July 5; bap. Oct. 2.

Maria Philippina Walch, d. Georg. and Anna Maria; b. June 16; bap. Oct. 2.

Jacob Law, s. Thomas and Regina; b. Nov. 16, 1784; bap. Oct. 6.

Paulus Dunkel, s. Georg. and Barbara; b. Aug. 29; bap. Oct. 7.

Charlotte Gericke, d. Friedrich and Angelica; b. Sept. 28; bap. Oct. 9. Anna Margareta Naumann, d. Gottlieb and Anna Margar.; b. Sept. 12; bap. Oct. 9.

Magdalena Wood, d. Christoph and Catharina; b. Oct. 8; bap. Oct. 14.

Justina Ulmer, d. Philip and Barbara; b. Oct. 5; bap. Oct. 16.
Johannes Himmelreich, s. Jacob and Elisabeth; b. Sept. 18, 1784;
bap. Oct. 16.

Johannes Volz, s. Bernhard and Barbara; b. July 3; bap. Oct. 28.
Juliana Hasselbach, d. Heinrich and Barbara; b. Oct. 23; bap. Oct. 30.

Elisabeth Hirsh, d. Friedrich and Susanna; b. Aug. 30, bap. Oct. 30. Catharina Keller, d. Adam and Maria; b. Sept. 11; bap. Oct. 30. Anna Margareta Greiner, d. Johannes and Deborah; b. Sept. 27; bap.

Oct. 30.

Jacob Keller, s. Frederick and Elizabeth; b. Oct. 14; bap. Oct. 25.
Jacob Miller, s. Joh. Volbrecht and Hanna; b. Sept. 8; bap. Nov. 3.
Georg Faringer, s. Jacob and Barbara; b. Aug. 31; bap. Nov. 6.
Georg Hobson Krug, s. Jacob and Rebecca; b, Oct. 12; bap. Nov. 7.
Adam Brenner, s. Philip and Elisabeth; b. Oct. 20; bap. Nov. 9.
Catharina Brenner, d. Georg and Christina; b. Sept. 23; bap. Nov. 9.
Heinrich Schneider, s. Peter and Catharina; b. Sept. 23; bap. Nov. 9.
Catharina Schneider, d. Michael and Catharina; b. Oct. 16; bap.
Nov. 9.

Catharina Krebs, d. Joh. Georg and Barbara; b. Oct. 27; bap. Nov. 12.

Joseph Gerlitz, s. Peter and Jean.; b. Sept. 17; bap. Nov. 9.

Philipp, s. Anna Malson and Philip Goetz; b. Oct. 19; bap. Nov. 9. Magdalena Haeusele, d. Michael and Catharina; b. Sept. 4; bap. Nov. 13.

Christoph Lutz, s. Andreas and Catharina; b. Oct. 8; bap. Nov. 13. Catharina Schreiber, d. Johannes and Christina; b. Nov. 1; bap. Nov. 16.

Tobias Stehme, s. Tobias and Catharina; b. Oct. 24; bap. Nov. 27.
Catharina Kurz, d. George and Anna Eva.; b. Sept. 22; bap. Nov. 27.
Rebecca Gallacher, d. Philip and Rebecca; b. Nov. 24; bap. Dec. 6.
Daniel Grasmäher, s. Abraham and Catharina; b. March 11; bap. Dec. 9.

Catharina Gumpf, d. Christoph and Maria; b. March 25; bap. Dec. 16.

Johannes Davis, s. Isaac and Eva; b. Jan. 15, 1784; bap. Dec. 19. Magdalena Becker, d. Joh. Adam and Anna Catharina; b. Dec. 22; bap. Dec. 25.

Catharina Weidle, d. Johannes and Anna Maria; b. Dec. 4; bap. Dec. 25.

Catharina Braun, d. Abraham and Magdalena; b. Feb. 15; bap. Dec. 25.

Georg Kuhns, s. Michael and Catharina; b. Jan. 25; bap. Dec. 26.

# 1786.

- Susanna Boot, d. John and Christina; b. Sept. 8; bap. Jan. 15.
- Elisabeth Wilson, d. Robert and Sophia; b. Jan. 13; bap. Jan. 22.
- Carl August Heinitsch, s. Carl and Sophia; b. Jan. 13; bap. Jan. 29.
- Margaret Holzwart, d. Ludwig and Philippine; b. Jan. 29; bap. Feb. 5.
- Susanna Schneider, d. Melchior and Catharina; b. Dec. —, 1785; bap. Feb. 9.
- Johan Georg Marguard, s. Georg and Margaret; b. Feb. 6; bap. Feb. 11.
- Jacob Mellinger, s. Friedrich and Anna; b. Sept. 28, 1782; bap. March 4.
- Catharina Mellinger, d. Friedrich and Anna; b. Sept. 28, 1785; bap. March 4.
- Elisabeth Ochler, d. Daniel and Margar.; b. Dec. 22, 1785; bap. March 4.
- Jacob Bauermeister, s. Christoph and Anna Maria; b. Nov. 30, 1785; bap. March 6.
- Peter Gottschall, s. Peter and Anna Maria; b. July 29, 1785; bap. March 6.
- Georg Gottschall, s. Michael and Catharina; b. Nov. 26, 1785; bap. March 6.
- Joh. Georg Rohrig, s. Georg and Elisabeth; b. Feb. 25; bap. March 8.
  Christoph, s. Eva Gehler and Conrad Meister; b. Feb. 3; bap.
  March 9.
- Elisabeth Koch, d. Georg and Margaret; b. Dec. 26, 1785; bap. March 12.
- Georg Raemle, s. Johannas and Regina; b. Feb. 5; bap. March 12.
- Anna Maria Meiers, d. Heinrich and Catharina; b. Feb. 25; bap. March 12.
- Michael Friedrich Meier, s. Georg Ludwig and Barbara; b. Feb. 14; bap. March 19.
- Johannes Illing, s. Christoph and Magdalena; b. Feb. 25; bap. March 19.
- Jacob Plattenberger, s. Johannes and Maria; b. March 15; bap. March 20.
- Ernestina, d. Heinrich Walter and Maria Schuler; b. March 11; bap. March 21.
- Catharina Schweisgut, d. Andreas and Susanna; b. Jan. 2; bap. March 24.
- Elisabeth Riddel, d. Michael and Catharina; b. Sept. 29, 1785; bap. March 25.
- Johannes Heinrich Haens, s. Heinrich and Elisabeth; b. March 20; bap. March 26.

Anna Maria Heger, d. Christoph and wife; b. March 11; bap. March 26.

Adam Meier, s. Wilhelm and Margaret; bap. March 31.

Catharina Roth, d. Johannes (Reformed) and Barbara; b. March 24; bap. April 3.

Catharina, foundling, b. March -; bap. April 6.

Elisabeth Lehnherr, d. Georg and Elisabeth; b. March 20; bap. April 9.

Johannes Bau, s. Johannes and Cunigunda; 16 weeks old; bap. April 16.

Johannes Palmer, s. Johannes and Eva; b. April 10; bap. April 17. Daniel Nestelroth; b. July 19, 1769; bap. April 14.

Elisabeth Ziegler; 15 years old; bap. April 14.

Joh. Wilhelm Hensel, s. Wilhelm and Maria; b. Aug. 3, 1785; bap. April 18.

Michael Schindel, s. Georg and Elisabeth; b. March 11; bap. April 30.

Anna Maria Springer, d. Jacob and Barbara; b. Dec. 12, 1785; bap. April 30.

Susanna Zimmerman, d. Heinrich and Susanna; b. Dec. 28, 1785; bap. April 30.

Catharina Dunkel, d. Math. and Catharina; b. Jan. 11; bap. May 4. Anna Margaret Fisher, d. Johannes and Margaret; b. April 13; bap. May 7.

Catharina Meier, d. Philip and Catharina; b. April 27; bap. May 7. Elisabeth Raup, d. Jonas and Apollonia; b. Feb. 21, 1784; bap. May 13.

Susanna Raup, d. Jonas and Appollonia; b. March 25; bap. May 13.
Jonas Raup. s. Jacob and Dorothea; b; Nov. 23, 1785; bap. May 13.
Susanna Hubert, d. Jacob and Dorothea; b. April 21; bap. May 14.
Catharina Scheller, d. Johannes and Rosina; b. April 26; bap. May 14.

Margaret, d. Johann Stahl and Christina Grob; b. May 14; bap. May 19.

Elizabeth Luts, d. Georg and Elisabeth; b. April 9; bap. May 21. Jacob Schindel, s. Jacob and Elisabeth; b. May 7; bap. May 21.

Johannes Schindel, s. Peter and Elisabeth; b. Jan. 4; bap. May 21. Johannes Bartsfill, s. Johannes and Barbara; b. March 12; bap. May 22.

Susanna Scheurich, d. Math. and Catharina; b. Jan. 11; b. May 25. Elisabeth Wrights, d. Joseph and Catharina; b. May 23; bap. June 2.

Rosina Hambrecht, d. George and wife; b. May —; bap. June 2.

Jacob Murray, s. Jacob and Regina; b. Nov. 28, 1785; bap. June 4.
Susanna Spring, d. Dewald and Hanna; b. Aug. 6, 1784; bap. June 4.
Susanna Brenner, d. Georg and Anna Maria; b. Dec. 4, 1785; bap. June 4.

Anna Maria Seidenspinner, d. Joseph and Magdalena; b. May 17; bap. June 18.

Heinrich Hensinger, s. Johannes and Catharina; b. Feb. 13; bap. June 24.

Johannes Mauk, s. Christian and Catharina; b. Feb. 10; bap. June 24. Elisabeth Scheurig, d. Nicol. and Catharina; b. March 7; bap. June 25. Anna Maria Metzger, d. Jonas and Eva; b. Nov. 21, 1785; bap.

June 25.

Christian Gibbons, s. Edward and Elisabeth; b. Oct. —, 1785; bap. June 25.

Daniel Wily, s. Samuel and Elisabeth; b. May 14; bap. July 2.

Elisabeth and Maria Otto (twins), d. Christian and Maria; b. Jan. 11; bap. July 9.

Elisabeth Muir, d. Heinrich and Anna Maria; b. Aug. 20, 1784; bap. July 9.

Anna Maria Muir, d. Heinrich and Anna Maria; b. April 10; bap. July 9.

Johann Jacob Schaefer, s. Joh. Jacob and Barbara; b. March 27, 1784; bap. July 9.

Anna Maria Schaefer, d. Joh. Jacob and Barbara; b. Nov. 11, 1785; bap. July 9.

Maria Elisabeth Christ, d. Johannes and Regina; b. May 26; bap. July 9.

Jacob Stech, s. Adam and Veronica; b. Dec. 5, 1785; bap. July 9.

Christiana Försch, d. Friedrich and Catharina; b. June 7; bap. July 12.

Elisabeth Peterman, d. Jacob and Rosina; b. May 9; bap. July 11. Eva Maria Albrecht, d. David and Barbara; b. June 12; bap. July 25.

Magdalena Hoerner, d. Michael and Elisabeth; b. July 13; bap. July 30.

Rudy Levi Meiers, s. William and Maria; b. July 26; bap. July 30. Catharina Neu, d. Johannes and Maria Magdalena; b. Feb. 13; bap. Aug. 6.

Georg Stoft, s. Jacob and Anna Maria; b. July 21; bap. Aug. 6. Johannes Bigy, s. Franz and Eva; b. May 26; bap. July 30.

Friedrich Schuman, s. Georg and Catharina; b. May 30; bap. Aug. 9. Sophia Rubly, d. Jacob and Maria; b. June 21; bap. Aug. 9.

Joseph Manning, s. John and Barbara; b. May 10; bap. Aug. 9.

Catharina Niess, d. Jacob and Margar.; b. April 13, 1782; bap. Aug. 9.

Maria Barbara Koehler, d. Michael and Elisabeth; b. July 23; bap. Aug. 9.

Georg Weber, s. Adam and Rosina; b. July 31; bap. Aug. 13. Maria Philips, d. Johan and Catharina b. June 21; bap. Aug. 13. Catharina Schweicker, d. Martin and Christina; b. June 3; bap. Aug. 13.

Maria Magdalena Keller, d. Johannes and Maria Magdalena; b. Feb. —; bap. Aug. 12.

Isaac Peter, s. Abraham and Cath; b. Sept. 12, 1785; bap. Aug. 12. Jacob Schmidt, s. Johannes and Maria; b. April 11; bap. Aug. 18. Jacob Lindy, s. Jacob and Anna Maria; b. June 23; bap. Aug. 19. Maria Eliz. Denger, d. Andreas and Cath.; b. July 15; bap. Aug. 24. Johannes Klein, s. Philip and Magdalena; b. Aug. 6; bap. Aug. 27. Georg Kantz, s. Christian and Eliz.; b. March 21; bap. Aug. 27. Christian Andres, s. Johannes and Cath.; b. May 4; b. Aug. 27. Johannes Heck, s. Ludwig and Eliz.; b. Aug. 22; bap. Aug. 27. Cath. Meier, d. Isaac and Barbara; b. July 6; bap. Sept. 3. Michael Nagle, s. Christoph. and Marg.; b. Aug. 30; bap. Sept. 5. Eliz. Hofman, d. Friedrich and Margar.; b. May 26; bap. Sept. 9. Susanna Weidele, d. Friedrich and Susanna; b. Sept. 5; bap. Sept. 9. Samuel Work, s. Elic and Cath.; b. Nov. 9, 1784; bap. Sept. 12. Marg. Nicles, d. Michael and Eva; b. Aug. 13; bap. Sept. 12. Jacob Albert, s. Jacob and Cath.; 6 weeks old; bap. Sept. 17. Susanna Gebel, d. Wilhelm and Barbara; b. July 9; bap. Sept. 28. Joh. Jacob Sinn, s. Christian and Marg.; b. Aug. 24; bap. Oct. 1. Maria Kuhns, d. Michael and Cath.; b. Sept. 22; bap. Oct. 2. Magda. Reinhard, d. Michael and Anna Maria; b. Sept. 15; bap. Oct. 8.

Andreas Humbert, s. Jacob and Cathar.; b. Sept. 18; b. Oct. 8. Cath. Sohn, d. Johannes and Cath; b. Aug. 29; bap. Oct. 15. Johan Georg Klein, s. Michael and Anna Maria; b. Sept. 30; bap. Oct. 15.

David Reiner, s. Michael and Magda.; b. Aug. 26; b. Oct. 21. Georg Luck, s. Georg and Elisabeth; b. Aug. 5; bap. Oct. 22. Georg Peter Samuel Muhlenberg, s. G. Heinrich (pastor loci) and Maria Cath.; b. Oct. 7; bap. Oct. 22.

Maria Marg. Ort, d. Johannes and Maria; b. Aug. 24; bap. Oct. 22. Heinrich Schulz, s. Jacob and Barbara; b. Oct. 6; bap. Oct. 22. Eliz. Lambarter, d. Ulrich and Magd.; b. Oct. 19; bap. Oct. 23. Christine Hofstetter, d. Adam and Marg.; b. Aug. 26; bap. Oct. 29.

(To be continued.)

# BIRTH AND BAPTISMAL REGISTER

-OF-

# THE FIRST REFORMED CHURCH, LANCASTER, PA.

# INTRODUCTORY NOTE.

Among the earliest of the German Reformed congregations organized in Pennsylvania was the one in Lancaster. Between 1709 and 1735 the immigration of Germans, Swiss and French into the county of Lancaster was very large. They were mainly exiles and refugees, fleeing from the intolerant religious persecutions that followed the Revocation of the Edict of Nantes in 1685, and adherents of the Reformed or Huguenotic faith. In 1736 these people felt themselves strong enough to organize a congregation and begin the erection of a church. Existing church records show they had enjoyed the ministerial services of various itinerant clergymen as early as 1731, but it was not until 1736 that a permanent organization under a regular pastor was effected.

The following is from the earliest records of the congregation: "Church Protocol of the newly built Re-

formed Church, here in the island of Pennsylvania, in Caunastoken, in the new town named Lancaster." After various other statements comes this: "Now as regards the building of this, our church, the beginning was made in the year 1736; and by the help of God it was so far completed that on the 20th of June, 1736, or on the festival of Holy Whitsuntide, we held divine worship in it for the first time." It was the first church building erected in Lancaster, antedating Trinity Lutheran Church by two years.

No print or picture of this early church has come down to us. It was a log building, and was sold in 1753 for £15.4.6, and the edifice on the opposite page erected in its stead. That was taken down in 1852, and the present handsome structure built. In 1746 a bell and large clock were purchased for £60 Pennsylvania currency. This bell hung for a while on a large hickory tree, the same tree, no doubt, under which the Indians held their councils, and which gave the settlement its first name, "Hickorytown," where it was rung until a steeple was built to receive it.

The pastors of the church during the last century were: John Jacob Hock, 1736–37; Casper Lewis Schnorr, 1744–46; Michael Schlatter, 1746–48; Philip William Otterbein, 1752–58; William Stoy, 1758–63; William Hendel, 1765–69; Charles Lewis Böhme, 1771–75; Albert Helfenstein, 1776–1779; John Theobald Faber, 1779–82; William Hendel, 1782–94; and Christian Lewis Becker, D. D., 1795–1806. The present pastor is Rev. John M. Titzel, D. D.



FIRST REFORMED CHURCH, LANCASTER, PA. Built, 1753. Taken down, 1852.

# 1736.

Rev. John Jacob Hock, Pastor.

Ann Barbara Weidtman, d. Abraham; bap. June 20. Conrad Young, s. Mathew; bap. June 20. Mathew Busler, s. Mathew; bap. June 20. Elizabeth Busler, d. Mathew; bap. 1734. Catharine Camer, d. George; b. March 11, 1729; bap. June 20. John Henry Zeigler, s. George; bap. June 20. Ann Margaret Stauffer, d. Vincenz; bap. June 20. Ann Maria Renscher, d. Gabriel; bap. June 20. Ann Eva Brack, d. Rudolph; b. June 1; bap. June 27. John Charles Kellar, s. George; b. June 1; bap. July 11. John Peter Williar, s. Caspar; b. 1733; bap. 1733. Frederic William, s. Casper; b. 1733; bap. 1733. Philip Henry Zinn, s. Henry; b. Aug. 2; bap. Aug. 22. John Caspar Kellar, s. Conrad; b. Aug. 25; bap. Sept. 5. Elizabeth Kirchslätter, d. Martin; b. April 8; bap. Sept. 5. John Peters, s. George; b. Feb. 3; bap. Oct. 3. Balthasar Ort, s. Baltzar; b. June 3; b. Oct. 3. John Louis Hoff, s. John Adam; b. Sept. 9; bap. Oct. 3. John Phil. James Weynaud, s. Jacob; bap. Oct. 24. John Henry Walter, s. Rudolph; bap. Dec. 3. Ann Mary Bützer, d. Uhly; bap. Dec. 26.

# 1737.

Maria Cath. Traut, d. Dewalt; b. April 12; bap. April 17.

Maria Margaret De Garten, d. Abraham; b. Dec. 15, 1736; bap. April 17.

Susan Dehoff, d. John; b. Feb. 19; bap. April 17.

Mathew Emig, s. John; b. Feb. 28; bap. April 17.

Mathew Miller, s. Felix; bap. April 17.

Charles Frederic Keller, s. Charles; bap. May 1.

Mary Elizabeth Hamrich, d. George; bap. May 1.

Maria Philipina Zeigler, d. George; bap. May 1.

Anna Barbara Wolf, d. Peter; b. April 10; bap. May 15.

John David Edelman, s. Jacob; b. Dec. 1, 1736; bap. May 15.

John Valentine Bühler, s. Ulrich; b. Feb. 21; bap. May 15.

Susan Gorner, d. John; b. May 21; bap. June 5.

Philip James Merkly, s. Henry; b. Aug. 5; bap. Aug. 8.

John Frederic Schlosser, s. Peter; bap. Aug. 24.

John Caspar Schaffner, s. Caspar; bap. Oct. 30.

# 1739.

Anna Barbara Schlosser, d. Peter and Margaret; bap. April 22. Maria Margaretta Arendorf, d. Herman and Ann Margaret; bap. April 22.

Jacob Good, s. Casper and Anna; bap. April 22.

Anna Barbara Neff, d. Jacob and Eliz.; bap. May 12.

Anna Margaret Bauser, d. Mathew and Ann Eliz.; bap. May 12.

David Bauser, s. Mathew and Ann Eliz.; bap. May 12.

John Michael Kern, s. Thos. and Mary Margaret; bap. May 12.

Ann Maria Zimmerman d. John and Barb. Z.; b. April 8; bap. May 20.

Christina Krebs, d. Christian and Christina; bap. June 3.

Ann Catharine, d. John Eckman and Dorothea Seitz; bap. June 29.

Christina Storm, d. Jacob and Annabina Diktina; bap. June 29.

Angelina Lay, d. Ludwig and Mary Ann; bap. June 29.

John Adam Hoff, s. John Adam and Julian; bap. June 29.

Susan Würfel, d. Melchior and Elizabeth; bap. June 29.

John Caspar Hertzog, s. Balthasar and Salome; bap. Aug. 26.

John Peter Günther, s. John Caspar and Catharine; bap. Sept. 30.

Andrew Glund, s. John Jacob and Maria Barb.; bap. Oct. 1.

John Michael Long, s. John Michael and Maria Barb.; bap. Oct. 28.

John Henry Stauffer, s. Vincent and Ann Barb.; bap. Oct. 28.

Anna Barbara Stauffer, d. Vincent and Ann Barb.; bap. Oct. 28.

John Nicholas Zinn, s. John and Joanna Sophia; bap. Nov. 11.

Ann Maria Billmeier, d. John Leonard and Anna; b. Oct. 23; bap. Nov. 18.

George Adam Weinand, s. John Jacob and Snsan; bap. Nov. 19. John Henry Waller, s. John Henry and Christina Marg.; bap. Nov. 28. Catharine Hunneberger, d. John and Magdalena; bap. Nov. 28. John Jacob Knecht, s. Philip and Regina; b. Sept. 18; bap. Dec. 2. John Michael Finck, s. Sebastian and Christina; bap. Dec. 25.

### 1740.

John Michael Müller, s. John Leonard and Maria Sophia; bap. Jan. 12. Magdalena Barbara Henry, d. George and Margaret; bap. Feb. 3. Susan Hambrecht, d. John Adam and Eliz. Barb.; bap. Feb. 3. John Jacob Frantz, s. Jacob and Maria; b. Jan. 25; bap. Feb. 3. Michael Weidler, s. Michael and Eliz.; bap. Feb. 10. John Peter Mohr, s. John Peter and Mary Cath.; b. Feb. 17; bap. Feb. 25.

George Peter Snyder, s. Peter and Louisa; bap. Feb. 25.

John Martin Wagner, s. John George; bap. Feb. 25.

Eva Cath. Schreiber, d. John and Ann Cath.; bap. March 2.

John Schleiffer, s. John and Maria Eliz.; bap. March 2.

Michael Peter Grisler, s. Jos. David and Maria Drusiana; b. Feb, 24; bap. March 2.

Ann Maria Käempfer, d. Christian and Eliz.; b. Dec. 4, 1739; bap. March 23.

Mary Cath. Mercker, d. Mathew and Cath.; bap. March 23.

Eva Beckel, d. John Levi and Barbara; b. March 1; bap. March 30. Elizabeth Fröelich, d. John Jacob and Eliz.; b. Feb. 8; bap. April 6. John Christian Dick, s. Adam and Ann Atilia; b. Feb. 1; bap. April 7.

John William Imbler, s. Geo. Mark and Esther; b. Jan. 13; bap. April 13.

John Bibikhoffer, s. Nich. and Anna Delia; b. April 1; bap. April 13.Maria Philipina Krantzdorf, d. Bartholomew and Mary Magdalena;b. Feb. 13; bap. April 17.

Anna Margaret Maier, d. John George and Anna Margaret; b. March 14; bap. April 20.

Anna Christina Moller, d. Henry and Gertrude; b. April 5; bap. April 20.

John George Dolinger, s. George Philip and Maria; b. Oct. 1, 1739; bap. May 4.

John Henry Buck, s. George Nich. and Mary Eliz.; b. March 29; bap. May 4.

Mary Eliz. Lochman, d. John Jacob and Mary Eliz.; b. April 26; bap. May 15.

John Gorner, s. John and Maria Philipina; b. May 21; bap. May 30.
John George Smith, s. John George and Catharine; b. May 18;
bap. June 29.

Ann Maria Weschenbach, d. Jno. Henry and Elizabeth; b. May 11; bap. July 13.

John Henry Würful, s. John George and Mary Barbara; b. June 10; bap. July 13.

Ann Margaret Ehrman, d. John and Elizabeth; b. Oct. 31, 1739; bap. July 13.

Margaret Maier, d. Caspar and Barbara; b. June 26; bap. July 19. Eva Barbara Emig, d. Nicholas and Eve Margaret; b. July 17; bap. July 19.

John Bader, s. Andrew and Ann Eliz.; b. July 2; bap. July 26. John George Horning, s. John George and Maria Agnesia; b. July 30; bap. Aug. 3.

Catharine Lemely, d. Gabriel and Appolonia Clara; b. July 30; bap. Aug. 30.

Eve Eliz. Seitz, d. Peter and Anna Maria; b. May 1; bap. Aug. 10. John George Müller, s. Jacob and Agnesia; b. Aug 12; bap. Aug. 29. John George Weis, s. Melchoir and Ursula; b. July 19; bap. Oct. 19. Ann Margaret Kerber, d. George and Eve; bap. Dec. 7.

# 1741.

Louisa Engel Nickel, d. John George and Mary Magdalen; b. Sept. 30, 1740; bap. Jan. 13.

John Frederic Wendel, s. John and Barbara; bap. Jan. 18.

Susan Müller, d. John Adam and Cath.; b. Sept. 28, 1740; bap. March 25.

Anthony Knaussel, s. Anthony and Ann Barbara; b. Dec. 10, 1740; bap. March 26.

John Conrad Hornberger, s. John Chas. and Anna Eva; b. March 13; bap. March 27.

Ann Barbara Billmaier, d. Leonard and Anna; b. Feb. 2; bap. March 29.

Mary Cath. Schlauch, d. Jacob and Ursula Eliza; b. Dec. 4, 1740; bap. March 29.

John Mathew Horchelroth, s. John Henry and Joanna Eliz.; b. Jan. 13; bap. March 29.

Ann Barbara Neff, d. Jacob and Eliz.; b. Feb. 23; bap. March 29. John Henry Becker, s. Lewis and Maria Magdalen; b. Dec. 7, 1740; bap. March 29.

Ann Cath. Müller, d. Felix and Ursula; b. June 24, 1740; bap. March 29.

John Herzog, s. Balthasar and Salome; b. Oct. 19, 1740; bap. March 29.

Caspar Good, s. Caspar and Ann; b. Feb. 20; bap. April 5.

Mary Eliz. Boyer, d. Melchoir and Ann Mary; b. Dec. 15, 1740; bap. May 7.

Ann Cath. Becker, d. John Mich. and Ann Margaret; bap. May 7. Susan Erhardt, d. Christian and Susanna; b. May 17; bap. May 17. John Peter Storm, s. Jacob and Annabina Diktina; b. Nov. 19, 1740; bap. May 18.

Catharine Glady, d. Martin and Eve; bap. May 24.

Margaret Frederica Thomas, d. John and Christiana Cath.; b. April 13; bap. May 24.

Ursula Eliz. Geiger, d. Christian and Ann Maria; b. April 26; bap. May 31.

Susan Margaret Bischoff, d. William and Anna; b. April 1; bap. June 28.

Mary Margaret Wolf, d. Peter and Catharine Eliz.; b. June 15; bap. June 28.

John Wolf, s. John Nich. and Mary Eliz; b. July 10; bap. July 25.

# 1742.

Eve Cath. Brenner, d. John Gerhard and Louisa; bap. Jan. 1. Jacob Francis, s. Jacob and Ann Mary; b. Jan. 1; bap. Jan. 10.

Magdalena Ziegler, d. George and Maria; bap. Feb. 28. Henry Christy, s. John and Ann; b. Jan. 17; bap. Jan. 30.

Maria Philipina Gorner, d. John and Maria Philipina; b. Jan. 17; bap. Feb. 6.

John Demuth, s. Henry and Ann; b. Feb. 13; bap. Feb. 28.

Martin Frederick Trissler, s. Jos. Dav. and Maria Drusina; b. Feb. 28; bap. Feb. 28.

John Frederic Nickel, s. John George and Mary Magdalen; b. Feb. 22; bap. March 14.

Mary Margaret Fox, d. John Francis and Ann Margaret; b. March 7; bap. March 28.

Maria Agnesia Arnstberger, d. Geo. Hen. and Mary Mag.; b. March 9; bap. May 2.

Ann Cath. Rudisill, d. Jacob and Elizabeth; bap. May 5.

John George Koch, s George and Catharine; bap. May 10.

Mary Mag. Long, d. John Mich, and Ann Barbara; b. May 22; bap. June 6.

Anna Christina Schlosser, d. John Peter and Ann Marg.; b. April 12; bap. June 6.

George Henry Geiger; s. John Henry and Eliz.; b. March 13; bap. June 6.

John Philip Dollinger, s. George Philip and Maria; b. July 25; bap. Aug. 29.

Henry and Jacob Mann (twins), s. Stephen and Marg. Cath.; b. Aug. 30 and 31; bap. Aug. 31.

John Kobel, s. Anthony and Ann Maria; b. July 15; bap. Oct. 4. Jacob Welshhans, s. Jacob and Eliz.; b. Sept. 22; bap. Oct. 10.

Susan Rudy, d. Daniel and Susan; b, Sept. 27; bap. Oct. 24.

Ann Cath. Welshans, d. Abraham and Marg.; b. Oct. 9; bap. Nov. 7.

John Frederic Rathfon, s. John Frederic and Eliz.; b. Nov. 5; bap.

Nov. 28.

John George Maier, s. George and Marg.; b. Oct. 4; bap. Dec. 26.

### 1743.

John Peter Schreiber, s. John Peter and Ann Marg.; b. Feb. 3; bap. Feb. 20.

# 1744.

John Philip Oster, s. William; b. Feb. 5.
John George Graff, s. John Georg and Cath.; b. June 12; bap. July 4.
John Ermel, s. John; bap. Dec. 1.
A daughter of Conrad Basler and Ann Maria; bap. Dec. 23.
Anna Eve Erhard, d. Christian and Susan; bap. Dec. 25.
Jacob Henning, s. Jacob and Eliz.; bap. Dec. 26.
Sophia Scheitz, d. John Nich. and Ann Eve; bap. Dec. 30; died Oct. 15, 1747.

### 1745.

Philip Ernig, s. John Nicholas and Eve; bap. Jan. 1.
Michael Kuhns, s. Nicholas and Anna; bap. Jan. 1.
Melchior Herzog, s. Balthasar and Salome; bap. Jan. 1.
John Peter Schwartz, s. Henry Louis and Mary Elizabeth; bap.
Jan. 6.

A daughter of Nicholas and Maria Gelbert, bap. Jan. 6. John George Erzweiler, s. John Georg and Eliz.; bap. Jan. 13. Nicholas Burger, s. Joachim and Gertrude; bap. Jan. 13. Margaret Gallatin, d. Jacob and Elenora; bap. Jan. 20. Andrew Müller, s. Veit and Ann Maria, bap. Feb. 3. John Peter Welsh, s. Jacob and Eliz.; bap. Feb. 3. Conrad Ull, s. Conrad and Magdalen; bap. Feb. 17. John Henry Bushong, s. Andrew and Maria; bap. Feb. 17. Ann Maria Senk, d. George and Anna Eve; bap. Feb. 24. Mary Marg. Lay, d. Ludwig and Mary Ann, bap. Feb. 24. Mary Eliz. Wild, d. Peter Wild; bap. March 17. Ann Cath. Jomer, d. Adam and Margaret; bap. March 21. Maria Salome Hammacher, d. Adam and Eve; bap. March 24. Mathew Kohler, s. John and Ann Margaret; bap. March 24. John George Neisle, s. Simeon and Susan Maria; bap. April 3. Mary Magdalen Neisle, d. Simeon and Susan Maria; bap. April 3. Ann Magdalen Bischoff, d. William and Anna; bap. April 12. Anna Christina Schneider, d. Yost and Mary Marg.; bap. May 5. Mathew Schotter, s. Velty and Ann Margaret; bap. May 12. John Altdorfer, s. Henry and Ursula; bap. April 14. Henry Hack, s. Andrew and Dorothea; bap. Aug. 4. Cath. Fortene, d. Melchior and Barbara; bap. Aug. 11. Mary Eliz. Seiler, d. Ulrich and Mary Catharina; bap. Aug. 25. Michael Nickel, s. John George and Mary Magdalen; bap. Sept. 8. John Henry Ernstdorf, s. Henry and Anna Cath.; bap. Oct. 20. Melchior Fortene, s. David and Cath.; bap. Oct. 20. Susanna Saarbach, d. David and Susan; bap. Oct. 23.

Cath. Verry, d. John and Ann Maria; bap. Oct. 30.
Esther Verry, d. John and Ann Maria; bap. Oct. 30.
Maria Verry, d. John and Maria; bap. Oct. 30.
A son of John and Ann Maria; bap. Oct. 30.
John Maurer, s. Henry and Eliz.; bap. Nov. 10.
Eliz. Spanselier, d. Andrew and Eliz.; bap. Dec. 8.
George Charles Saur, s. John William and Sophia Marg.; bap. Dec. 12.
A son of George Schmidt.
Ann Mary Dehoff, d. Henry and Ann Mary; bap. Dec. 15.
Mary Eliz. Haverstick, d. Michael and Maria Salome; bap. Dec. 19.

# 1746.

John Jacob Devis, s. Daniel and Barbara; bap. Jan. 17.

Ann Maria Heneberger, d. John and Magdalen; bap. Jan. 19.
Simon Henry Walter, s. John Henry and Charlotte Cath.; bap.
Jan. 19.
John Henry Luck, s. John Henry and Ann Juliana; bap. Feb. 2.
Mary Mag. Decker, d. John Jacob and Cath.; bap. Feb. 9.
Ann Maria Fox, d. John and Maria Angela; bap. Feb. 9.
Melchior Demuth, s. Henry and Ann; bap. Feb. 16.
Sarah Gross, d. Simon and Veronica; bap. Feb. 16.
Ann Barbara Cool, d. Conrad and Mary Barbara; bap. Feb. 21.
Cath. Huber, d. Felix and Mary; bap. Feb. 22.
A daughter of Jacob Kuhbortz and wife; bap. Feb. 25.
John George Caspar, s. John and Anna Mary; bap. March 2.
John Rahm, s. Caspar and Mary Ursula; bap. March 2.
Rudolph Heiliger, s. Philip and Mary Barbara; bap. March 9.
Christina Krebs, d. George and Catharine; bap. March 15.

(The above named children (from December, 1744) were baptized by the Rev. Caspar Lewis Schnorr, pastor of the church.)

(The following down to November, 1748, were baptized by the Rev. Michael Schlatter, pastor of the Philadelphia and Germantown churches.)

Jacob Metzger, s. Jacob; b. June 4; bap. June 15. Charlotte Janette Eppelman, d John George and Maria Mag.; bap. Sept. 16.

George Charles Good, s. Dewalt and Ann Madg.; bap. Sept. 16. Ann Elizabeth Deis, d. Ich. and Ann Maria; b. May 20; bap. Sept. 16. Ann Gertrude Weller, d. John and Ann Barbara; b. Aug. 30; bap. Sept. 16.

John Peter Weitzel, s. John Paul and Charlotte Eliz.; b. Oct. 31; bap. Nov. 13.

### 1747.

Maria Rosina Fortunet, d. David and Eliz. Cath; b. April 1; bap. May 13.

Joseph Doll, s. John and Cath.; b. Jan. 27; bap. May 13.

Mary Elizabeth Schreiber, d. John and Mary Cath.; b. May 10; bap. May 13.

John George Peter Kaltenrutter, s. George and Ann Ursula; b. March 2; bap. June 14.

Rudolph Hoffer, s. Mathias and Ann Maria; b. June 6; bap. June 14. Ludwig Lay, s. Ludwig and Maria; b. May 28; bap. June 14.

Benedict Saeler, s. Ulrich and Mary Cath.; b. May 11; bap. June 14. Mary Catharine Schutz, d. Conrad and Ann Cath.; b. Aug. 10, 1746; bap. June 14.

### 1748.

Mary Magd. Schaffner, d. Caspar and Ann Maria; b. April 22; bap. May 5.

Ann Barbara Etzweiler, d. George and Eliz.; b. April 3; bap. May 5. Christian Erhardt, s. Christian and Susan; b. March 5; bap. May 18. Cath. Rayel, d. John William and Gertrude; b. April 1; bap. May 19.

John Caspar Weitzel, s. Paul and Charlotte Eliz.; b. Aug. 14; bap. Sept. 4.

John Schmied, s. John Courad and Anna Marg.; b. Aug. 16; bap. Sept. 4.

Mary Eliz. Metsger, d. Jacob; b. March 10; bap. May 5.

Elizabeth Kunz, d. Nicholas and Joanna; b. Aug. 25; bap. Sept. 4. John Philip Decker, s. Jacob and Cath.; b. July 28; bap. Sept. 4.

John Philip Lenherr, s. Philip and Eliz. Barbara; b. Sept. 6; bap. Sept. 11.

Ann Elizabeth Durtzenbach, d. George Adam and Mary Magdalen; b. Oct. 24; bap. Nov. 13.

John Oster, s. William; b. Nov. 22.

# 1749.

A daughter of David Serbach; bap. April 2. Caspar Fortune, s. Michael; b. Feb. 16; bap. April 2. A son of David Fortune; bap. April 2.

A daughter of Kraft Reser; bap. April 2.

Ann Julianna Michael, d. Frederic and Ann Maria; b. Thursday before Christmas, 1748; bap. April 9.

Elizabeth LeRu, d. Peter and Elizabeth; b. Dec. 19, 1748; bap. April 9.

John George Geyer, s. George and Ann Magdalen; b. March 6; bap. April 30.

John Henry Gunkel, s. John and Christina; b. Feb. 3; bap. April 30. John George Spoor, s. John and Ann Maria; b. Feb. 3; bap. April 30. Veronica Pfeiffer, d. John; bap. June 4.

Catharine Lein, d. Jacob.

Gertrude Hergeth, d. Frederic and Ann Barbara; b. Dec. 1; bap. Jan. 28, 1750.

# 1750.

# Rev. Lewis Ferdinand Vock, Pastor.

John Michael Brubaker, s. Isaac and Ann Maria; b. Feb. 2; bap. Feb. 12.

Barbara Danner, d. John and Catharine; b. Jan. 27; bap. Feb. 12. Maria Apolonia Walter, d. Rudolph and Anna; b. March 24, 1749; bap. Feb. 12.

Charlotte Leonhard, d. Philip and Eliz.; b. Feb. 16; bap. Feb. 18. John Peter Stera, s. Michael and Ann Marg.; b. Feb. 20; bap. Feb. 25. Ann Catharine Saman, d. Michael and Ann Mary; b. Feb. 28.

Mary Elizabeth Borg, d. Richard and Ann Maria; three months old, bap. March 19.

John Fogeli, s. Paul and Ann Eliz.; b. June 21, 1749; bap. April 1.John Martin Eckman, s. Jerome and Ann Barbara; b. Sept. 20, 1749; bap. April 1.

Jacob Kraft, s. Lewis and Cath.; b. Dec. 11, 1749; bap. April 1.

Mary Eliz. Schweikert, d. Peter and Christina; b. April 1; bap. April 8. Mary Barbara Glasser, d. Charles and Mary Magd.; b. Feb. 26; bap. April 15.

John Jacob May, s. Philip and Mary Margaret; b. Oct. 7, 1749; bap. April 15.

Ann Catharine Ehrhard, d. Christian and Susan; b. Feb. 10; bap. April 15.

John William Conrad Hoffman, s. John and Anna Eliz.; b. April 13; bap. April 16.

George Warffel, s. George and Mary Barbara; b. Aug. 19, 1749; bap. April 16.

Elizabeth Bauer, d. Peter and Catharine; b. April 25, 1749; bap. April 16.

John Jacob Lindenschmidt, s. John Daniel and Ann Catharine, b. April 16; bap, April 22.

Catharine Suss, d. John and Anna; 7 weeks old; bap. April 29.

Mary Elizabeth Gartner, d. John William Conrad and Mary Elizabeth; b. April 22; bap. April 29.

Ann Christina Welker, d. Valentine and Ann Elizabeth; b. March 1; bap. May 6.

Ann Margaret Ehrnsdorff. d. Henry and Ann Catharine; b. May 4; bap. May 13.

Christina Geiger, d. Christian and Maria; b. 8 days before Easter; bap. May 20.

Ann Marg. Metzger, d. John. and Maria Eve; b. May 20; bap. May 27. Ann Margaret Bingeman, wife of Frederic; bap. May 27.

Ann Marg. Brecht, d. Peter and Ann Eliz.; b. April 14; bap. June 3. Elizabeth Stahly, d. John Jacob and Eliz.; b. Jan. 2; bap. June 3.

Magdalen Houck, d. Andrew and Dorothea; b. May 3; bap. June 3. Christopher Winterheimer, s. Jacob and Ann Margaret; b. Nov. 15, 1749; bap. June 3.

Jacob Hosterman, s. Jacob and Mary Barbara; b. Oct. 2, 1749; bap. June 3.

John Paul Schaffner, s. John Caspar and Ann Maria; b. May 14, 1749; bap. June 4.

Anna Sinigunda Hoffman, d. John Nicholas and Ann Maria; b. May 18; bap. June 17.

Anna Maria Paul, d. Michael and Charlotte; b. Aug. 9, 1747; bap. June 3.

Anna Maria Singer, d. Philip and Ann Maria; b. July 14, 1749; bap. July 15.

John Conrad Geise, s. Conrad and Mary Agatha; b. July 12; bap. Aug. 5.

George Frederic Decker, s. Jacob and Cath.; b. Aug. 4; bap. Aug. 19. Catharine Elizabeth Bentel, d. John Adam Hireton and Ann Maria Ursula, b. Aug. 21; bap. Aug. 26.

Mary Magdalen Bingeman, d. Frederic and Ann Margaret; b. Sept. 7; bap. Sept. 23.

John Danner, s. Jacob and Ursula; b. Sept. 14; bap. Sept. 23.

Mary Catharine Engelman, d. Jacob and Ann Maria; b. Ang. —; bap. Oct. 28.

Elizabeth Stahly, d. Jacob and Elizabeth; b. Aug. 24; bap. Oct. 28. John Hochstatler, s. George and Ann Maria; b. Oct. 31; bap. Nov. 4. Christopher Messenkop, s. John and Ann Elizabeth; b. Oct. 30; bap. Nov. 4.

Tobias Huber, s. Felix and Maria; b. Oct. 25; bap. Nov. 4.

Peter Tiebely, s. John and Veronica; b. Nov. 1; bap. Dec. 1. Anna Christina Weitzel, d. Paul and Charlotte Elizabeth; b. Aug. 21; bap. Oct. 21.

### 1751.

Marg. Tripel, d. William and Magdalen; five months old; bap. Jan. 5. John Adam Lay, s. Ludwig; b. Nov. 21, 1750; bap. May 5. Mary Margaret Fogele, d. Paul; b. Dec. 22, 1750; bap. May 5. Valentine Weaver, s. Caspar; b. Dec. 29, 1750; bap. May 5. Ann Maria Müller, d. Veit; b. Jan. 27; bap. May 5. Elizabeth Lein, d. Jacob; b. Feb. 26; bap. May 5. Margaret Farner, d. Adam; b. March —; bap. May 5. John William Sarbach, s. David; b. April 28; bap. May 5. John Lob, s. Dewalt; b. May 24; bap. June 30. Mary Magdalena Wayan, d. John; b. Aug. 5; bap. Sept. 15. Henry Oster, s. William; b. June 5; bap. Sept. 15. John Ernst Hartman, s. Adam; b. Aug. 18; bap. Sept. 15. Henry Seyler, s. Benedict; b. Sept. 7; bap. Sept. 15.

# 1752.

Elizabeth Snyder, d. John and Magdalen; bap. March 8. Jacob Kuhns, s. Jacob and Ann Margaret; bap. March 8. John Münch, s. John George and Catharine; bap. March 8. Elizabeth Baer, d. John and Elizabeth; b. Feb. 26; bap. March 1. John George Racke, s. Henry Caspar; b. June 19; bap. Aug. 16.

Rev. Philip Wm. Otterbein, Pastor.

Ann Margaret Shaffner, d. Caspar and Ann Maria; b. June 20; bap. Aug. 23.

John Young, s. Philip and Ann Margaret; b. Aug. 22; bap. Aug. 23.
John Philip Julius, s. Paul and Catharine; b. Feb. 23; bap. Aug. 23.
John George Ringer, s. Jacob and Ann Maria; b. Sept. 1, 1751; bap. Aug. 30.

Jacobina Müller, d. Jacob and Mary Eliz.; b. Sept. 12; bap. Sept. 19.
Eliz. Meyer, d. Philip and Ann Maria; b. Sept. 14, 1751; bap. Sept. 14.
Daniel Wolf, s. John Nich. and Ann Maria; b. Aug. 25; bap. Sept. 22.
John Jacob Schmuck, s. John Jacob and Catharine; b. Sept. 11; bap. Sept. 22.

John William Polk, s. John William and Magdalen; b. Sept. 22; bap. Nov. 14.

Daniel Becker, s. Henry and Ann; b. Oct. 12; bap. Nov. 14.

John Henry, s. John and Mary Elizabeth; b. Nov. 23; bap. Nov. 27.
Christina Farner, d. Adam and Mary Sarah; b. Dec. 14; bap. Dec. 17.

Dorothea Gunther, d. Christian and Dorothea; b. Nov. 16; bap. Dec. 24.

Ann Margaret Erhard, d. Diedrich and Ann Mary; b. Dec. 17; bap. Dec. 25.

George Frederic Bentz, s. Jacob and Barb.; b. Nov. 20; bap. Dec. 25

# 1753.

John Ernsdorf, s. Henry and Ann Cath.; b. Dec. 30, 1752; bap. Jan. 2.

Ann Dorothea Stahl, d. William and Ann Eliz.; b. Dec. 31, 1752; bap. Jan. —.

Catharine Heitel, d. Michael and Eliza; b. Jan. 14; bap. Jan. 21. John Kreger, s. Jacob and Ann Maria; b. July 27, 1752; bap. Jan. 15. John Weitzel, s. Paul and Charlotte; b. Dec. 30, 1752; bap. Jan. 21. Ann Maria May, d. Franz Peter and Ann Maria; b. Feb. 1; bap. Feb. 4.

Andreas Backenstoff, s. Jacob and Eliz.; b. Jan. 29; bap. Feb. 4. Elizabeth Hotz, d. Leonard and Ann Cath.; b. Feb. 9; bap. Feb. 18. John Bonnet, s. Peter and Elizabeth; b. Feb. 3; bap. Feb. 24. Ann Maria Krebs, d. George and Catharine; b. Feb. 10; bap. Feb. 24. Cath. Kubenlinger, d. Jacob and Veronica; b. Jan. 20; bap. March 4. Elizabeth Fortene, d. Jacob and Juliana; b. March 7; bap. March 11. Susan Margaret Buck, d. Mathias and Mary Cath.; b. March 16; bap. March 25.

Mary Cath. Marcketand, d. Lorenz and Barbara; b. March 26; bap. April 7.

Mary Eliz. Shaeffer, d. Balthasar and Ann Marg.; b. March 31; bap. April 7.

John Roser, s. Debus and Margaret; b. April 1; bap. April 15. Mary Barbara Vogele, d. Paul and Ann Eliz.; b. Jan. 8; bap. April 22. Mary Elizabeth Stock, d. Susan Margaret; bap. April 22.

Christian Isch, s. Peter and Philipina; b. Feb. 22; bap. April 23.

Eliz. Brobeck, d. Bernhard and Ann Maria; b. April 21; bap. May 4. A daughter of Louisa, widow of Christopher Müller; b. May 7; bap.

Elizabeth Lay, d. Ludwig and Maria; b. June 1; bap. June 17. Laurence Marckstand and Barbara, May 20.

May 13.

Jacob Becker, s. Philip and Catharine; b. May 20; bap. June 24. John Danner, s. John and Catharine; b. June 21; bap. June 24.

Ann Elizabeth Decker; d. Jacob and Cath.; b. June 22; bap. July 1. Elizabeth Helschweiler, d. John and Eliz.; b. June 15; bap. July 2. John Frederic Bleiler, s. John and Mary Christina; b. July 12; bap. July 22.

John Schenkmayer, s. John and Mary Eliz.; b. July 16; bap. July 23.

Elizabeth Roser, d. Kraft and Eliz.; b. July 23; bap. July 28.

Ann Barb. Boyer, d. Martin and Ann Barb.; b. June 28; bap. July 8. Eliza, Weaver, d. Valentine and Philipina; b. Aug. 4; bap. Aug. 12. Mary Cath, Getz, d. Jacob and Ann Maria; b. June 13; bap. Aug. 12. Mary Barb. Camp, d. Adam and Mary Atilia; b. Aug. 25; bap. Aug. 26. Mary Marg. Fortene, d. Melchior and Barb.; b. Aug. 19; bap. Aug. 26. John George Franciscus, s. Christopher and Ann Marg.; b. Aug. 29;

bap. Sept. 2.

David Harbach, s. David and Susan; b. Aug. 26; bap. Sept. 2. John Daniel Schneiderman, s. Bastian; b. July 6; bap. Aug. 2.

Sophia Hartman, d. Adam and Ann Maria; b. Sept. 5; bap. Sept. 9. John Messenkop, s. John and Elizabeth; b. Sept. 12; bap. Sept. 16. Conrad Lind, s. John Michael and Juliana; b. Sept. 22; bap. Sept. 30. Mary Cath. Hartman, d. Christian and Cath.; b. July 15; bap. Oct. 7. Mary Sophia Stern, d. Michael and Catharine; b. Sept. 2; bap. Oct. 7. John Henry Lindesmidt, s. John; b. Aug. 16; bap. Oct. 21.

John Philip May, s. Philip; b. Sept. 24; bap. Oct. 21.

Mary Gertrude Kutzher, d. Michael and Eliz.; b. Oct. 21; bap. Oct. 21. George Jacob Sheffer, s. John and Ann Maria; b. Sept. 28; bap. Oct. 28. John Jacob Tanck, s. Henry and Maria Cath.; b. Nov. 24; bap. Nov. 24. John George Lentz. s. George and Ann Cath.; b. Nov. 28; bap. Dec. 2. John William Bausman, s. William and Eliz.; b. Nov. 20; bap. Dec. 2. John Jacob Shreiner, s. John Hambright and Ann Elizabeth; b. Nov. 20; bap. Dec. 1.

John Michael Hufnagle, s. John and Anna Maria; b. Dec. 3; bap. Dec. 9.

John Bener, s Peter and Catharine, b. Nov. 4; bap. Dec. 9.

John Jacob Huttier, s. Jacob and Joanna Susan; b. Nov. 30; bap. Dec. 9.

John Peter Smith, s. John and Mary Gertrude; b. Nov. 30; bap. Dec. 9. Mary Sophia Hirsch, d. Conrad and Sophia; b. Nov. 13; bap. Dec. 19. Barbara Weller, d. John and Barbara; b. Oct. 26; bap. Dec. 16. Margaret Müller, d. Andrew and Elizabeth; b. Dec. 22; bap. Dec. 22. John Wendel, s. George and Elizabeth; b. Dec. 21; bap. Dec. 26. Joanna Maria Rossler, d. John Henry and Ann Maria; b. Nov. 25; bap. Dec. 26.

John Peter Bucher, s. Christian and Susan Marg.; b. Dec. 26; bap. Dec. 30.

# 1754.

Mary Catharine Shenckel, d. Philip Jacob and Mary Barbara; b. Jan. 2; bap. Jan. 6.

John Frederick William Clemens, s. Peter and Magdalen; b. Jan. 3; bap. Jan. 6.

John Gunther, s. Christian and Dorothea; b. Jan. 6; bap. Jan. 13.
John Henry Lutz, s. Stephen and Ann Cath.; b. Nov. 2, 1753; bap. Jan. 27.

Mary Cath. Fortene, d. Michael and Ann Marg.; b. Feb. 1; bap. Feb. 17.

Ann Maria Kuhns, d. Jacob and Ann Marg.; b. Feb. 7; bap. Feb. 17. John Michael Edinger, s. Philip and Ann Maria; b. Dec. 10, 1753; bap. Feb. 24.

Ann Maria Baer, d. John and Elizabeth; b. Feb. 25; bap. March 10. Sebastian Demuth, s. Henry and Anna; b. March 22; bap. March 31. A daughter of John Bartholomew Hock and Ann Christina; b. Feb. 28; bap. April 2.

Eliza. Erhard, d. Diedrick and Ann Maria; b. Jan. 25; bap. March 2. John Moll, s. Henry and Gertrude; b. March 29; bap. April 15. Cornelius Ferre, s. Abraham and Eliz.; b. Sept. 13, 1753; bap. April 14.

Mary Elizabeth Shreyer, d. John Adam.; b. March 9; bap. April 15. John Peter Schweiger, s. John Peter and Christina; b. April 3; bap. April 15.

Mary Cath. Scheets, d. William and Ann Marg.; b. March 25; bap. April 15.

Peter Bender, s. Henry and Catharine; b. March 11; bap. April 15. John Sheibly, s. Daniel and Barbara; b. Nov. 21, 1753; bap. April 28. Mary Christina Fedder, d. Michael and Ann Christina; bap. May 5. Mary Eliz. Wolf, d. Nich. and Ann Maria; b. April 14; bap. May 19. Ursula Anterle, d. Abraham and Barbara; b. May 9; bap. May 26. Eva Stetter, d. Henry and Regela; b. May 25; b. May 26. John Schrol, s. John and Mary Cath.; b. May 24; bap. May 31. Elizabeth Bentz, d. Benedict and Ann Cath.; b. May 24; bap. June 3. Michael Weisman, s. Michael and Cath.; b. June 12; bap. June 16. Eliz. Gobel, d. William and Eve Eliz.; b. June 21; bap. June 24. Margaret Müller, d. Feit and Ann Mary; b. May 11; bap. June 30. John Prag, s. Daniel and Ann Catharine; b. June 24; bap. June 30. Daniel and Ann Maria Müller (twins), s. and d. John and Anna Marg.; b. July 1; bap. July 1; died same day.

John Jacob Genner, s. Durst and Barbara; b. May 30; bap. June 30. Ann Maria Pfeiffer, d. John Henry and Ann Marg.; b. June 29; bap. July 28.

Ann Eliz. Becker, d. Henry and Ann; b. July 13; bap. July 28. Ann Maria Gasser, d. Mathew and Ann Cath.; b. June 7; bap. July 28.

Maria Logk, d. John; b. Aug. 26, 1753; bap. Aug. 2.

Ann Maria Renscher, d. Jacob and Ann Maria; b. Aug. 2; bap. Aug. 11. Henry Erlenbach, s. Henry and Mary; b. July 21; bap. Aug. 11. Cath. Barbara Mackenberger, d. Abraham and Cath. Barbara; b.

Aug. 7; bap. Sept. 1.

George Hook, s. Andrew and Dorothea; b. July 3; bap. Sept. 15. Eliz. Cath. Nidy, d. Bastian and Mary Charlotte; b. June 21, 1751; bap. Sept. 22.

Ann Maria Nidy, d. Bastian and Mary Charlotte; b. July 29, 1753; bap. Sept. 22.

John Adam Theobald, s. Jacob and Ann Marg.; b. Sept. 24; bap. Sept. 24.

Regina Marg. Ziegler, d. George and Ann Eliz.; b. Sept. 24; bap. Sept. 24.

John George Reitzel, s. John George and Eve; b. Sept. 17; bap. Sept. 27.

Ann Marg. Shaeffer, d. Balthasar and Ann Marg.; b. Oct. 9; bap. Oct 15.

John Frederic Ehresman, s. George Jacob and Magdalen; b. Sept. 7; bap. Oct. 27.

John Kitch, s. Jacob and Ann Maria; b. Sept. 6; bap. Oct. 27.

Mary Magdalen Weckman, d. Conrad and Barbara; b. Sept. 13; bap. Oct 27.

Peter Rummel, s. Feit; b. Sept. 19; bap. Nov. 10.

Ann Marg. Burkhart, d. John George and Ann Marg.; b. Nov. 8; bap. Nov. 17.

Eliza. Weitzel, d. Paul and Charlotte Eliza; b. Oct. 29; bap. Dec. 8. Isaac Haugendobler, s. Nich. and Maria; b. Aug. 18; bap. Dec. 15. John Shaffner, s. Casper and Ann Maria; b. Oct. 28; bap. Nov. 17. Catharine Grosher, d. John and Eliza.; b. Dec. 7; bap. Dec. 25.

# 1755.

Nicholas Zamischer, s. Valentine and Juliana; b. Dec. 29, 1754; bap. Jan. 1.

John Shriber, s. John and Mary Cath.; b. Dec. 16, 1754; bap. Jan. 5. Mary Cath. Peter, d. Francis and Anna Maria; b. Jan. 10; bap. Jan. 19. Abraham Trody, s. David and Magdalen; b. Jan. 8; bap. Jan. 26. John Balthazar Hots, s. George and Eliza.; b. Jan. 25; bap. Feb. 1. A daughter of John and Maria Ferre; b. Jan. 23; bap. Feb. 9.

Abraham Edien, s. David and Mary Magdalen; b. Dec. 13, 1754; bap. Feb. 9.

Mary Eliz. Shenkmayer, d. John and Mary Eliza.; b. Feb. 9; bap. Feb. 16.

Anna Maria Plenler, d. John Henry and Maria Christina; b. Feb. 5; bap. Feb. 16.

Mary Barbara Shuster, d. Jacob; b Feb. 15; bap. Feb. 23.

Marg. Farner, d. Adam and Mary Sarah; b. Feb. 27; bap. March 2. Mary Eliz. Stepheman, d. George and Mary Cath.; b. March 1; bap. March 16.

George Heckesweiler, s. John Ulrich and Eliz.; b. Feb. 23; bap. March 16.

Mary Charlotte Becker, d. Mathew and Mary Cath.; b. March 24; bap. March 30.

John Shroder, s. Martin and Ann Barbara; b. April 6; bap. April 13.
Barbara Hirsh, d. Conrad and Sophia; b. Feb. 30; bap. April 13.
Eve Maria Bausser, d. John Henry and Eve Maria; b. April 3; bap. April 13.

Margaret Henry, d. Adam and Barbara; b. Feb. 6; bap. May 4. Elizabeth Libig, d. Peter and Eliz.; b. April 8; bap. May 18. George Henry Leinbrock, s. Balthazar and Cath.; b. April 2; bap. May 18.

Magdalen Grund, d. Henry and Cath.; b. Feb. 21; bap. May 18. John Hartman, s. Christian and Cath.; b. April 15; bap. April 25. Ann Maria Scheid, d. Conrad and Maria; b. May 8; bap. June 8. Ann Marg. Marguetand, d. Lorenz and Ann Barbara; b. Feb. 6; bap. Feb. 14.

Eve Barbara Wirz, d. Ann Justina; the father is John Peter Bener. Susan Gray, d. Jacob; b. Jan. —, 1737; bap. July 13. Jacob Messenkop, s. John and Eliz.; b. Aug. 7; bap. Aug. 10. George Lewis Sheffer, s. John and Maria; b. July 16; bap. Aug. 23.

George Lewis Sheffer, s. John and Maria; b. July 16; bap. Aug. 23. Ann Magdalen Shenk, d. Jacob and Cath.; b. July 10; bap. Aug. 24. John Jacob Boner, s. Peter and Eliz.; b. June 11; bap. Aug. 31.

Ann Maria Son, d. Michael and Ann Cath.; b. July 13; bap Sept. 14. John Hinkel, s. John and Ann Elizabeth; b. Sept. 30; bap. Oct. 5. John David De Die, s. Abraham and Maria; b. Sept. 12; bap. Oct. 5. John Frederic Nidy, s. Bastian and Charlotte; b. Sept. 6; bap. Oct. 5.

Mary Marg. Hoffman, d. Michael and Dorothea; b. Oct. 4; bap. Oct. 12.

Ann Margaret Baer, d. Jacob and Eliz.; b. Oct. 10; bap. Oct. 19.
Michael Franciscus, s. Christopher and Marg.; b. Nov. 22; bap.
Nov. 25.

Margaret Stoltz, d. Jacob and Juliana; b. Oct. 19; bap. Nov. 30. Susan Marg. Grubb, d. Caspar and Ann Marg.; b. Oct. 1; bap. Nov. 2. Gottlieb Weisman, s. Michiel and Cath.; b. Nov. 23; bap. Nov. 30.

Marg. Shoffer, d. George Balthazar and Maria Barbara; b. Nov. 30; bap. Dec. 7.

Sophia Eliz. Feldman, d. John and Ann Marg.; b. April 30; bap. Dec. 15.

Ann Maria Lind, d. John Michael and Juliana; b. Dec. 14; bap. Dec. 21. Charlotte Allemang, d. John Jacob and Marg.; b. Dec. 18; bap. Dec. 25. John Hoffman, s. John and Ann Eliz.; b. Aug. 19; bap. Dec. 31.

# 1756.

Christian Kreutlet, s. John and Eliz.; b. Aug. 12, 1755; bap. Jan. 1. Elizabeth Genther, d. Jacob and Margaret; bap. Feb. 1.

Ann Cath. Conly, d. Thomas and Magdalen; b. Jan. 23; bap. Jan. 23. John Hun, s. John Valentine and Ann Maria; b. Feb. 1, 1749; bap. Jan. 25.

Anna Maria Hun, d. John Valentine and Ann Maria; b. Sept. 24, 1751, bap. Jan. 25.

John Nicholas Hun, s. John Valentine and Ann Maria; b. Jan. 25, 1754; bap. Jan. 25.

Philip Weber, s. Valentine and Philipina, b. Feb. 3; bap. Feb. 8. Christian Kuntz, s. Jacob and Ann Marg.; b. Jan. 30; bap. Feb. 15. John George Weller, s. John and Ann Barb.; b. Jan. 7; bap. Feb. 22. Lewis Rosser, s. Kraft and Elizabeth; b. Feb. 13; bap. Feb. 29.

Henry Fortene, s. Michael and Ann Marg.; b. Feb. 23; bap. March 7.
Cath. Lenherr, d. Philip and Eliz.; b. Nov. 16, 1755; bap. March 13.
John Christian Lenherr, s. Philip and Eliz.; b. March 1; bap. March 13.

George Theobald Wold, s. Nicholas and Ann Maria; b. Feb. 10; bap. March 21.

Nicholas Krop, s. Henry and Barbara; b. March 18, bap. March 21. Eliz. Graff, d. John Ulrich and Magdalen; b. Feb. 5; bap. March 21. Jacob Shiffendecker, s. Jacob; b. Feb. 27; bap. March 3.

Ann Maria Adam, d. George and Mary Magdalen; b. March —; bap. March 4.

Ann Eliz. Kilian, d. Michael and Ann Gertrude; b. Feb. 16, bap. March 4.

Cath. Eliz. Kutzner, d. Michael and Regina Eliz.; b. April 12; bap. April 25.

John Jacob Sarbach, s. David and Susan; b. March 16; bap. April 12. Ann Maria Hausser, d. Jacob and Ann Maria; b. May 2; bap. May 9. Christian Weber, s. John and Ann Eliz.; b. May 1; bap. May. 16. Cath. Burkhardt, d. John George and Ann Marg.; b. May 6; bap.

May 16.

Cath. Baer, d. John and Eliz.; b. May 7; bap. May 23.

Barbara Gitch, d. Jacob; b. April 22; bap. May 30.

A daughter of Peter and Magdalen Kop; b. Dec. —, 1755; bap. May 30. Isaac Hock, s. John Bartholomew and Christina; b. Feb. 4; bap. June 7.

Maria Herman, d. Daniel and Eliz.; b. Aug. 30, 1750; bap. Jan. 23. Maria Lay, d. Ludwig and Maria; b. May 28; bap. June 13.

Maria Cath. Buch, d. Christian and Susan Marg.; b. June 21; bap. June 27.

John George Beiroth, s. Jacob and Rosina; b. July 2; bap. July 9. Ann Charlotte Wold, d. Bernhard and Ann Char.; b. July 7; bap. July 18.

John George Sheffer, s. Belsazar and Ann Marg.; b. July 7; bap. July 18.

Ann Marg. Brecher, d. Jacob and Ann, b. June 26; bap. July 18. John George Thom, s. Benedict and Ann Veronica; b. July 14; bap. July 25.

Jacob Bausman, s. William and Eliz.; b. July 19. bap. Aug. 1.

Cath. Danner, d. John and Cath.; b. July 27; bap. Aug. 1.

Eliz. LeFebre, d. John and Marg.; b. July 13; bap. Aug. 15. Mary Barbara Lybig, d. Peter and Susan; b. July 4; bap. Aug. 15.

John George Fetter, s. Bernard and Gert.; b. March 19; bap. Aug. 15.

John Henry Herzer, s. John Philip and Eliz.; b. May 3, bap. Aug. 22. Mary Eliz. Hen, d. Valentine and Maria; b. May 12; bap. July 22.

John Henry, s. Peter, and Susan Cath.; b. May 27; bap. July 22.

John Michael Drebert, s. Justus and Dorothea; b. Aug. 15; bap. Aug. 22.

Mary Marg. Weiel, d. Andrew and Anna Gert.; b. Aug. 27; bap. Sept. 5.

George Adam Weaver, s. George and Catharine; b. July 25; bap. Sept. 5.

John Jacob and Magdalen Haas (twins), s. and d. Lewis and Magd.; bap. Sept. 5.

John Reitzel, s. John George and Eve; b. Sept. 14; bap. Sept. 19.John Benedict Spitzfaden, s. Benedict and Mary Felicitas; b. Sept. 19; bap. Sept. 26.

John Wild, s. Paul and Barbara; b. July 30; bap. Sep. 26.

Dorothea Christina Job, d. Nich. and Dorothea; b. Sept. 20; bap. Sept. 22.

Peter Koster, s. George and Anna Marg.; b. Aug. 16; bap. Oct. 10. William Rubsamen, s. George and Eve; b. Oct. 1; bap. Oct. 10. John Daniel May, s. Leonard and Anna Christina; b. Sept. 27; bap.

Oct. 24.

Ann Marg. Weaver, d. Caspar and Ann Eliz.; b. Aug. 20; bap. Oct. 15.

John Sheid, s. John George; b. Sept. 5; bap. Oct. 31.

Mary Cath. Huber, d. Felix and Maria; b. Oct. 17; bap. Oct. 31.

John Lorz, s. Stephen and Anna; b. May 13; bap. July 25.

Ann Marg. Sheid, d. Conrad and Mary Cath.; b. Sept. 28; bap. Oct. 31. John Frederic Bener, s. Peter and Mary Cath.; b. Oct. 16; bap. Nov. 15. Daniel Hoffman, s. Daniel and Ann Maria; b. Sept. 21; bap. Oct. 2.

# 1757.

Susan Eliz. Groschen, d. John and Eliz.; b. Dec. 9, 1756; bap. Jan. 1. Maria Christina Gobel, d. William and Eve; b. Jan. 15; bap. Jan. 20. John Philip Weitzel, s. Paul and Charlotte Eliz.; b. Jan. 13; bap. Jan. 23.

Eliz. Isch., d. Peter and Philipina; b. Sept. 28, 1756; bap. Feb. 5. John George Messenkop, s. John and Eliz.; b. Feb. 9; bap. Feb. 13. John William Feldman, s. John and Ann Marg.; b. Jan. 27; bap. Feb. 13.

Susan Christen, d. John and Anna Susan; b. Aug. 1, 1747; bap. Feb. 20. John Christen, s. John and Anna Susan; b. June —, 1751; bap. Feb. 20. William Bush, s. William and Barbara; b. Feb. 14; bap. Feb. 20. Eliz. Mukleisen, d. John and Mary Eve; b. Feb. 21; bap. Feb. 25. Ann Eliz. Wurtz, d. Lewis and Eliz.; b. Feb. 7; bap. March 1.

Ann Cath. Eckert, d. William and Anna; b. Dec. 16, 1756; bap. March 2.

Cath. Eliz. Deg, d. Frederic and Sophia; b. Feb. 18; bap. March 6.
Christian Franciscus, s. Christopher and Marg.; b. Feb. 1; bap. March 6.

John Eckman, s. Hieronimus and Ann Barbara; b. June 16, 1746.

Ann Barbara Eckman, d. Hieronimus and Ann Barbara; b. Nov. 22, 1747.

John Martin Eckman, s. Hieronimus and Ann Barbara; b. Sept. 21, 1749.

John Henry Eckman, s. Hieronimus and Ann Barbara; b. Sept. 7, 1751.

John Henry Eckman, s. Hieronimus and Ann Barbara; b. May 6, 1753.
Eve Dorothea Eckman, d. Hieronimus and Ann Barbara; b. April 1, 1755.

(These children of H. Eckman were all baptized, but the mother could not remember the time of their baptism.)

John Jacob Eckman, s. of Hieronimus and Ann Maria; b. Jan. 1; bap. March 7.

John Nicholas Stroher, s. Adam and Maria Cath.; b. Feb. 16; bap. March 7.

Jacob Deible, s. John Jacob and Hannah; b. Feb. 19; bap. March 7.Mary Magdalen Wentzel, d. John Adam and Eliz.; b. Jan. 23; bap. March 7.

Ann Maria Rosser, d. Kraft and Eliz.; b. March 11; bap. March 20. John George Beck, s. Mathew and Mary Cath.; b. March 12; bap. March 20.

John Ulrich Wetz, s. Leonard and Cath.; b. March 18; bap. April 3. Ann Marg. Marquetand, d. Lorenz and Ann Barb.; b. April 1; bap. April 9.

Eve Maria Reger, d. Conrad and Eve Maria; b. Nov. 30, 1756; bap. April 17.

Barbara Aenderle, d. Abraham and Barbara; b. March 27; bap. April 17.

Marg. Miller, d. Bergard and Sophia; b. April 16; bap. April 17. Susan Walter, d. Jacob and Juliana; b. March 27; bap. April 17.

John George Shaffner, s. Caspar and Ann Maria; b. April 2; bap.
May 1.

Daniel Peter, s. Isaac and Eliz.; b. March 28; bap. May 1.

John Jacob Danner, s. Jacob and Ursula; b. April 25; bap. May 8. John Caspar Ganther, s. William and Cath.; b. Dec. 17, 1756; bap. May 19.

Mary Marg. Lanck, d. Henry and Mary Marg.; b. May 18; bap. May 29. Martin Brunner, s. Martin and Ursula; b. May 18; bap. May 29.

Joseph Haugendobler, s. Nicholas and Maria; b. Dec. 20, 1756; bap. May 29.

Daniel Heberling, s. John Yost and Benetina; b. Jan. 24; bap. May 29.

Barbara Bener, d. Conrad and Eve; b. Feb. 2; bap. May 29.

John George Hausser, s. Jacob and Ann Maria; b. June 1; bap. June 5.

Jacob Bachenstoss, s. Jacob and Eliz.; b. May 27; bap. June 26. Marg. Dedie, d. Abraham and Maria; b. May 9; bap. June 26.

William Lay, s. Ludwig and Maria; b. July 5; bap. July 24.

John Mauer, s. Henry and Ann Eliz.; b. Oct. 24, 1746.

Jacob Mauerer, s. Henry and Ann Elizabeth; b. Jan. 6, 1748.

Anna Maria Mauerer, d. Henry and Ann Elizabeth; b. Dec. 8, 1751. John Henry Mauerer, s. Henry and Ann Elizabeth; b. Oct. 28, 1753. John Peter Mauerer, s. Henry and Ann Elizabeth; b. Oct. 3, 1757.

"N. B.—It had been previously forgotten to record the baptism of H. Mauerer's children, and therefore they are entered here."

Anna Maria Graffort, d. Philip and Ann Maria; b. July 7; bap. July 31.

John Daniel Müller, s. Henry and Anna; b. May 19; bap. Aug. 21.
Henry Bausman, s. Henry and Cath.; b. Sept. 13; bap. Sept. 13.
Cath. Lindesmith, d. John Dan. and Cath.; b. Aug. 29; bap. Sept. 25.
Eliz. Spreng, d. John Nich. and Christina; b. Jan. 28, bap. Oct. 2.
Christopher Duringer, s. Henry and Ann Maria, b. Nov. 24, 1756; bap. March 27.

Mary Eve Sohn, d. Michael and Cath.; b. July 11; bap. Nov. 6. Henry Bucher, s. Henry and Anna; b. Oct. 14; bap. Nov. 20. Margaret Shiffendecker, d. Jacob and Maria Cath.; b. Oct. 13; bap. Nov. 23.

Eliz. Burker, d. George and Marg.; b. Nov. 2; bap. Nov. 27. John Staly, s. Jacob and Eve; b. Sept. 24; bap. Dec. 2. Peter Brunner; s. Henry and Christina; b. Nov. 5; bap. Dec. 25. Eve Eliz. Haas, d. Lewis and Magdalen; b. Sept. 2; bap. Dec. 28.

## 1758.

John George Koester, s. John Peter and Ann Dorothea; b. Dec. 31, 1757; bap. Jan. 15.

Eliz. Spira, d. William and Ann Maria; b. Dec. 17, 1757; bap. Jan. 15. Henry Lind, s. Conrad and Magdalen; b. Feb. 5; bap. Feb. 6. Ann Eliz. Lind, d. John Michael and Juliana; b. Jan. 26; bap. Feb. 9. Barbara Rubsamen, d. George and Eve; b. Feb. 20; bap. Feb. 26. Magdalen Bausser, d. Hans Ulrich and Eve; b. Feb. 15; bap. Feb. 26. Mary Engel Traber, d. John and Magdalen; b. Jan. 22; bap. March 5. John George Schmeck, s. Jacob and Cath.; b. Nov. 17, 1757; bap. March 5.

Mary Christina Koch, d. Hartman and Mary Agnes; b. Dec. 13, 1747; bap. March 8.

William Kunz, s. Jacob and Ann Marg.; b. March 1; bap. May 14. John George Haselbecker, s. John Georg and Maria Susanna; b. Feb. 5; bap. March 14.

John Getz, s. John and Ann Maria; b. Dec. 24, 1757; bap. March 17. John Wolf, s. Jacob and Mary Eliz.; b. Jan. 4; bap. March 19.

Ann Marg. Scheid, d. George and Cath.; b. Dec. 26, 1757; bap. March 24.

Susan and Marg. Eliz. Emer (twins), d. Philip and Barbara; b. Dec. 11, 1757; bap. March 27.

Susan Etie, d. David and Catharine; b. Jan. 2; bap. April 16. Ann Maria Haberstick, d. Michael and Salome; b. June 14, 1754; bap. April 21. William Haberstick, s. Michael and Salome; b. Dec. 27, 1756; bap. April 21.

Mary Marg. Zicher, d. Martin and Ann Cath.; b. April 4; bap. April 23. John Sweinford, s. Albrecht and Marg.; b. April 17; bap. April 23. Mary Eliz. Henckerner, d. Christian and Mary Magd.; b. June 11, 1755; bap. April 23.

Christian Henckerner, s. Christian and Mary Magd.; b. Sept. 10, 1757; bap. April 23.

Elizabeth Conly, d. Thomas and Mary Madg.; bap. April 23.

Christina Marg. Schott, d. Lewis and Ann Barbara; b. Jan. 23; bap. May 7.

Ann Cath. Schott, d. Lewis and Ann Barbara; b. Jan. 23: bap. May 7. Mathew Keller, s. Rudolph and Rosina; b. April 7; bap. May 14. Jacob Sheffer, s. Nicholas and Magdalen; b. Jan. 20; bap. May 14. Eliz. Kiblinger, d. Philip and Appolonia; b. Dec. 26, 1757; bap. May 14. Susan Marg. Grautler, d. John and Eliz.; b. Dec. 19, 1757; bap. May 14. Eliz. Fissel, d. Daniel and Barbara; b. May 26; bap. May 28. Gertrude Hartman, d. Christian and Christina; b. March 14; bap. May 28.

Eliz. Hoffman, d. Michael and Maria Dorothea; b. Dec. 7, 1757; bap. June 7.

Maria Ferre, d. Abraham and Eliz; b. July 12, 1757; bap. June 11. Eliz. Ganther, d. William and Ann Cath.; b. April 15; bap. June 18. Susan Cath. Ganther, d. Jacob and Mary Marg., b. May 7; bap. June 18. Eliz. Kenner, d. Christopher and Cath.; b. April 6; bap. June 18. Mary Magdalen Franciscus, d. Christopher and Ann Marg.; b. May 19; bap. June 25.

Mar. Barr, d. John and Eliz.; b. June 16; bap June 27.

Eliz. Manderbach, d. John and Eliz.; b. June 4; bap. July 2.

Eliz. Schweitzer, d. John Eliz.; b. March 30; bap. July 2.

Eliz. Kutzner, d. Michael and Regina Eliz.; b. June 18; bap. July 7.

Jacob Herman, s. Emanuel and Ann Maria; b. July 20; bap. July 21.

Susan Eckert, d. Michael and Barbara; b. Feb. 5; bap. July 26.

Peter Lern, s. Peter and Ann Eliz.; b. April 14; bap. Aug. 6.

John Shenkmayer, s. John and Mary Eliz.; b. July 9; bap. Aug. 6.

Peter Danner, s. Michael and Eliz. Cath.; b. Aug. 6; bap. Aug. 13.

A daughter of Bernhard and Charlotte Wolf; b. Aug. 27; bap. Sept. —.

Andrew Traeber, s. Justus and Dorothea; b Aug. 16; bap. Sept. 7.

John Jacob Bibickhoffer, s. Joseph and Ann Maria; b. Aug. 27; bap. Sept. 7.

Esther Edinger, d. Philip and Ann Maria; b. Oct. 10, 1757; bap. July 28.

Mary Eliz. Koester, d. George and Ann Marg.; b. Sept. 2; bap. Oct. 1.

Ann Maria Weaver, d. Jacob and Anna Martha; b. Sept. 26; bap. Oct. 1.

Cath. Marg. ——, d. Michael and Eliz.; b. Nov. 21, 1756; bap. July 28. John Durtzenbach, s. George Adam and Mary Magd.; b. Sept. 23; bap. Oct. 8.

Abraham Dedie, s. Abraham and Maria; b. Sept. 19; bap. Oct. 8.
Ann Marg. Helmuth, d. John and Cath.; b. Oct. 2; bap. Oct. 8.
Mary Barbara Erban, d. John Michael and Mary Marg.; b. Oct. 3; bap. Oct. 8.

# Rev. Wm. Stoy, Pastor.

John George May, s. Leonard and Anna Christina; b. Oct. 1; bap. Oct. 8.

John Isch, s. Peter and Philipina b. Oct. 3; bap. Oct. 8.

Eliz. Kunz, d. Francis and Maria Esther; b. Sept. 20; bap. Oct. 8.

Eliz. Zimmerman, d. David and Barbara, b. Sept. 8; bap. Oct. 8.

Ann Maria Bausman, d. Henry and Cath.; b. Oct. 16; bap. Oct. 22.

Christian Graffort, s. Philip and Ann Maria; b. Oct. 18; bap. Nov. 19.

Eliz. Hildebrand, d. Jacob and Barbara; b. Nov. 18; bap. Nov. 24. Ann Maria Buch, d. Christian and Marg.; b. Nov. 20; bap. Nov. 26. John Liebich, s. Peter and Susan; b. Oct. 14; bap. Nov. 28. Jacob Graf, s. Ulrich and Magdalen; b. Oct. 1; bap. Nov. 28. John George Fisher, s. Peter and Mary Magd.; b. Nov. 29; bap. Dec. 3. Christopher Reitzel, s. George and Eve; b. Nov. 26; bap. Dec. 3. John Adam Sheid, s. Conrad and Mary Cath.; b. Oct. 31; bap. Dec. 3. Ann Maria Roser, d. Debus and Marg.; b. Dec. 3; bap. Dec. 24. Ann Marg. Hauser, d. Charles and Sophia; b. Oct. —; bap. Dec. 31. Cath. Le Febre, d. John and Margaret; b. Oct. 21; bap. Dec. 31.

### 1759.

Juliana Fortene, d. Jacob and Juliana; b. Dec. 15, 1758; bap. Jan. 7.
Daniel Cunningham, s. Daniel and Grace; b. Dec. 31, 1758; bap. Jan. 28.
Mary Eliz. Host, d. Frederic and Cath.; b. Dec. 9, 1758; bap. Jan. 28.
Ann Marg. Deferen, d. Frederic and Mary Barb.; b. Dec. 4, 1758; bap. Jan. 28.

Caspar Eichelborner, s. Martin and Ann Marg.; b. Feb. 6; bap. Feb. 11. Barbara Lein, d. Jacob and Cath.; b. Dec. 17-18, 1758; bap. Feb. 11. Barbara Lind, d. Michael and Juliana; b. Feb. 8; bap. Feb. 25. John Stricker, s. George and Cath.; b. Feb. 13; bap. Feb. 25. Charlotte Shaffuer, d. Caspar and Ann Maria; b. Jan. 13; bap. Feb. 25. Nicholas Shafer, s. George Balthasar and Mary Barb.; b. Feb. 11 bap. March 18.

Magdalena Brombach, d. John and Magdalena; b. Feb. 23; bap. March 25.

John Huf, s. John and Catharine; b. March 29; bap. April 4. Balthasar Shaeffer, s. Balzer and Ann Margaret; b. March 14; bap.

April 16.

Ann Maria Ulrich, d. George Jacob and Mary Eliz.; b. March 4; bap. April 22.

Bernhard Bush, s. William and Barbara; b. April 26; bap, May 4. Henry Axer, s. Christian and Mary Barb.; b. Nov. 24, 1758; bap. May 13.

John Christian Neuschwanger, s. Christian and Mary Cath.; b. Nov. 20, 1758; bap. Jan. 21.

Elizabeth Muhleisen, d. John and Eva; b. May 15; bap. May 20, Philipina Lecrone, d. Jacob and Dorothea; b. Feb. 8; bap. May 24. Christina Burkhard, d. George and Ann Marg.; b. April 19; bap. June 3.

William Bausman, s. William and Eliz.; b. June 1; bap. June 3. Eliz. Bauer, d. Peter and Mary Cath.; b. March 20; bap. June 4. Henry Hartman, s. Jacob and Ann Eliz.; b. March 28; bap. June 4. John George Han, s. John and Mary Eliz.; b. June 3; bap. June 9. Jacob Long, s. Nicholas and Eliz.; b. May 30; bap. June 9.

Anna Maria Deringer, d. Henry and Ann Maria; b. Sept. 23, 1758; bap. June 13.

Eliz. Seitz, d. Peter and Susan; b. Jan. 5; bap. June 17.
John Henry Merck, s. Gillian and Anna Maria; b. May 20; bap. June 17.
Peter Weaver, s. Caspar and Ann Eliz.; b. March 18; bap. June 17.
Susan Fortene, d. Michael and Ann Marg.; b. June —; bap. July 8.
George Frederic Hoffman, s. John and Ann Eliz.; b. June 13; bap.
July 8.

Mary Cath. Gorner, d. Paul and Christina; b. July 14; bap. July 22. Mary Cath. Gobre, d. William and Eve Cath.; b. July 20; bap. July 22. Mary Eve Reinhard, d. Abraham and Eve Maria; b. Aug. 2; bap. Aug. 5. William Margand, s. Lorenz and Barbara; b. July 28; bap. Aug. 5. Andrew Harnish, s. Martin and Cath.; b. Aug. 1; bap. Aug. 5. John George Kler, s. George and Ursula; b. Aug. 4, 1758; bap. Aug. 5. George Henry Weyel, s. Andrew and Ann Gert.; b. July 11; bap. Aug. 12.

Leonard Stieberling, s. John Yost and Ann Marg.; bap. Sept. 2. Abraham Peter, s. Isaac and Eliz.; b. Aug. 6; bap. Sept. 9. Mary Marg. Baer, d. John and Eliz.; b. Sept. 9; bap. Sept. 14. John George Brua, s. Yost and Magdalen; b. Aug. 28; bap. Sept. 15. Reinhard Hauser, s. Jacob and Ann Maria; b. Sept. 10; bap. Sept. 16. Ann Marg. König, d. Michael and Marg.; b. Aug. 20; bap. Sept. 16.

Barbara Gander, d. William and Cath.; b. July 2; bap. Sept. 23.

Anna Maria Shiffendecker, d. Jacob and Cath.; b. Aug. 28; bap.

Sept. 28.

Elizabeth Weaver, d. Jacob and Ann Martha; b. Oct. 5; bap. Oct. 14. Cath. Rommel, d. Valentine and Louisa; b. Sept. 14, 1758; bap. Oct. 21. Herman Luck, s. Henry and Juliana; b. May 20; bap. Oct. 24. Daniel Höning, s. Jacob and Eliz.; b. Jan. 10, 1755; bap. Nov. 4. John Hönig, s. Jacob and Ann Maria; b. Oct. 21; bap. Nov. 4. David Fisher, s. John Jacob and Cath. Barbara; b. Sept. 22; bap. Nov. 11.

Cath. Getz, d. John and Anna Maria; b. Sept. 1; bap. Nov. 14. John Gelbach, s. Frederic and Ann; b. Oct. 28; bap. Nov. 18. John Gern, s. Jacob and Mary Magdalen; b. Oct. 8; bap. Nov. 25. John Gamber, s. Wilbert and Mary Eliz.; b. Dec. 9; bap. Dec. 12. Mary Marg. Bressler, d. John and Eve Emilia; b. Dec. 9; bap. Dec. 16. Henry Shweitzer, s. John and Eliz.; b. Nov. 13; bap. Dec. 23. Susan Margaret Brown, d. Joseph and Magdalen; bap. Dec. 25.

### 1760.

Ann Maria Caupat, d. Abraham and Magdalen, b. Dec. 17, 1759; bap. Jan. 1.

Christopher Meyer, s. John and Barbara; b. Dec. 15, 1759; bap. Jan. 6. John Michael Riem, s. Christopher and Cath.; b. Jan. 4; bap. Jan. 14. John May, s. Francis Peter and Ann Maria; b. Jan. 6; bap. Jan. 20. John Geyer, s. Jacob and Ann Cath.; b. Jan. 21; bap. Jan. 27.

Ann Maria Geringer, d. Henry and Rosina; b. Jan. 25; bap. Feb. 3. John Jacob Geringer, s. David and Ann Maria; b. Feb. 2; bap. Feb. 7.

John Caspar Troeber, s. John and Magdalen; b. Jan. 8; bap. Feb. 10.
Abraham de Dieu, s. Abraham and Ann; b. Jan. 21; bap. Feb. 10.
Maria Wild, d. Paul and Barbara; b. Dec. 27, 1759; bap. Feb. 12.
Eliz. Barb. Kuster, d. John and Barb.; b. Dec. 17, 1759; bap. Feb. 17.
Juliana Christina Saarbach, d. David and Susan; b. Feb. 19; bap. Feb. 24.

John Michael Straer, s. Nicholas and Cath.; b. Dec. 24, 1759; bap. Feb. 24.

Mary Barbara Albrecht, d. David and Joanna; b. March 6; bap. March 16.

John Henry Erfurt, s. Andrew and Ann Maria; b. Dec. 19, 1759; bap. March 16.

John George Huff, s. John and Cath.; b. March 19; bap. March 30. John Delancy, s. Francois and Maria; b. March 24; bap. March 30. Elizabeth Hager, d. Charles and Ann; b. March 1; bap. March 30.

John Michael Haberstick, s. Michael and Mary Salome; b. Oct. 27, 1758; bap. April 3.

Mary Eliz.; b. March 23; bap. April 6.

Mary Magdalen Roeser, d. Kraft and Eliz.; b. Feb. 27; bap. April 6. Cath. Grub, d. John and Cath.; b. Nov. 6, 1759; bap. April 6.

Gath. Eliz. Lind, d. Conrad and Ann Maria; b. April 7; bap. April 13.
Barbara Heckitswyler, d. John and Eliz.; b. April 20; bap. April 26.
John Henry Weaver, s. George and Ann Cath.; b. Sept. 16, 1759; bap. April 27.

Ann Regina Decker, d. Valentine and Ann Marg.; b. March 1; bap. May 4.

George Krebs, s. George and Cath.; b. Oct. 2, 1759; bap. May 5. Mary Magdalen Franciscus, d. Christopher and Ann Marg.; b. April 22; bap. May 11.

Magdalen Brunner, d. Caspar and Ursula; b. April 28; bap. May 11. John Graf, s. Ulrich and Magdalen; b. March 1; bap. May 11.

Mary Marg. Gander, d. Jacob and Mary Marg.; b. Feb. 17; bap. May 18. John Anthony Manderbach, s. John and Eliz.; b. Feb. 17; bap. May 18. Eliz. Wegman, d. Conrad and Magdalen; b. March 23; bap. May 18. John Henry Schop, s. Jacob and Anna; b. March 21; bap. May 24. Rosina Petry, d. Anthon and Eliz.; b. May 30; bap. June 8.

Mary Barb. Zank, d. Henry and Mary Cath.; b. May 30; bap. June 8. Ann Maria Müller, d. Jacob and Cath.; b. Jan. 8, 1757; bap. June 12. Francis Anthony Müller, s. Jacob and Cath.; b. Jan. 1; bap. June 12. John Isch, s. Peter and Philipina; b. May 12; bap. June 15.

Amelia Gerlach, d. John Nicholas and Ann Sophia; b. June 17; bap. June 22.

Mary Cath. Zirnan, d. Martin and Mary Cath.; b. June 2; bap. June 22. Ann Eliz. Maurer, d. Henry and Ann Eliz.; b. June 14; bap. July 6. Jacob Getz, s. Jacob and Ann Maria; b. Nov. 23, 1758; bap. July 6. Juliann Getz, d. Jacob and Ann Maria; b. May 3; bap. July 6. Juliann Hildebrand, d. Jacob and Mary Barb.; b. July 2; bap. July 7. John Bott, s. Henry and Elizabeth; b. July 4; bap. Aug. 3.

A daughter of John Nicholas and Magdalen Shaeffer; b. July 21; bap. Aug. 8.

Henry Goble, s. William and Elizabeth; b. June 6; bap. Aug 10. Solomon Schmuck, s. Jacob and Cath.; b. May 7; bap. Aug. 10.

Salome Stahly, d. Jacob and Cath; b. Aug. 10; bap. Sept. 7. Jacob Baer, s. John and Elizabeth; b. Aug. 27, 1759; bap. Aug. 21. John Ferre, s. John and Ann Maria; bap. Sept. 21.

John Christopher Straus, s. John Fred. and Barbara; b. Aug. 16; bap. Oct. 5.

Mary Eliz. Wolf, d. Jacob and Mary Eliz.; b. Sept. 21; bap. Oct. 12.

Mary Hauendobler, d. Nich. and Mary; b. Oct. 15, 1759; bap. June 22. Ann Maria Stoltz, d. Jacob and Juliana; b. Aug. 31; bap. Oct. 12. John George Kunz, s. Jacob and Ann Marg.; b. Oct. 12; bap. Oct. 12. Mary Eliz. Grub, d. Caspar and Ann Marg.; b. Aug. 26; bap. Oct. 12. John Peter Bader, s. John George and Salome; b. Oct. 13; bap. Oct. 19. Magdalen Bader, d. John George and Salome; b. Oct. 13; bap. Oct. 19. Susan Stoy, d. William and Mary Eliz.; b. Oct. 8; bap. Oct. 25. Cath. Zimerman, d. David and Barbara; b. Aug. 28; bap. Oct. 26. John Peter Lotz, s. Stephen and Catharine; b. Sept. 22; bap. Nov. 2. John Jacob Brand, s. Frederic and Maria; b. Aug. 25, 1759; bap. Nov 5.

Ann Maria Kuester, d. Peter and Ann Dorothea; b. Oct. 24; bap. Nov. 9.

John Dedemer, s. Jacob and Eliz.; b. Oct. 19; bap. Nov. 16.
Cath. Hauer, d. Nicholas and Cath.; b. Oct. 16; bap. Nov. 16.
Susan Brunner, d. Henry and Christina; b. May 3; bap. Nov. 16.
Anna Maria Wolf, d. Nich. and Ann Maria; b. Sept. 23; bap. Nov. 16
Mary Cath. Shreiber, d. John and Mary Cath.; b. Nov. 20; bap. Nov. 30.

Jacob Neuschwanger, s. Christian and Cath; b. Oct. 26; bap. Dec. 14.
John David Goeringer, s. David and Ann Maria; b. Dec. 19; bap. Dec. 21.

John Jacob ———, s. Henry David and Mary Magd; b. Oct. 14; bap. Dec. 25.

Eliz, Bush, d. William and Barbara; b. Dec. 16; bap. Dec. 26.

# 1761.

John George Stricker, s. George and Cath.; b. Dec. 23, 1760; bap. Jan 11.

Ann Char. Wolf, d. Bernhard and Char.; b. Jan. 9; bap. Jan. 18. Maria Rosina Connely, d. Thomas and Mary Magd.; b. June 5, 1760; bap. Feb. 1.

Eve Christina Saarbach, d. David and Susan; b. Feb. 16; bap. Feb. 22. Anthony Shaeffer, s. George Balthasar and Barb.; b. Dec. —, 1760; bap. Feb. 22.

John Philip Messenkop, s. John and Eliz.; b. Jan. 16; bap. March 1.
Eliz. Graffort, d. John and Cath.; b. Oct. 11, 1760; bap. March 1.
Cath. De Lancy, d. Francis and Maria; b. Feb. 28; bap. March 13.
William Gamber, s. Wilbert and Mary Eliz.; b. Feb. 7; bap. March 23.
Sophia Eliz. Feltman, d. John and Ann Marg.; b. Feb. 4; bap. March 17.

Daniel Kahn, s. Daniel and Regina; b. Feb. 19; bap. March 29. Adam Caupat, s. Abraham and Magdalen; b. March 20; bap. March 29. Eliz. Müller, d. Adam and Christina; b. March 28; bap. April 5. Mary Cath. Renner, d. Christopher and Eve Cath.; b. Oct. 17, 1760; bap. April 5.

Salome Shaffner, d. Caspar and Ann Maria; b. March 1; bap April 7. Jacob Kunz, s. Francis and Mary Esther; b. March 5; bap. April 19. Peter Koster, s. George and Ann Marg.; b. March 17; bap. April 19. Denig, b. April ———; bap April 18.

John George Burkhard, s. George and Marg.; b. March 17, bap. April 19.

Ann Maria Reitzel, d. John George and Eve; b. April 3; bap. April 19. Ann Maria Gorner, d. Paul and Christina; b. April 13; bap. April 26. John Meyer, s. John and Barbara; b. April 13; bap. April 26.

George Peter Gander, s. William and Ann Cath.; b. Nov. 22, 1760; bap. April 30.

Philip Schweitzer, s. John and Eliz.; b. Feb. 5; bap. April 30.
Cath. Shaeffer, d. Michael and Cath.; b. Feb. 6; bap. May 7.
John Peter Rollard, s. John Peter and Eliz.; b. April 1; bap. May 10.
Charlotte Buch, d. Christian and Susan Marg.; b. May 19; bap. June 7.
John Lind, s. Michael and Juliann; b. May 9; bap. June 7.
Mary Cath. Keyser, d. Adam and Cath. Eliz.; b. April 11; bap. June 7.
Eliz. Backenstoss, d. Jabob and Eliz.; b. May 31; bap. June 8.
Barbara Gobel, d. John and Barbara, b. Jan. 11; bap. June 12.
John Bear, s. Jacob and Elizabeth; b. June 9; bap. June 14.
John Weygand, s. John and Barbara; b. Jan. 1; bap. June 14.
Philipina Ely, d. Jacob and Susan, b. March —, 1756; bap. June 28.
Maria Eve Ely, d. Jacob and Susan; b. May 15, 1759; bap. June 28.
John Philip Riem, s. Christopher and Cath.; b. June 22; bap. July 5.
Anna Rosina Blattenberger, d. John and Marg.; b. May 17; bap.
July 12.

Jacob and Eve Graf (twins), s. and d. Jacob and Anna Eve; b. Dec. —, 1760; bap. Aug. 2.

Catharine Stahly, d. Peter and Salome; b. July 10; bap. Aug. 2. John Graf, s. Jacob and Catharine; b. June —; bap. Aug. 2. Daniel May, s. Philip and Catharine; b. July 14; bap. Aug. 9. Ann Eliz. Rommel, d. Peter and Cath.; b. July 9; bap. Aug. 16. Mary Gertrude Muhleisen, d. John and Mary Eve; b. Aug. 4; bap. Aug. 30.

Christian Trebert, s. Justus and Dorothea; b. Aug. 10; bap. Aug. 30. Henry Garf, s. Ulrich and Magdalen; b. July 12; bap. Sept. 6. John Henry Lein, s. Jacob and Cath.; b. July 12; bap. Sept. 13. Jacob Peter s. Jacob and Barbara; b. Feb. —; bap. Sept. 22. Barbara Heckitswyler, d. John and Eliz.; b. June 1; bap. Sept. 27. Peter Hann, s. John and Elizabeth; b. Sept. 14; bap. Sept. 27. John George Gerlach, s. Nich. and Sophia; b. Oct. 10; bap. Oct. 18. Catharine Getz, d. John and Ann Maria; b. Oct. 12; bap. Oct. 18.

Jacob Weitzel, s. Paul and Charlotte; b. May 26, 1759; bap. Oct. 18. George Weitzel, s. Paul and Charlotte; b. Aug. 9; bap. Oct. 18. Philip Bier, s. Peter and Elizabeth; b. Oct. 6; bap. Oct. 25. John Bausman, s. William and Elizabeth; b. Oct. 19; bap. Oct. 25. Jacob Weaver, s. Jacob and Ann Martha; b. Aug. 12; bap. Aug. 23. Eliz. Peter, d. Jacob and Barbara; b. Dec. 25, 1758; bap. Sept. 22. Margaret Grosh, d. John and Eliz.; b. Oct. 22; bap. Oct. 28. Barb. Wegman, d. Conrad and Magdalen; b. Sept. 14; bap. Nov. 8. Elizabeth Graf, d. Henry and Anna; b. July 29; bap. Nov. 8. Ann Barb. Idy, d. Sebast. and Ann Maria; b. Sept. 28; bap. Nov. 8. Henry Herman, s. George and Eliz.; b. Sept. 5, 1759; bap. Nov. 15. Ann Barb. Albrecht, d. David and Anna; b. Nov. 29; bap. Dec. 6. Michael Buch, s. Henry and Dorothea; b. Dec. 12; bap. Dec. 13. Eliz. Fetter, d. Michael and Christina; b. Nov. 23; bap. Dec. 27.

### 1762.

John Henry Goringer, s. Henry and Rosina; b. Dec. 27, 1761; bap. Jan. 3.

Martin Zirhan, s. Martin and Ann Cath.; b. Jan. 12; bap. Jan. 15. Lewis Gobel, s. William and Eve; b. Dec. 23, 1761; bap. Jan. 17.

Mary Magd. Spitler, d. John and Mary Magd.; b. Nov. 15, 1761; bap. Jan. 17.

John Odenwald, s. Philip and Magdalen; b. Jan. 29; bap. Jan. 31.
John Charles Koch, s. John Michael and Sophia Dorothea; b. Jan. 21; bap. Feb. 7.

Frederic Klaer, s. John and Mary Eliz.; b. Dec. 8, 1761; bap. Feb. 7.
Philip Jacob Hoffman, s. Jacob and Ann Eliz.; b. Dec. 28, 1761; bap. Feb. 7.

Abraham Steiner, s. Jacob and Marg.; b. Feb. 22; bap. Feb. 28. John Ferre, s. John and Ann Maria; b. Jan. 22; bap. Feb. 28.

Lewis Gern, s. Jacob and Mary Magd.; b. Feb. 25; bap. March 25.
John Michael King, s. Michael and Ann Marg.; b. Sept. 19, 1761;
bap. March 26.

Michael Wein, s. George and Margaret; b. March 10; bap. March 28. John Fortene, s. Michael and Ann Marg; b. Feb. 23; bap. March 28. Peter Shaefer, s. Balthaser and Barbara; bap. March 28.

Jacob Treber, s. John and Mary Magd.; b. Feb. 3; bap. March 28.
Jacob Hauer, s. Michael and Catharine; b. March 12; bap. April 4.
John Jacob Shaffner, s. John Caspar and Eliz.; b. March 20; bap. April 11.

John Rost, s. Valentine and Catharine; b. March 21; bap. April 11.
John Henry Neuschwanger, s. Christian and Ann Marg.; b. Feb. 28;
bap. April 12.

Anna Zimmerman, d. David and Barbara; b. March 1; bap. April 18.

Elizabeth Pfautz, d. Jacob and Eve Eliz.; b. April 2; bap. April 18. John Frederic Rommel, s. Valentine and Mary Louisa; b. Feb. 21; bap. April 18.

Peter Lutz, s. Stephen and Ann Cath.; b. Dec. 30, 1761; bap. April 25. Philip Peter Laufersweiler, s. Christian and Cath.; b. Nov. 20; bap. April 25.

Adam LeRoy, s. Adam and Ann Maria; b. April 16; bap. April 25.

John Jacob Decker, s. Val. and Ann Marg.; b. Dec. 6, 1761; bap. April 25.

Ann Margaret Bott, d. Henry and Eliz.; b. Jan. 24; bap. April 25. John Henry David, s. Henry and Mary Magd.; b. March 1; bap. April 25.

Mary Sarah Duckeyness, d. Henry and Ann Maria; b. April 9; bap. April 25.

John Huf, s. John and Catharine; b. April 21; bap. May 2. Henry Wolf, s. Nicholas and Anu Maria; b. Feb. 19; bap. May 2. Eliz. Hartman, d. Jacob and Eliz.; b. Nov. 10, 1761; bap. May 2. Cath. Gelbach, d. Frederic and Anna; b. Aug. 14, 1761; bap. May 13. Ann Barbara Geyer, d. Jacob and Cath.; b. March 23; bap. May 13. John Klee, s. George and Ursula; b. Feb. 1; bap. May 13. Ann Maria Klee, d. George and Ursula; b. March 15, 1760; bap.

Ann Maria Klee, d. George and Ursula; b. March 15, 1760; bap. May 13.

Eliz. Messenkop, d. John and Ann Eliz.; b. May 13; bap. May 16. Susan Shenkmeyer, d. John and Mary Eliz.; b. April 8; bap. May 16-Fred. Jacob Müller, s. Jacob and Cath.; b. Dec. 16, 1761; bap. May 23. Mary Christina Traub, d. Joseph and Ann Maria; b. Feb. 1; bap. May 23.

Jacob Rossler, s. John and Susan; b. April 5; bap. May 25. Ann Maria Unruh, d. John and Mary; b. May 6; bap. May 30. Mary Eliz. Ruebelet, d. Peter and Cath.; b. May 18; bap May 30. John Klaer, s. Frederic and Regina; b. May 13; bap. May 30. Barbara Gander, d. William and Cath.; b. April 8; bap. May 30. Samuel Burns, s. Peter and Susan Cath; b. Nov. 2, 1761; bap. May 30. Mary Magdalen Pilgram, d. Henry; bap. May 30. Amelia Pilgram, d. Henry; bap. May 30. Jacob Gander, s. Jacob and Marg.; b. Dec. 17, 1761; bap. May 31. Cath. Hufnagel, d. John George and Eliz.; b. April 28; bap. May 31. Caspar Brunner, s. Henry and Christina; b. May 6; bap. June 13. Catharine Stahly, d. Jacob and Cath.; b. May 1; bap. June 13. Ann Maria Dedieu, d. Abraham and Ann; b. March 24; bap. June 20. Sophia Hoening, d. Jacob and Ann Maria; b. June 14; bap. June 27. Jacob Beyroth, s. Jacob and Rosina; b. June 16; bap. June 27. Jacob Decker, s. Jeremiah and Dorothea; b. June 30; bap. July 4. Anthony Petry, s. Anthony and Eliz.; b. July 5; bap. July 17.

Eliz. Edelman, d. John Adam aud Juliann; b. July 19; bap. July 25. Christina Gage, d. Jacob and Susan; b. July 21; bap. July 25. William Bergman, s. Charles and Sibilla; b. Nov 28,1760; bap. July 27. Philip Shaefer, s. Balthaser and Anna Marg.; b. June 28; bap. Aug. 1. Christopher Graffort, s. Philip and Ann Maria; b. June 27; bap. July 31· Eliz. Backentos, d. Jacob and Eliz.; b. Aug. 2; bap. Aug. 8. Eliz. Franciscus, d. Chris. and Ann Marg.; b. July 12; bap. Aug. 15. Ann Maria Becker, d. Philip and Ann Maria; b. Aug 12; bap. Aug. 22. John Gobel, s. William and Eliz.; b. Nov. 16, 1761; bap. Aug. 22. Ann Marg. May, d. Philip and Cath.; b. July 24; bap. Aug. 22. Ann Maria Brand, d. Frederic and Ann Maria; b. Aug. 25; bap. Aug. 25.

Ann Maria Denig, d. Peter and Philipina; b. Aug. 14; bap. Aug. 27. John Getz, s. Jacob and Ann Maria; b. Oct. 16, 1761; bap. Aug. 29. John Henry Manderbach, s. John and Eliz.; b. May 16; bap Aug. 29. Christopher Hauser, s. Jacob and Ann Maria; b. Aug. 23; bap. Sept. 5.

Eliz. Weibel, d. Gast and Catharine; b. Aug. 10; bap. Sept. 5.

Magdalen Frey, d. Balthaser and Barbara; b. Aug. 11; bap. Sept. 5.

Jacob Marguetand, s. Lorenz and Barbara; b. Aug. 18; bap. Sept. 12.

Isaac Peter, s. Isaac and Elizabeth; b. July 30; bap. Sept. 19.

John Spies, s. Jerome and Ann Barbara; b. May 14; bap. Sept. 19.

Marg. Bausman, d. Lawrence and Sophia; b. Sept. 18, 1761; bap. Sept. 19.

John Valentine Rommel, s. Peter and Cath.; b. June 8; bap. Oct. 3.
Susan Pie, d. Abraham and Eliz.; b. July 12; bap. Oct. 3.
Ann Maria Meyer, d. John and Barbara; b. Ang. 14; bap. Oct. 17.
Maria Eve Gamber, d. Wilbert and Eliz.; b. Oct. 14; bap. Oct. 31.
Ann Maria Hoffman, d. Michael and Dorothea; b. Oct. 10; bap. Oct. 31.

John Shaefer, s. John Nich. and Magd.; b. Sept. 11; bap. Nov. 21. Elizabeth Pie, d. Jacob and Regina; b. Nov. 26; bap. Nov. 21. Elizabeth Stoy, d. William and Eliz.; b. Aug. 20; bap. Nov. 30. Christina Kunz, d. Francis and Mary Esther; b. Oct. 1; bap. Dec. 5. Elizabeth Schmuck, d. Jacob and Catharine; b. Aug. 7; bap. Dec. 12. Christian Wolf, s. Bernard and Charlotte; b. Dec. 6; bap. Dec. 19. Susan Marg. Weaver. d. Jacob and Ann Martha; b. Dec. 12; bap. Dec. 26.

John William Bausman, s. Henry and Cath.; b. Dec. 22; bap. Dec. 26.

#### 1763.

#### Charge vacant.

Sophia Lind, d. Conrad and Ann Maria; b. Dec. 26, 1762; bap. Jan. 1. John Richter, s. Peter and Mary Cath.; b. Dec. 9, 1762; bap. Jan. 1.

Christian Caupat, s. Abraham and Magd.; b. Dec. 17, 1762; bap. Jan. 1. Margaret Müller, d. Adam and Christina; b. Dec. 27, 1762; bap. Jan. 2. Adam Hoffman, s. Adam and Ann Maria; b. Dec. 19, 1762; bap. Jan. 2. Cath. Isch, d. Peter and Philipina; b. Dec. 29, 1862; bap. Jan. 2. Peter Long, s. Nicholas and Eliz.; b. May 17, 1761; bap. Jan. 3. Susan Lenherr, d. Philip and Eliz.; b. Nov. 6, 1758; bap. Jan. 3. Philip Lenherr, s. Philip and Eliz.; b. May 8, 1760; bap. Jan. 3. John George Lenherr, s. Philip and Eliz.; b. Dec. 14, 1761; bap. Jan. 3. Ann Maria Lenherr, d. Philip and Eliz; b. Dec. 14, 1762; bap. Jan. 3. John Peter Bier, s. Peter and Eliz.; b. Jan. 4; bap. Feb. 6. Ann Cath. Feldman, d. John and Ann Marg.; b. Jan. 24; bap. Feb. 20. John Henry Baetter, s. Peter and Susan; b. Jan. 13; bap. Feb. 20. Elizabeth Frey, d. Henry and Eliz.; b. Feb. 16; bap. April 1. John Christian Bick, s. Tobias and Cath; b. Feb. 16; bap. April 3. John Frey, s. John and Magd.; b. Nov. 12, 1762; bap. April 1. Elizabeth Snyder, d. Henry and Susan; b. Feb, 18; bap. April 10. Magdalen Shaefer, d. Michael and Cath.; b. Feb. 19; bap. April 14. Catharine Wild, d. Paul and Barbara; b. Feb. 6; bap. May 15. Jodocus Hartman, s. Christian and Christina; b. March 4; bap. May 15.

John Henry Zanck, s. Henry and Maria Cath.; b. Feb. 19; bap. Feb. 20.
John Graff, s. Henry and Ann; b. Nov. 8, 1762; bap. May 15.
Mary Barb. Dinges, d. Conrad and Ann Eliz.; b. March 5; bap. April 10.

Abraham Peter, s. John and Cath.; b. Sept. 7, 1762; bap. May 23. Cath. Hammacher, d. John Caspar and Magd.; b. April 2; bap. May 23. Henry Bushong, s. Philip and Eve; b. May 18; bap. July 17. John Jacob Reitzel, s. George and Eve; b. June 9; bap. June 18. William Bush, s. William and Barbara; b. July 28; bap. Aug. 7. Barbara Haugendobler, d. Nich. and Maria; b. Jan. 7; bap. Aug. 7. Susan Liebich, d. Peter and Susan; b. June 19, 1761; bap. Aug. 7. Elizabeth Buch, d. Felix and Cath.; b. Aug. 13; bap. Aug. 28. Jacob Graff, s. Jacob and Catharine, bap. Aug. 28. Magdalen Graff, d. Jacob and Eve; b. April 24; bap. Aug. 28. Andrew Weitzel, s. Paul and Char. Eliz; b. Aug. 22; bap. Sept. 18. Mary Magd. Decker, d. Jere. and Dorothea; b. Sept. 9; bap. Sept. 18. Cath. Getz, d. Jacob and Ann Maria; b. Aug. 27; bap. Oct. 9. Susan Burkhard, d. George and Anna Marg.; b. Sept. 24; bap. Oct. 9. John Peter Brunner, s. Caspar and Ursula; b. Sept. 17; bap. Oct. 9. Christina Ann May, d. Philip and Cath.; b. Aug. 27; bap. Oct. 9. John Henry Siechrist, s. Henry and Sarah; b. Sept. 19; bap. Oct. 9. Mary Gertrude Goeringer, d. Henry and Rosina; b. Sept. 29; bap.

John Peter Le Roy, s. Adam and Ann Maria; b. Sept. 24; bap. Oct. 9.

Mathew Mauer, s. Henry and Ann Eliz.; b. Sept. 30; bap. Oct. 10. Mary Eliz. Koch, d. John Mich. and Sophia Dorothea; b. Nov. 19; bap. Dec. 4.

Susan Neuschwanger, d. Christian and Marg.; b. Oct. 21; bap. Dec. 4 Mary Marg. Loedy, d. Christian and Christina; b. Nov. 23; bap. Nov. 27.

## 1764.

## Charge vacant.

Mary Eliz. Spottler, d. John and Maria; b. Dec. 19, 1763; bap. Jan. 15. John Mumma, s. Peter and Ann Maria; b. Dec. 9, 1763; bap. Feb. 19. John Peter Getz, s. John and Ann Maria; b. March 13; bap. April 1. John Michael Smith, s. John and Cath.; b. Jan. 4.

Ann Marg. Hecketsweiler, d. John and Eliz.; b. March 13; bap April 15.

John Rege, s. John Peter and Marg.; b. Jan. 22; bap. April 15.
Nicholas Diel, s. Peter and Ann Marg.; b. Feb. 4; bap. Feb. 28, 1765.
Mary Magd. Bischoff, d. Francis and Ann Eliz.; b. Dec. 10; bap. Feb. 28, 1765.

Ann Maria Stoltz, d. Peter and Marg.; b. March 10; bap. May 13. Elizabeth Peter, d. Isaac and Eliz.; b. Dec. 15, 1763; bap. May 27. John Henry Pfister, s. Caspar and Ann Maria; b. April 22; bap. May 27.

Magdalen Wacke, d. Christian and Eliz.; b. May 15; bap. May 27. Mary Barbara Hoffman, d. John and Eliz.; b. April 14; bap. June 11. John William Bausman, s. Henry and Cath.; b. May 31; bap. June 10. Peter Fern, s. Jacob and Maria; b. Oct. 3; bap. Dec. 30. Henry Born, s. Ernst and Amelia; b. June 12; bap. July 1.

John Jac. Becker, s. Philip and Ann Maria; b. June 17; bap. July 1. Ann Maria Strohmenger, d. Jacob and Magd.; b. March 6; bap.

Aug. 5.

Ann Justina Feldman, d. John and Marg.; b. July 16; bap. Aug. 3. John Philip Lehr, s. Peter and Sybilla; b. Aug. 26; bap. Sept. 16. Salome Caupat, d. Abraham and Magd.; b. Sept. 10; bap. Sept. 19. Eliz. Kittler, d. David and Ann Marg.; b. Sept. 17; bap. Sept. 23. John Newcomer, s. Henry and Marg.; b. June 1; bap. Sept. 23. Elizabeth Foerch, d. John and Ann Maria; b. July 13; bap. Sept. 2. John Jacob Pie, s. Jacob and Regina; b. Aug. 26; bap. Oct. 14. John Wolf, s. Nicholas and Ann Maria; b. Aug. 7; bap. Oct. 28. Regina Brown, d. Joseph and Magd.; b. Oct. 10; bap. Nov. 25. Ann Maria Grosh, d. John and Eliz.; b. Nov. 14; bap. Nov. 26. John Jacob Buch, s. Christian and Susan Marg.; b. Dec. 18; bap. Dec. 19.

#### 1765.

### Rev. Wm. Hendel, Pastor.

Mary Cath. Weaver, d. Jacob and Ann Martha; b. Oct. 8, 1764; bap. Jan. 6.

John Philip Weaver, s. John Bastian and Ann Maria; b. Jan. 12; bap. Jan. 17.

Ann Marg. Isch, d. Peter and Philippina, b. Jan. 7; bap. Feb. 3.

Ann Maria, d. Ann Marg.; b. Feb. 27; bap. March 4.

Char. Franciscus, d. Christopher and Ann Marg.; b. Feb. 27; bap. March 4.

John Weibel, s. Gast and Cath.; b. Aug. 5; 1754; bap. March 10.

Frederick and Lewis Weitzel, s. Paul and Char.; b. Feb. 3; bap. March 10.

Mary Eliz. Lautzenhauser, d. Jacob and Eliz.; b. Feb. 16; bap. Mar. 7. Daniel Wein, s. George and Margaret; b. March 3; bap. March 12.

Ann Maria Dettemer, d. Jacob and Mary Eliz.; b. March 6; bap. March 16.

John Adam Eberhard, s. Andrew and Cath.; b. March 10; bap. March 24.

Mary Eliz. Hauer, d. Nicholas and Cath.; b. March 6; bap. March 24. John Phil. Lorshbach, s. Herman and Barb.; b. Jan. 10, 1764; bap. April 5.

Ann Marg. Lorshbach, d. Herman and Barb.; b. Feb. 26; bap. April 5. Philip Stephen, s. David and Cath.; b. Nov. 6, 1764; bap. April 8.

Eve Cath. Wolf, d. Bernhard and Ann Char.; b. Feb. 2; bap. April 7. George Huffnagle, s. George and Eliz.; b. Nov. 18, 1763; bap. April 21. Fred. Betz, s. Fred. and Ann Maria; b. Nov. 20, 1764; bap. April 21.

Jacob Pie, s. Abraham and Elizabeth; b. March 15; bap. April 21.
Ann Marg. Stuberlin, d. Yost and Ann Marg.; b. April 15, 1761;
bap. April 21.

(The following children were baptized the same day in Manor:)

Christina Graf, d. Jacob and Eve; b. March 17, 1765; bap. April 25. Melchior Stahely, s. Peter and Salome; b. Nov. 20, 1764; bap. April 25. Maria Alter, d. John and Anna; b. March 8; bap. April 25.

Barbara Gabel, d. John and Barbara; b. Feb. 13; bap. April 25.

Jacob Lauman, s. Stephen and Barb.; b. Oct. 30, 1763; bap. April 25.

Eve Johnette Borns, d. Peter and Susan; b Aug. 25, 1764; bap.

April 25.

John Jacob Lochman, s. Jacob and Barb.; b. Nov. —, 1764; bap. April 25.

Barb. Lochman, d. Jacob and Barb.; b. Ascension day, 1761; bap. April 25.

John Strong, s. James and Magdalen; b. Feb. 11; bap. April 25. Helena Biets, d. Adam and Sarah; b. Oct. 10, 1756; bap. April 25. Elizabeth Biets; d. Adam and Sarah; b. Sept. 9. 1759; bap. April 25. Daniel Biets, s. Adam and Sarah; b. Nov. 8, 1762, bap. April 25. John Biets, s. Adam and Sarah; b. Nov. 3, 1763; bap. April 25. John Zundmacher, s. Bernhard and Cath.; b. Aug. -, 1763; bap. April 25.

Margaret Seybert, d. John and Eliz.; b. March -; bap. April 28. John Hammacher, s. John and Magd.; b. June 17, 1764; bap. May 3. John Christina Kann, s. Daniel and Regina; b. April 30; bap. May 5. John Martin Dorwart, s. Martin and Eliz.; b. May 4; bap. May 12. Conrad Lind, s. Conrad and Ann Maria; b. May 5; bap. May 16. Valentine Rummel, s. Valentine and Louisa; b. Oct. 2, 1764; bap.

May 16.

Ann Barb, Heger, d. Charles and Ann Marg.; b. March 3; bap. May 26. Philip LeRoi, s. Adam and Ann Maria; b. April 29; bap. May 27. Jacob Schleck, s. Jacob and Barbara; b. May 9, 1764; bap. May 27. John Jacob Luck, s. the father is an Indian and the mother Ann Catharine; b. Sept. 1762; bap. June 2.

John George Brand, s. Simon and Eliz.; b. Feb. —; bap. June 3. John Brand, s. Simon and Eliz.; b. Dec. 25, 1759; bap. June 3. Mary Eliz. Shutz, d. Christopher and Maria; b. May 16, 1764; bap. June 9.

John Jacob Hildebrand, s. Jacob and Barb.; b. March 22; bap. June 16. Philip Jacob Manderbach, s. John and Eliz.; b. Sept. 10, 1764; bap. June 23.

Mary Magd. Gamber, d. Wilbert and Maria; b. June 15; bap. July 7. Christian Long, s. Nicholas and Eliz.; b. June 28; bap. July 7. Christian Mayer, s. John and Barbara; b. May 25, 1764; bap. July 14. Jacob Schweitzer, s. Peter; b. July 13; bap. July 20.

Balthasar Shaefer and Mary Barb.; b. July 7; bap. July 28.

Eliz Revot, d. John George and Marian; b. June 15; bap. July 28. George Jacob Erenbach, s. Henry and Ann Marg.; b. Nov. 8, 1764; bap. Aug. 18.

Cath. Guty, d. Martin and Barbara; b. Aug. 9; bap. Aug. 18. Veronica Kauffman, d. Solomon and Maria; b. May 15; bap. Aug. 18. Susan Strubel, d. Nicholas and Susan; b. Feb. 4, 1763; bap. Aug. 18. Christina Strubel, d. Nich. and Susan; b. Sept. 2, 1764; bap. Aug. 18. John Frederic Strubel, s. Nich and Susan; b. April 10; bap. Aug. 18. Catharine Gensemer, d. John and Cath.; b. Aug. 14; bap. Aug. 18. Eliz. Bierjun, d. Peter and Eliz.; b. Aug. 19; bap. Sept. 1.

Mary Barb. Rege, d. John Peter and Mary Marg.; b. Aug. 10; bap.

Mary Magdalen, d. Peter; b. Aug. 28; bap. Sept. 1.

Christina Shaefer, d. Henry and Eliz.; b. Nov. 15, 1764; bap. Sept. 7 Catharine Reitzel, d. George and Eve; b. Aug. 30; bap. Sept. 8. Eve Eliz. Stuberlin, d. Yost and Marg.; b. June 25; bap. Sept. 1. Barb. Auer. d. Melchior and Barb.; b. March 19, 1758; bap. Sept. 13. Susan Auer, d. Melchior and Barb.; b. May 25, 1761; bap. Sept. 13. Magdalen Aucr, d. Melchior and Barb.; b. July 4; bap. Sept. 13. George Peter, s. Lewis and Cath.; b. Aug. 23; bap. Sept. 22. Ann Maria Visard, d. John Henry and Anna; b. Sept. 21; bap. Sept. 29. Andrew Foltz, s. Henry and Mary; b. May 10, 1764; bap. Oct. 5. Mary Angel. Unruh, d. John and Mary Angel.; b. Sept. 8; bap. Oct. 6 Elenora Gallade, d. Jacob and Elenora; b. Feb. 27; bap. Oct. 6. Ann Maria Hartman, d. Jacob and Ann Eliz.; b. April 17; bap. Oct. 3. Ann Eliz, Decker, d. Henry and Ann Maria; b. June 13; bap. Oct. 3. Mary Cath. Wacker, d. Christian and Eliz,; b. Oct. 7; bap. Oct. 13 Daniel Maquinet, s. Henry and Agnes; b. Sept. 24, 1763; bap. Oct. 20. Eliz. Magninet, d. Henry and Agnes; b. Dec. 5, 1764; bap. Oct. 20. Ann Maria Smith, d. George and Mary Eliz.; b. July 14; bap. Oct. 20. Elizabeth Long, d. George and Eliz.; b. Oct. 14; bap. Oct. 27. Philip Muma, s. Peter and Ann Maria; b. Sept. 22; bap. Nov. 10. John Henry Metz, s. Jacob and Ann Eliz.; b. Oct. 4; bap. Nov. 10. Caspar Shaffner, s. John Peter and Esther; b. Oct. 30; bap. Nov. 17. Elizabeth Martin, d. Stephen and Cath.; b. Oct. 31; bap. Nov. 17. Philip Bush, s. Philip and Catharine; b. Feb. 15; bap. Nov. 17. Elizabeth Steiner, d. Frederic and Cath.; b. Sept. 18; bap. Nov. 19. Ann Eliz, Lerch, d. Lewis Chis, and Ann Marg.; b. Nov. 13; bap. Nov. 24.

John Peter Dunges, s. Conrad and Eliz.; b. Nov. 9.; bap. Nov. 24. George Diffendorfer, s. Michael and Christina; b. Nov. 20; bap. Dec. 1. Eliz. Wurtz, d. Lewis and Elis. Marg.; b. Sept. 27; bap. Dec. 1. Michael Britzius, s. Nich. and Magd.; b. May 3, 1761; bap. July 3, 1761.

Eliz. Britzius, d. Nich. and Magd.; b. Dec. 5, 1762; bap. Feb. 5, 1763. Adam Schweitzer, s. John and Eliz.; b. Sept. 10; bap. Dec. 13. Eliz. Miesemer, d. Peter and Martha; b. Sept. 24; bap. Dec. 25. Magd. Graffort, d. Philip and Ann Maria; b. Dec. 1; bap. Dec. 21.

#### 1766.

John Lewis Bahr, s. John and Eliz.; b. Dec. 5, 1765; bap. Jan. 23. Ann Christina Bott, d. Henry and Eliz.; b. Dec. 3, 1765; bap. Jan. 28. Eliz. Bott, d. Henry and Eliz.; b. Nov. 30, 1763; bap. Jan. 28. Frederic May, s. Philip and Cath.; b. Dec. 24, 1765; bap. Jan. 28. Henry Shreiner, s. Nich. and Christina; b. Dec. 10, 1765; bap. Feb. 2. John Doll, s. John and Elizabeth; b. Jan. 15; bap. Feb. 9. Cath. Gessler, d. Henry and Aun Marg.; b. Jan. 18; bap. Feb. 9.

William and Eve Eliz. Gabel; b. Feb. 6; bap. Feb. 10.

John Brown, s John and Magdalen; b. Jau. 16; bap. Feb. 16.

Abraham Lind, s. Michael and Juliana; b. Nov. 16, 1765; bap. Feb. 16.

Cath. Ducknes, d. Henry and Maria; b. Feb. 3; bap. March 2.

Rosina Riblet, d. Peter and Mary Cath.; b. Feb. 28; bap. March 3.

Peter Richter, s. Peter; b. Feb. —; bap. March 3.

Salome Goroi, d. Abraham and Cath.; b. Dec. 3, 1765; bap. March 9.

Jacob Wien, s. George and Marg.; b. Jan. 29; bap. March 9.
Ann Maria Britzius, d. Nich. and Magd.; b. Feb. 14; bap. March 16.

Mary Magd. Graf, d. Andrew and Cath.; b. Oct. 1, 1765; bap. March 16.

John George Koch, s. Michael and Sophia Dorothea; b. March 25; bap. March 30.

John Jacob Gurier, s. Samuel and Maria; b. Jan. 17; bap. March 30.
Jacob Sarbach, s. David and Susan; b. Feb. 28; bap. March 30.
John Jacob Reinhard, s. Charles and Christina; b. Nov. 17, 1765; bap. March 30.

John and Mary Magd. Treber; bap. March 30.

Ann Maria Getz, d. Jacob and Ann Maria; b. June 13, 1765; bap. March 31.

Eliz. Koester, d. George and Ann Maria; b. Nov. 30, 1765; bap. March 31.

John Peter Jetter, s. Peter and Eliz.; b. March 19; bap. March 31.
Henry Petry, s. Anthony and Eliz.; b. March 26; bap. April 4.
Jacob Treppert, s. Justus and Dorothea; b. April 10; bap. April 13.
Ann Maria Ehresman, d. Jacob and Magd.; b. June 17, 1765; bap. April 20.

John Riehm, s. Christopher and Cath.; b. April 3; bap. April 20. John Snyder, s. Henry and Susan; b Feb. 15; bap. April 20. Ann Maria Riblet, d. Abraham and Cath.; b. April 18; bap. April 27. Christina Weaver, d. Christina and Eliz.; b. Feb. 2; bap. May 8. Marg. Gander, d. Jacob and Marg.; b. Jan. 9; bap. May 8. Frederic Grohner, s. Martin and Ann; b. Jan. 15; bap. May 8. Peter Bohlinger, s. Peter and Eliz.; b. April 20; bap May 11. Magd. Wolf, d. Nich. and Ann Maria; b. March 8; bap. May 11. Jacob Frey, s. John and Marg.; b. April 8; bap. May 11. Mary Eliz. Strohmenger, d. Jacob and Magd.; b. July 15, 1765; bap. May. 18.

Mary Cath. Hen, d. Philip and Cath.; b. Feb. 7; bap. June 1. Mary Cath. Rudisil, d. Michael and Mary; b June 6; bap. June 21. Joanna Decker, d. Jeremiah and Dorothea; b. June 25; bap. June 29. Ann Maria Heckersweiler, d. John and Eliz.; b. July 2; bap. July 11. Daniel Kann, s. Daniel; b. June —; bap. July 13. John Adam Fisher, s. Adam and Marg.; b. June 20; bap. July 16.

John Jacob Bortsfield, s. John and Eliz.; b. June 15; bap July 16.
Eliz. Müller, d. Henry and Christina; b. June 16; bap. July 16.
Valentine Kuhn, s. Philip and Marg.; b. May 17; bap. July 27.
Mary Cath. Frey, d. Henry and Eliz.; b. Jan. 30; bap. Aug. 10.
John Kirchenschlager, s. Michael and Helena; b. March 17; bap. Aug. 24.

John Weaver, s. Jacob and Ann Martha; b. March 10; bap. Aug. 24.
Peter Lehr, s. Peter and Sybilla; b. Aug. 8; bap. Aug. 31.
John Herrman, s. Christian and Eliz.; b. Sept. 13; bap. Sept. 28.
Thos. Wilton Atkinson, s. Wilton and Ann Maria; b. June 8; bap. Oct. 5.

George More, s. Robert and Sophia; b. Sept. 15; bap. Oct. 9.
John Henry Pie, s. Jacob and Regina; b. Sept. 12; bap. Oct. 12.
Marg. Renner, d. Christopher and Cath.; b. Sept. 6; bap. Oct. 14.
Cath. Eliz. Henckel, d. John and Eliz; b. Sept. 9; bap. Oct. 16.
John Peter Roge, s. Peter and Mary Marg.; b. Oct. 5; bap. Oct. 19.
John Peter Hildebrand, s. Jacob and Barb.; b. Sept. 28; bap. Oct. 26.
Ann Cath. Bens, d. Conrad and Eliz.; b. Oct. 12; bap. Oct. 26.
John Caspar Brunner, s. Caspar and Ursula; b. Oct. 25; bap. Nov. 2.
Ann Marg. Born, d. Ernest and Amelia; b. Oct. 27; bap. Nov. 9.
William Baumberger, s. Arnold and Eliz.; b. Nov. 1; bap. Nov. 9.
Cath. Kann, d. John and Elizabeth; b. Oct. 28; bap. Nov. 16.
Eliz. Cath. Reiter, d. John and Amelia; b. Nov. 3; bap. Nov. 22.
John Philip Shaefer, s. Balthasar and Ann Marg; b. Oct. 20; bap. Nov. 23.

Mary Cath. Fern, d. Jacob and Mary Magd.; b. Nov. 1; bap. Nov. 23. Barbara Hauer, d. Nicholas and Cath.; b. Dec. 3; bap. Dec. 14. Peter Hoffman, s. John and Eliz.; b. Oct. 4, bap. Dec. 26. Elizabeth Wolf, d. Bernhard and Char.; b. Dec. 11; bap. Dec. 28.

#### 1767.

Herman Spohr, s. Henry and Cath.; b. Jan. 7; bap. Jan. 11. Louisa Mayer, d. John and Barbara; b. Dec. 5, 1766; bap. Jan. 11. Benedict Witmer, s. Sebastian and Marg; b. Nov. 12, 1766; bap. Feb. 4. Ann Marg. Miller, d. Jacob and Catharine; bap. Feb. 22. Daniel Ehresman, s. Jacob and Magd.; b. Dec. 2, 1766; bap. March 1. Sebastian Rathelsperger, s. John and Cath.; b. Dec. 7, 1766; bap. Feb. 4.

Caspar Shaffner, s. Caspar, Jr., and Eliz.; b. Feb. 18; bap. March 8. John and Elizabeth Messenkop; bap. March 8. Catharine Drum, d. Caspar and Cath.; b. Feb. 3; bap. March 22. Mary Marg. Kopf, d. George and Cath; b. Jan. 25; bap. March 28. Ann Maria Bush, d. William and Barbara; bap. April 4. George Shaefer, s. Geo. Balt. and Barb.; b. March 7; bap. April 5.

Elizabeth Ehrhard, d. Daniel and Marg.; b. Jan. 2; bap. April 5. Ann Maria Shup, d. Christ. and Maria; b. Oct. 12, 1766; bap. April 12. Magdalen Rohrer, d. Caspar and Marg.; b. April 1; bap. April 18. Anna Betz, d. Frederic and Ann Maria; bap. April 19. Juliann Shlick, d. Jacob and Barb.; b. Aug. 19, 1766; bap. May 24 Catharine Shaffner, d. Henry and Anna; b. May 8; bap. May 31. Mary Madg. Getz, d. John and Ann Maria; b. April 23; bap. May 31. Christopher De Lancy, s. Francis and Marian; bap. May 31. Veronica Bahr, d. John and Elizabeth; b. May 2; bap. May 17. Mary Salome Gardner, d. Val. and Magd.; b. May 19; bap. June 8. Susan Backentoss, d. Jacob and Eliz.; b. June 8; bap. June 14. Joseph Brown, s. Joseph and Madg.; b. May 24; bap. June 14. Barb. Lorshbach, d. Herman and Barb.; b. June 20; bap. June 21. Peter Hufnagel, s. George and Eliz.; b. May 27; bap. June 28. John Henry Russing, s. Bernhard and Susan; b. April 28; bap. June 28. Margaret Hartman, d. Christian and Christina; b. March 22; bap. June 28.

Conrad Strubel, s. Nicholas and Susan; b. March 3; bap. July 1. Jacob Isch, s. Peter and Philippina; b. April 9; bap. April 26. Ann Maria Hendel, d. William and Eliz.; b. June 30; bap. July 12. Susan Buch, d. Christian and Susan; b. July 19; bap. July 21. Ann Maria Reuss, d. Christian and Eliz.; b. May 31; bap. July 27. Juliana Peter, d. Lewis and Cath.; b. July 24; bap. Aug. 2. Christopher Kurtz, s. Christian and Eve; b. Aug. 1; bap. Aug. 5. Christina Klein, d. Peter and Marg.; b. June 28; bap. Aug. 12. Elizabeth Voisin, d. John and Eliz.; b. June 19; bap. Aug. 12. Maria Agatha Kopf, d. Peter and Mary Magd.; b. Feb. 8; bap. Aug. 12. John Frey, s. Jacob and Catharine; b. Aug. 23; bap. Aug. 30. John Adam Hay, s. Philip and Barbara; b. Aug. 2; bap. Aug. 30. Eliz. Shaffner, d. Peter and Esther; b. Aug. 18; bap. Sept. 6. Mary Eliz. Deredinger, d. John and Marg.; b. June 12; bap. Sept. 9. John Gorner, s. John and Elizabeth; b. Sept. 1; bap. Sept. 23. Jacob Jantz, s. Conrad and Marg.; b. July 31; bap. Sept. 27. Mary Magd. Getz, d. Jacob and Anna Maria; b. Feb. 14; bap. Sept. 27. John Caspar Weaver, s. Caspar and Ann Eliz.; b. Sept. 6; bap. Oct. 7. Bernhard Henry Bott, s. Henry and Eliz.; b. Aug. 17; bap. Oct. 7. Frederic Martin Long, s. Nich. and Eliz.; b. Aug. 24; bap. Oct. 11. Elizabeth Bader, d. Peter and Susan; b. Sept. 1; bap. Oct. 11. Long, -. George and Marg.; b. Sept. 9; bap. Oct. 11. John Shreiner, s. Nicholas and Christina; b. Aug. 27; bap. Oct. 18. Lewis Steinweg, s. John and Veronica; b. May 13; bap. Oct. 20. John Wuntsh, s. Ulrich and Eliz.; b. Aug. 24; bap. Nov. 1. Joseph Nagely, s. George and Marg.; b. Oct. 5, 1766; bap. Nov. 14. Elizabeth Gudy, d. Martin and Barb.; b. Nov. 22; bap. Nov. 29.

Elizabeth Hatz, d. John and Anna Maria; b. Nov. 26; bap. Dec. 6. Cath. Franciscus, d. Christopher and Ann Marg.; b. Sept. 7; bap. Dec. 6.

Jacob Weidler, s. Michael and Magd.; b. Sept. 15; bap. Dec. 6. Eve Christina Frohner, d. James and Eve; b. Nov. 21; bap. Dec. 20. Cath. Graffort, d. Philip and Anna Maria; b. Nov. 9; bap. Dec. 26. Eliz. Seyb, d. Peter and Marg.; b. Nov. 13; bap. Dec. 27.

#### 1768.

David Hall, s. Charles and Salome; b. Nov. 17, 1767; bap. Jan. 1. . Ann Marg. Gardner, d. Michael and Cath.; b. Dec. 9, 1767; bap. Jan. 3. Henry Miller, s. Henry and Christina; b. Nov. 16, 1767; bap. Jan. 8. Cath. Martin, d. Bernhard and Barbara; b. Dec. —, 1767; bap. Jan. 10. Ann Eliz. Eiteneyer, d. Jacob and Ann Maria; b. Jan. 2; bap. Feb. 7. Eliz. Gessler, d. Henry and Marg.; b. Dec. 10, 1767; bap. Feb. 14. Margaret Copat, d. Abraham and Magd.; b, Jan. 18; bap. Feb. 21. Charles Bensel, s. John and Dorothea; b. Jan. 2; bap. Feb. 26. Henry Decker, s. Henry and Ann Maria; b. July 10, 1767; bap. March 12.

Jacob Hartman, s. Jacob and Eliz.; b. Aug. 26, 1767; bap. March 12. Salome Shob, d. Bernhard and Helena; b. Aug. 12, 1767; bap. March 12. John Unruh, s. John and Mary Angelica; b. Jan. 25; bap. March 13. Jacob Schwob, s. Christian and Magd.; b. March 16; bap. April 1. Eliz. Romel, d. Valentine and Louisa; b. Oct. 19, 1767; bap. April 4. Joseph Doll, s. John and Elizabeth; b. March 13; bap. May 1. John Jacob Edy, s. Bastian and Ann Maria; b. March 22; bap. May 3. George Henry Hamer, s. Frederic and Eliz.; b. March 5; bap. May 6. Charles Marquetand, s. Lorenz and Barb.; b. April 11; bap. May 7. Cath. Le Fevre, d. Adam and Ann Eliz.; b. Dec. 15, 1767; bap. May 8. William Wurtz, s. Lewis and Eliz. Marg.; b. Dec. 7, 1767; bap. May 8. Marg. and Eliz. (twins), d. Juliana Shantz and Paul Weitzel, b. March 27; bap. May 14.

Elizabeth Bohlinger, d. Peter and Eliz.; b. April 23; bap. May 15. Philip Bushong; bap. May 20.

Christina Hillegas, d. Conrad and Cath.; b. May 4; bap. May 21. Barbara Schweitzer, d. John and Eliz.; b. April 1; bap. May 23. Eliz. Herman, d. Christian and Eliz.; b. Oct. 9, 1767; bap. June 12. John Reinhard, s. Charles and Christina; b. Aug. 26, 1767; bap. June 14. Ann Maria Cooper, d. William and Cath.; b. June 19; bap. June 26. Elizabeth Zanck, d. Henry and Cath.; b. June 27; bap. July 3. Ann Maria Getz, d. Jacob and Ann Maria; b. April 7; bap. July 3. Felix Beck, s. George and Cath.; b. May 27; bap. July 4. Henry Christen, s. Henry and Eliz.; b. Oct. 30, 1767; bap. July 17. Catharine Gensemer, d. John and Cath.; b. Jnly 14; bap. July 24.

Mary Barbara Snyder, d. Henry and Cath.; b. June 21; bap. July 24. Catharine Müller, d. Daniel and Julianna; b. Aug. 7; bap. Aug. 14. Barbara Metz, d. Jacob and Cath.; b. May 3; bap. Aug. 21. Cath., d. Mary Cath. Garff and George Metzger; b. July 25; bap.

Aug. 21. Francis Henry Strong, s. James and Magd.; b. Jan. 11; bap. Aug. 9. Eliz., d. Henry Hobel and Eliz. Martin; b. May 2, 1767; bap. Aug. 9. Peter Hufnagel, s. William and Magd.; b. Aug. 23; bap. Sept. 4. Magd. Visard, d. Henry and Anna; b. May 23; bap. Sept. 18. Jacob Lutz, s. Jacob and Catharine; b. May 13; bap. Sept. 21. George Lutz, s. George and Cath.; b. June 7; bap. Sept. 21. Jacob Alter, s. John and Anna; b. Aug. 18; bap. Sept. 21. John Kohler, s. Michael and Elizabeth; b. Aug. 3; bap. Sept. 21. Ann Maria Wurmle, d. John and Eliz.; b. July 2; bap. Sept. 21. John Peter, s. Lewis and Catharine; b. Sept. 18; bap. Oct. 2, Susan Neucomer, d. Henry and Ann Maria; b. Aug. 5; bap. Oct. 2. Eliz. Staufer, d. Vincent and Veronica; b. Sept. 30; bap. Oct. 2. Augustus Weis, s. William; bap. Oct. 9. Lewis Fred. Freysager, s. Lewis and Eliz.; b. July 20; bap. Oct. 16. William Hendel, s. William and Eliz.; b. Oct. 15; bap. Oct. 23. Eliz. Henneberger, d. Melchior and Eliz.; b. Aug. 7, 1749; bap. Oct. 23. William Riehm, s. Christopher; b. Oct. —; bap. Oct. 23. Jacob Geyer, s. Jacob and Catharine; b. Dec. 11, 1766; bap. Oct. 28. Conrad Frey, s. John and Magdalen; b. Sept. 29; bap. Oct. 29. John Weigel, s. Daniel and Anna; b. Oct. 19; bap. Nov. 8. Cath. Luettig, d. Nicholas and Rosina; b. Oct. 18; bap. Nov. 13. Ann Maria Walter, d. Rupert and Ann Maria; b. Sept. 2; bap. Nov. 13. Mathew Pottsfield, s. John and Eliz.; b. Oct. 7; bap. Nov. 16. Eliz. Decker, d. Jeremiah and Dorothea; b. Oct. 29; bap. Nov. 20. John Spohr, s. Henry and Catharine; b. Nov. 20; bap. Dec. 11. Carharine Spohr, d. Herman and Cath.; b. Nov. 13; bap. Dec. 25.

## 1769.

John Caspar Richter, s. Peter and Cath.; b. Dec. 19, 1768; bap. Jan. 1.
Daniel Pie, s. Jacob and Regina; b. Dec. 28, 1768; bap. Jan. 1.
Marg. Petry, d. Anthony and Eliz.; b. Dec. 24, 1768; bap. Jan. 8.
Jacob Spring, s. Nich. and Christina; b. Dec. 6, 1768; bap. Jan. 11.
Magdalen Rahm, d. Jacob; b. Jan. 11; bap. Jan. 15.
Charlotte Griesinger, d. George and Mary Eliz.; b. Dec. 31, 1768; bap. Feb. 5.

Eliz. Gerlach, d. Nich. and Sophia; b. Nov. 17, 1768; bap. Feb. 5. Caspar Grub, s. Caspar and Aun Marg.; b. Dec. 10, 1768; bap. Feb. 12.

(To be continued.)



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